

A Química Medicinal

(Planejamento Racional de Novos Fármacos)

XXXVI Semana da Química “Ciência, tecnologia e sociedade: em busca do conhecimento”

unesp Instituto de Química, UNESP – Araraquara, 25-29 de setembro de 2006

Eliezer J. Barreiro

UFRJ

Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas



Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro



Exemplos de casa....

... protótipos descobertos
no LASSBio

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6.1 Bioisosterismo: LASSBio-346

6.3 Hibridação molecular: LASSBio-756

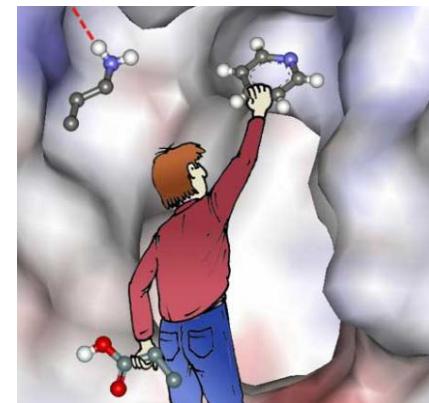
6.4 Simplificação molecular: LASSBio-294

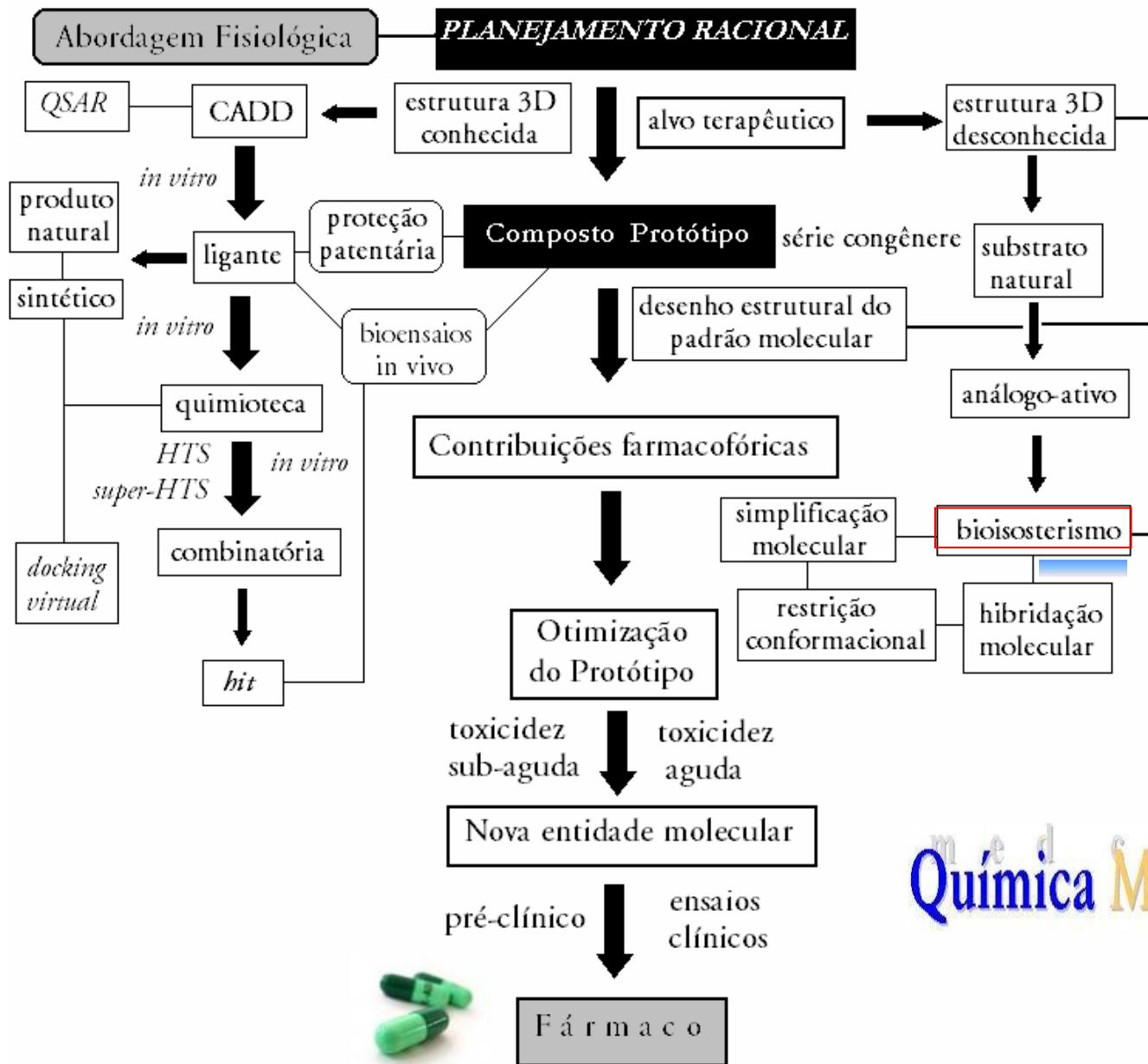
6.5 Desenho de protótipos simbióticos: LASSBio-468

7. Conclusões



Estratégias de desenho molecular: bioisosterismo

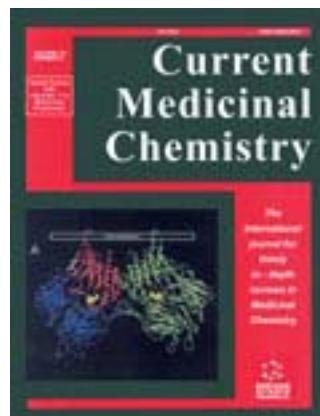






Estratégias de desenho molecular

Bioisosterismo



Current Medicinal Chemistry, 2005, 12, 23-49

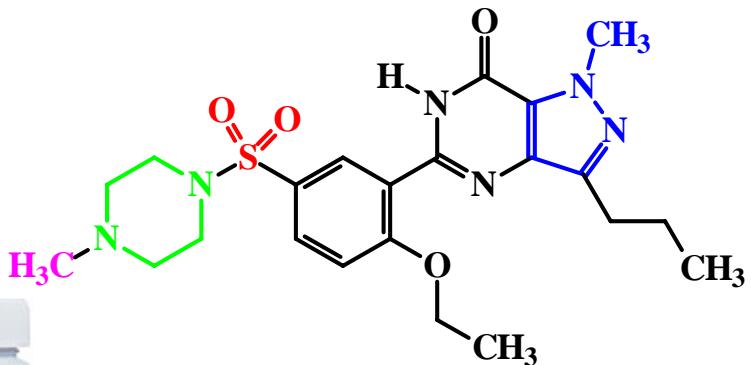
23

Bioisosterism: A Useful Strategy for Molecular Modification and Drug Design

Lídia Moreira Lima and Eliezer J. Barreiro*

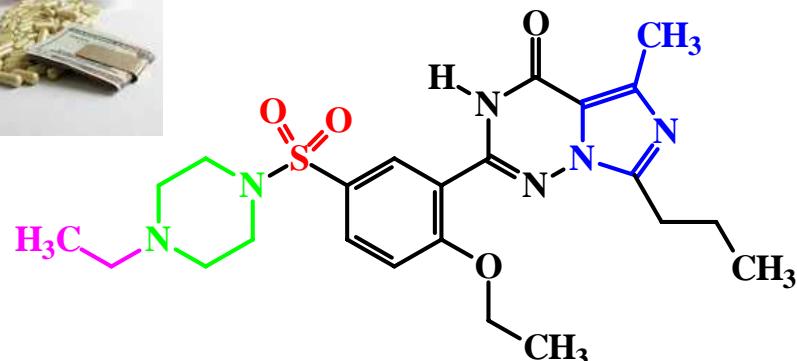
Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas (LASSBio), Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro. CCS, Cidade Universitária, CP 68.006, 21944-190, Rio de Janeiro, R.J., Brazil

Abstract: This review aim to demonstrate the role of bioisosterism in rational drug design as well as in the molecular modification and optimization process aiming to improve pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic properties of lead compounds.

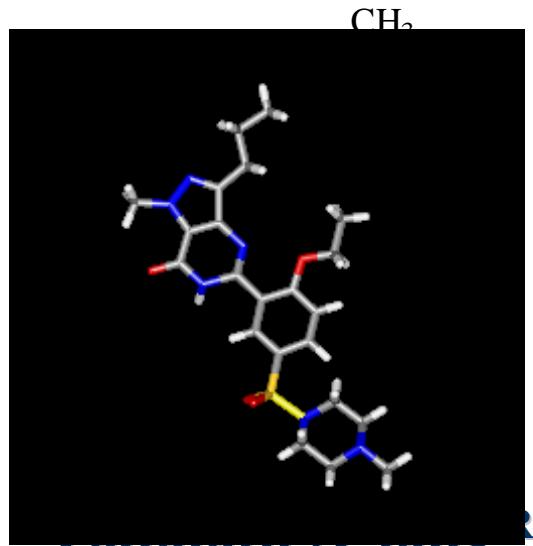


Sildenafil (Viagra^R) Pfizer

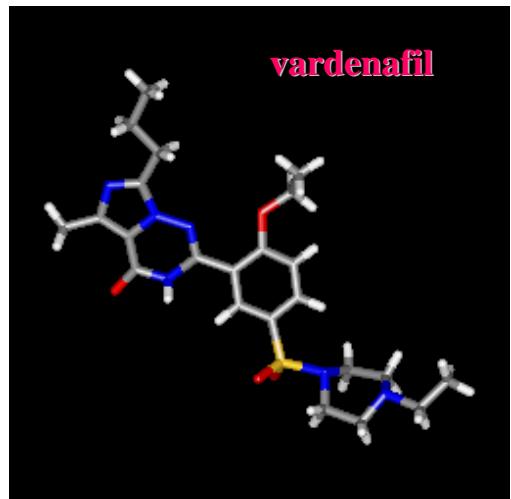
<http://pubs.acs.org/cen/coverstory/83/8325/8325viagra.html>
<http://www.farmacia.ufrj.br/lassbio/index.htm>



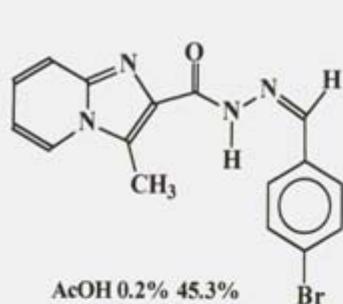
Vardenafil (Levitra^R) Bayer-GSK



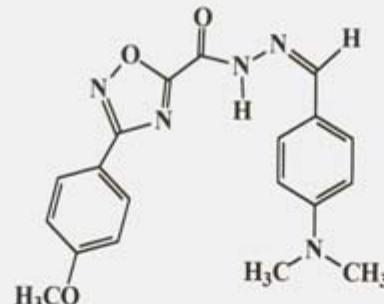
Tadalafil (Cialis^R) Lilly



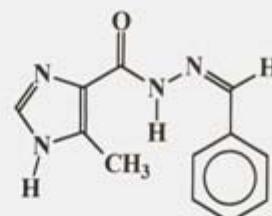
Novos Protótipos Descobertos no LASSBio



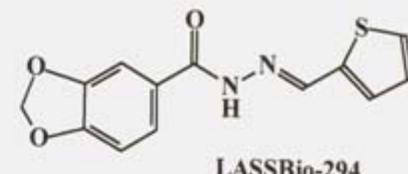
Eur. J. Med. Chem., 33, 225 (1998)



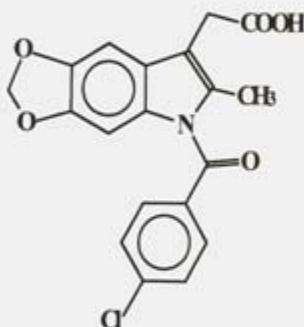
Il Farmaco, 54, 747-757 (1999)



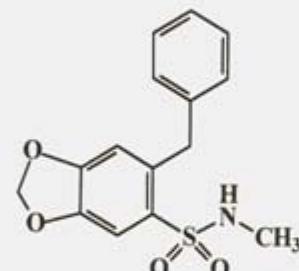
Bioorg. Med. Chem., 8, 2243 (2000)
Química Nova, 25, 129 (2002)



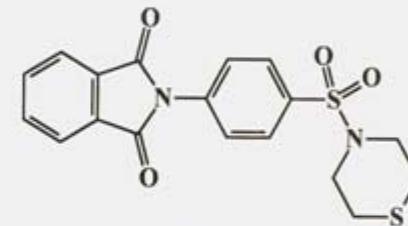
Química Nova, 25, 1172 (2002)
J. Pharmacol. Exper. Therap., 299, 558 (2001)
Br. J. Pharmacol., 134, 603 (2001)
Br. J. Pharmacol., 135, 293 (2002)
Eur. J. Pharmacol., 470, 79 (2003)



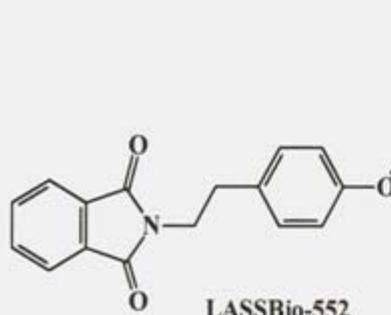
J. Chem. Res.(S), 102 (1982)
Química Nova, 22, 744 (1999)



LS Varandas, MSc UFRJ, 2000



Bioorg. Med. Chem., 10, 3067 (2002)

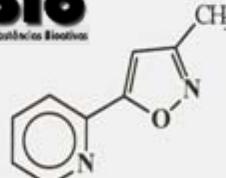


Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 12, 1533 (2002)

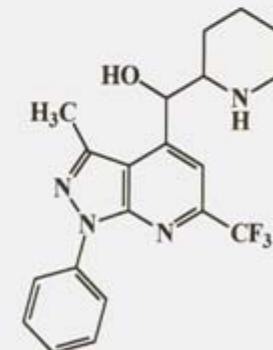


LASSBio-581

Bioorg. Med. Chem., 11, 4807 (2003)
Braz. J. Biol. Med. Res., 36, 625 (2003)
J. Pharm. Biomed. Anal., 33, 1127 (2003)



Eur. J. Med. Chem., 37, 163 (2002)

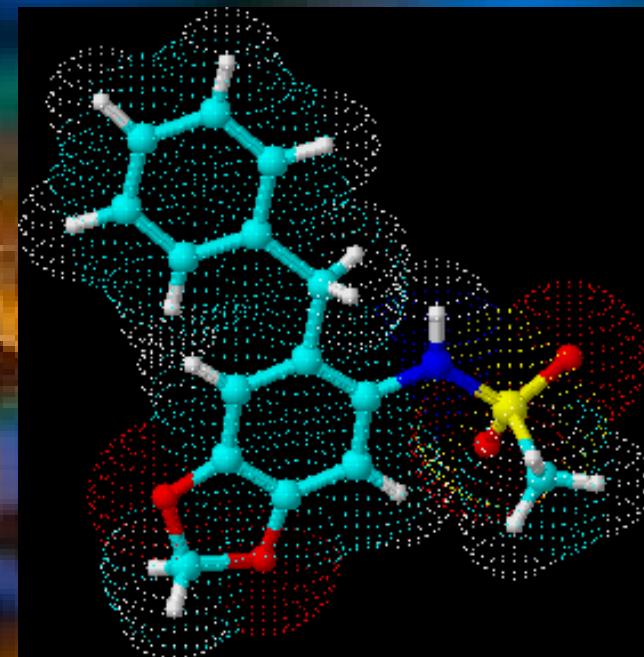


Boll. Chim. Farm., 139, 14 (2000)

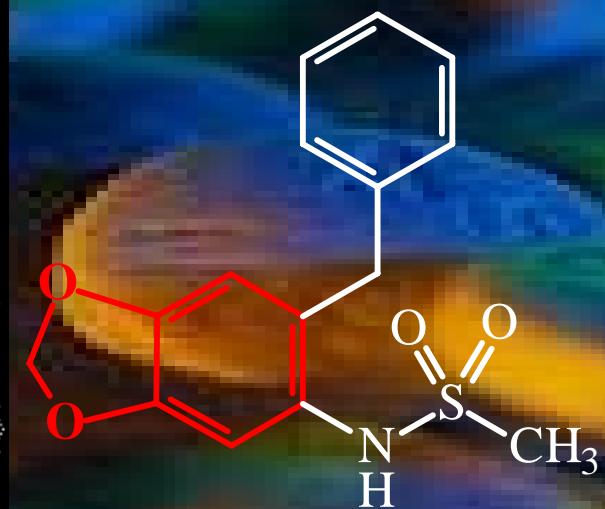
**Diversidade
Molecular**

LASSBio
Laboratório de Revisão e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas

Novos Protótipos de Fármacos Anti-inflamatórios

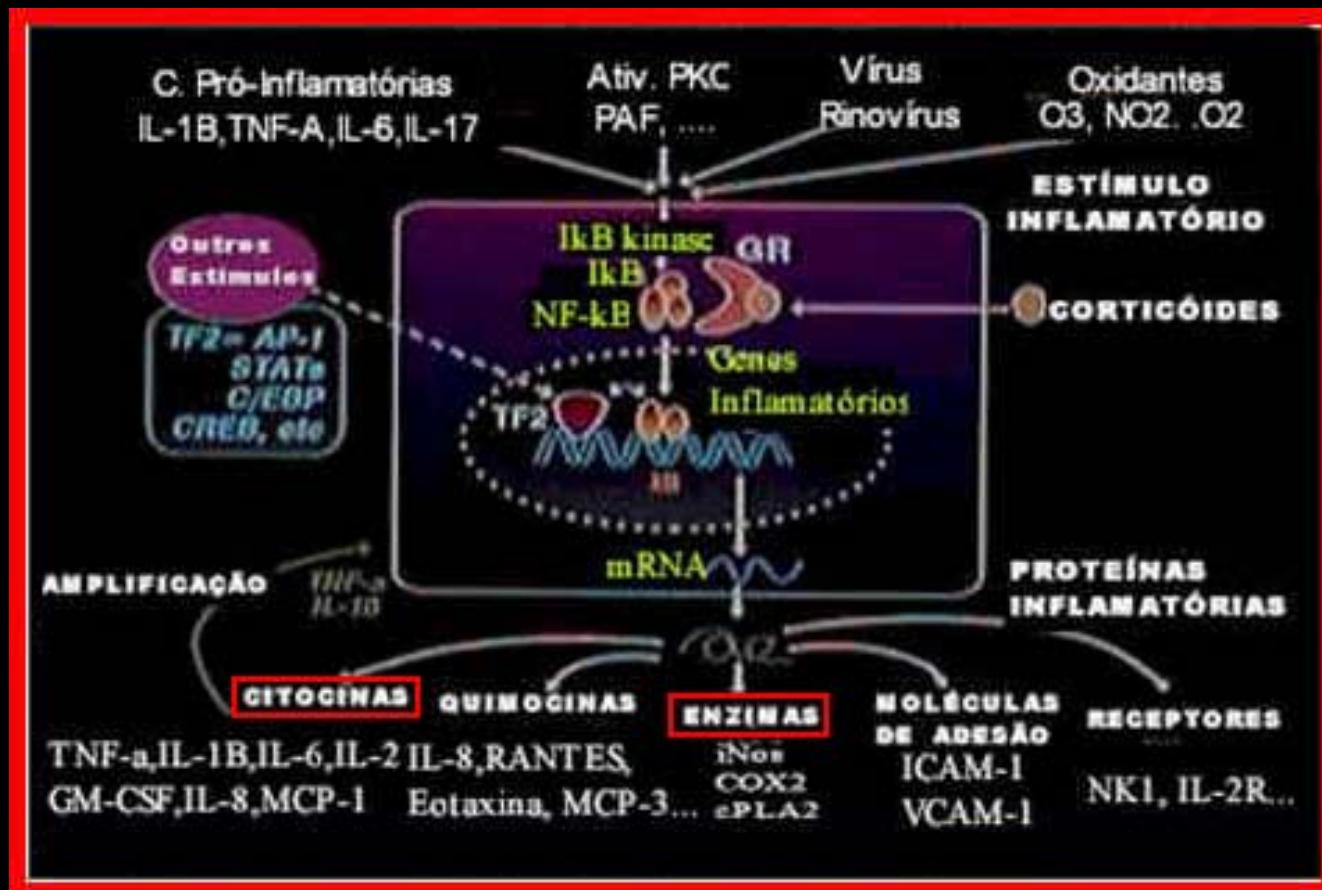


LASSBio-326

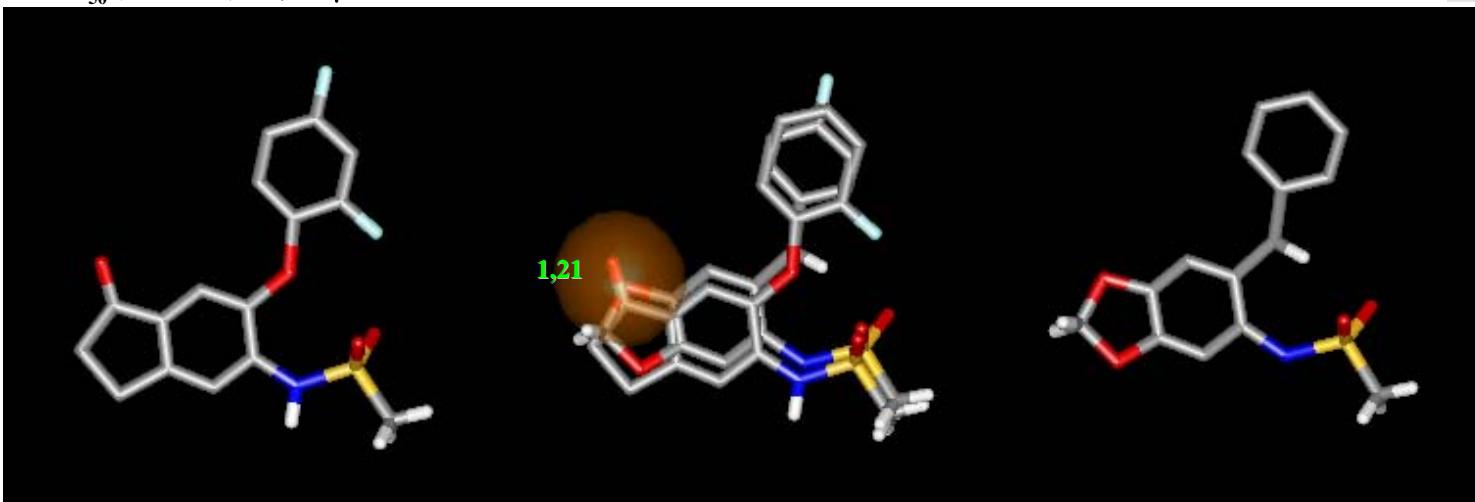
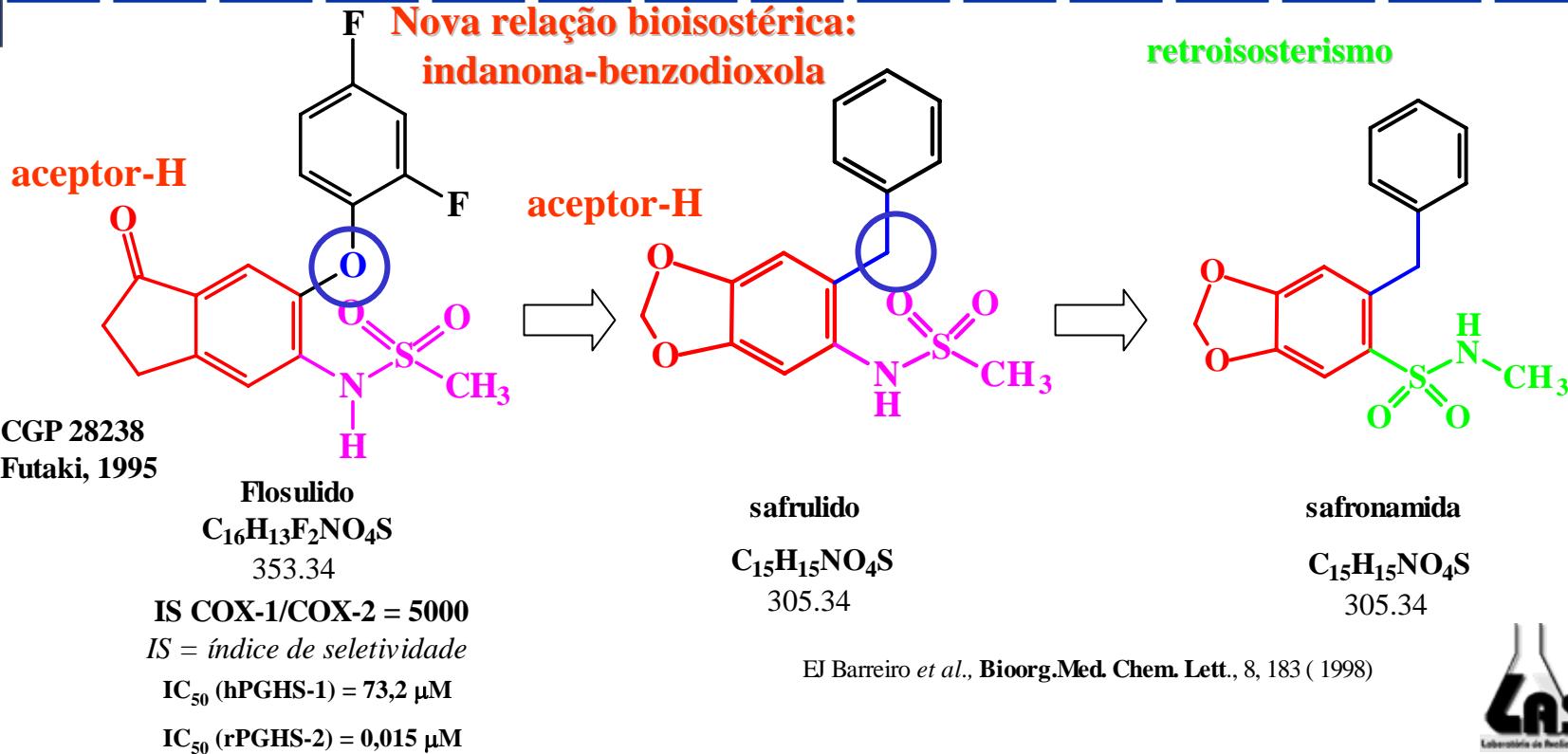


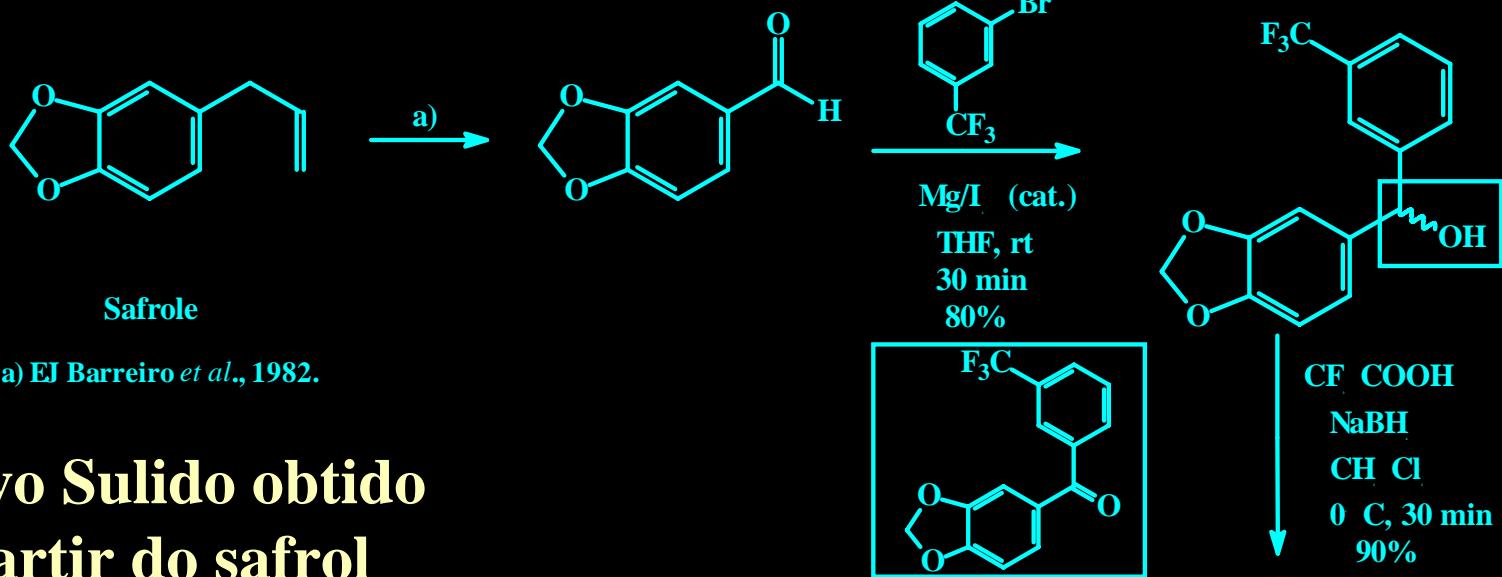
LASSBio-257

Mediadores do Processo Inflamatório

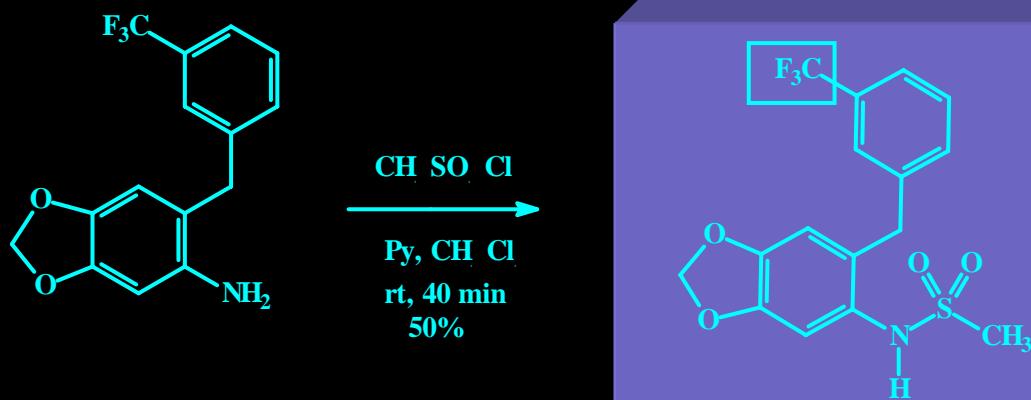
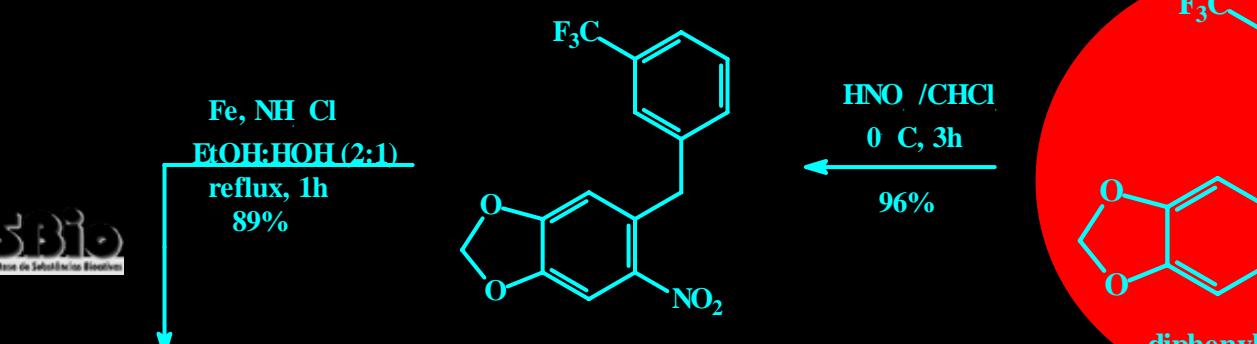


Nature Rev Drug Discov. 2004, 3, 401





Novo Sulido obtido a partir do safrol

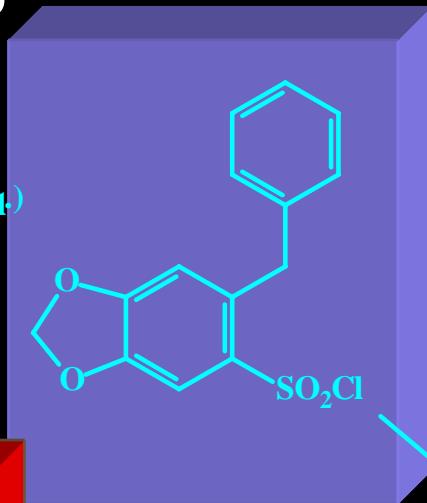




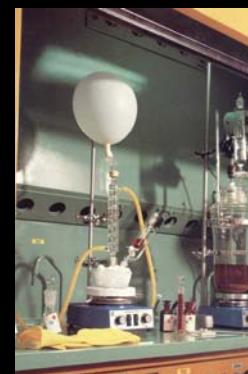
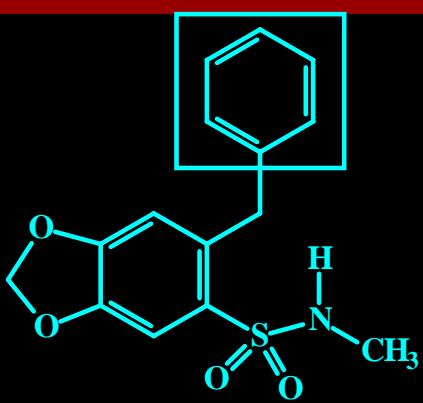
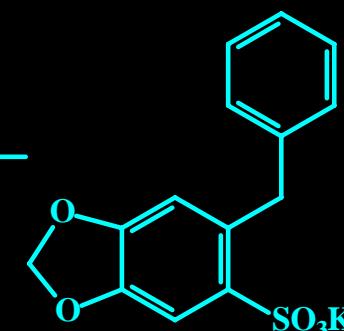
a) AS Lages *et al.*, *Bioorg.Med.Chem.Lett.* 8, 183 (1998)

Novo retroisóstero a partir do safrol

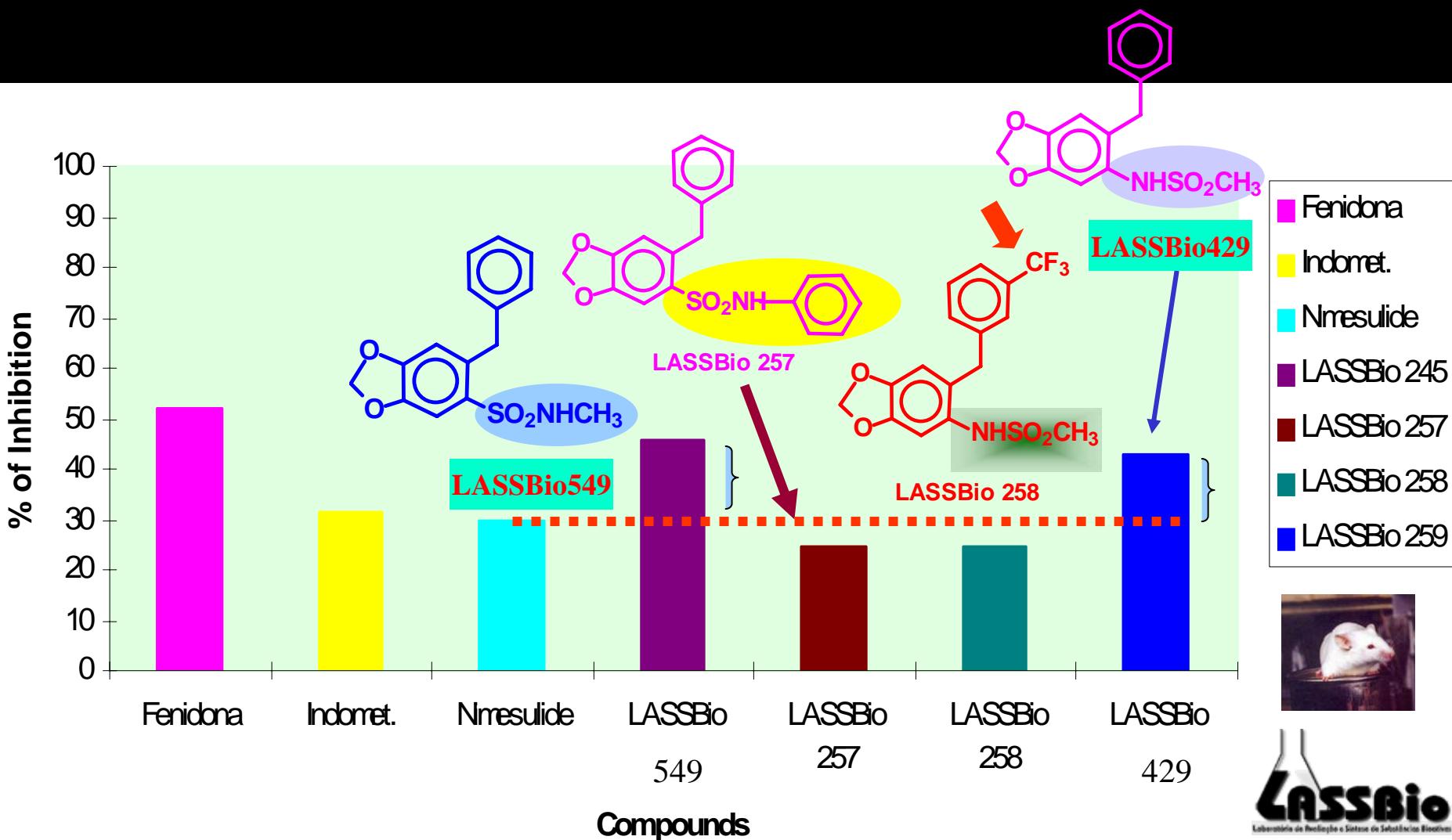
$40\% \text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2$ (aq.)
 CHCl_3
0 °C, 4h
95%



57%



Effect of new candidates of PGHS-2 inhibitors in the carrageenan-induced rat paw edema (100 µM, po)





Pergamon

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters 8 (1998) 183–188



SYNTHESIS AND PHARMACOLOGICAL EVALUATION OF NEW FOSULIDE ANALOGUES, SYNTHESIZED FROM NATURAL SAFROLE

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Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, CP 68006, ZIP 21944-970, Rio de Janeiro - RJ, Brazil

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Received 27 October 1997; accepted 2 December 1997

Abstract: Four new aryl-sulfonamide derivatives (3a, 4a, 5a~b), having methylenedioxy group attached to phenyl ring, were prepared from natural safrole and evaluated as anti-inflammatory agents. The N-methylsulfonamide 3a and corresponding retrosulfonamide derivative 5a were more active than standards indomethacin and nimesulide, at the same molar concentration, in carrageenan-induced pleurisy assay.



ENSAIO DE TOXICIDADE

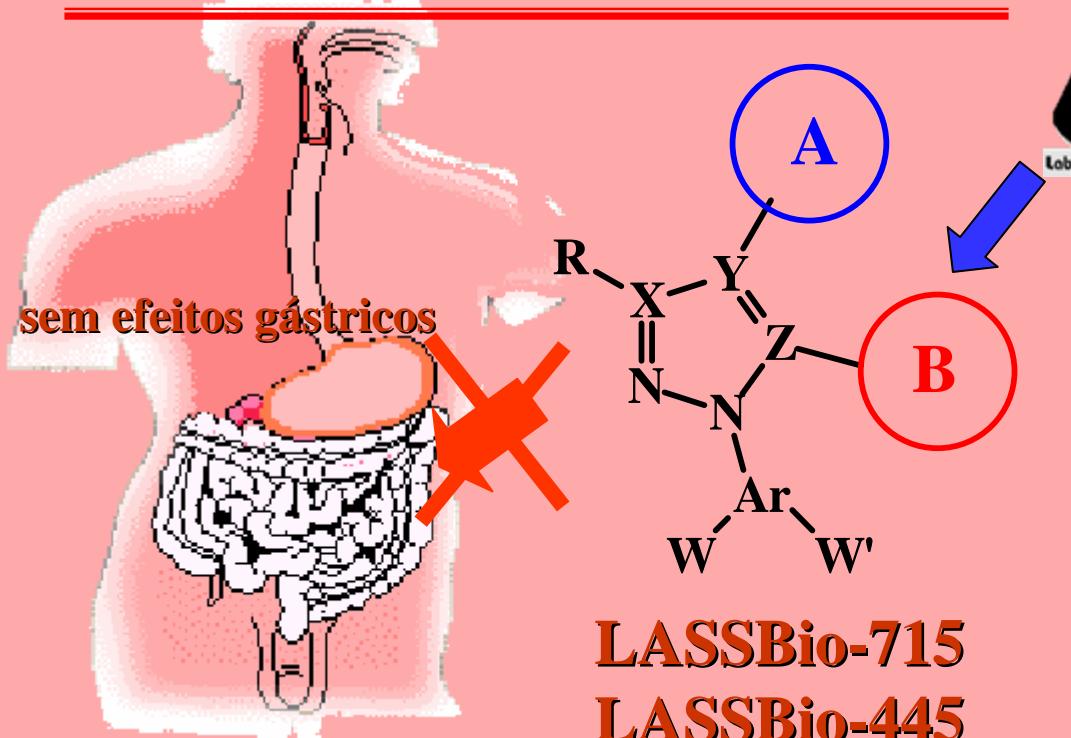
(GAD & CHENGELIS, 1989)

A incidência de óbitos foi verificada em ratos, após administração diária, durante período de sete dias, da mesma dose efetiva (p.o.)



Sinais de letargia, convulsões, perda de peso, considerados indícios de toxicidade aguda, não foram observados.

Novo Protótipo de Fármaco Antiinflamatório de Segunda Geração



COX-2



LASSBio
Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas



E. J. Barreiro, M. P. Veloso, A. L. P. Miranda, C. A.M. Fraga, C. R. Rodrigues,
"Novos Agentes Anti-inflamatórios Pirazólicos", Pedido de privilégio de invenção
depositado em 29 de abril de 1999, INPI PI-38201866

Nova Classe de Candidatos a Fármacos NSAI de Segunda Geração

LEAD COMPOUND
Lead-optimization

1999



CgIRPE*

DI₅₀

Max. Eff.



87,7 μmol/kg

35%

LASSBio

44,3
μmol/kg

39%

LASSBio

54,6
μmol/kg

37%

445

Patent: PI 9902960-0 (29/04/99)

Química Medicinal

E. J. Barreiro *et al.*, Selective PGHS-2 Inhibitors: A Rational Approach for Treatment of the Inflammation, *Current Medicinal Chemistry* 2002, **9**, 849



Protocolos Farmacológicos

- Edema de pata de rato induzido por carragenina (FERREIRA, *et al.*, 1979)
- Potencial ulcerogênico (CHI-CHUNG CHAN *et al.*, 1995)
- Pleurisia induzida por carragenina em ratos: migração celular e permeabilidade (TOMLINSON *et al.*, 1994; HARADA *et al.*, 1996)
- Artrite induzida por adjuvante em ratos: inflamação crônica (NEWBOULD, 1963)
- Contorção abdominal induzida por ácido acético em camundongos: analgesia periférica (COOLIER *et al.*, 1968)
- Bioensaio da formalina: hiperalgesia/dor inflamatória (HUNSDAAR *et al.*, 1987)
- Agregação plaquetária em PRP citratado de coelhos: COX-1 (BORN & CROS, 1963)
- Dosagem de PGE₂/EIA: Modelo de “Air Pouch” em ratos (SMITH *et al.*, 1998)
- Atividade sequestrante de radical livre: DPPH (TAIT *et al.*, 1996)
- Ensaios de toxicidade (GAD & CHENGELIS, 1989): histopatológico (fígado, SNC, pulmão), comportamental, sanguíneo (*inter-alia*: TGO, TGP, glicose, uréia, creatinina, hematócrito)



Ensaio de Toxicidade Aguda

LASSBio 715 & LASSBio 455

DOSE 600 e 1400 µg/Kg, (Via oral, dose única)

- ★ Sem alterações comportamentais (*e.g.* catatonia, letargia, movimentação);
- ★ Registro do peso diário: sem alteração;
- ★ Aspecto do pelo: normal;
- ★ Consumo de ração e água: normais;
- ★ *LASSBio 715 e 455 não apresentaram efeitos tóxicos em 1.400 µg/Kg.*



**Novo NSAI
de segunda geração**

$ED_{50} = 75,0 \mu\text{M/kg}$



**Sem toxicidade aguda em protocolos
com roedores e cães;**
**Sem efeitos histopatológicos
(fígado, pulmão, rins, SNC);**
Sem efeito ulcerogênico (*p.o.* crônico);

$LD_{50}/ED_{50} > 45$ vezes

Em fase de ensaios pré-clínicos finais

Primeiro candidato a ensaio clínico de Fase 1 descoberto no LASSBio



CARTA-CONVITE MCT/MS/FINEP – Ação Transversal – Cooperação ICTs - Empresas - INOVAÇÃO EM PRODUTOS TERAPÊUTICOS E DIAGNÓSTICOS – 08/2006

PROJETOS APROVADOS

Prot. Elet.	Ref.	INTERVENIENTE CO-FINANCIADOR	Proponente/ Projeto	Executor	
				Nome	UF Executor
1	2318/06	Laboratório Farmacotérapico Americano S/A	Pontifícia Universidade Católica do RS - PUCRS	Tecnopuc/BFR	RS
3	2303/06	Eurofarma Laboratórios S/A	FUJB	Faculdade de Farmácia	RJ

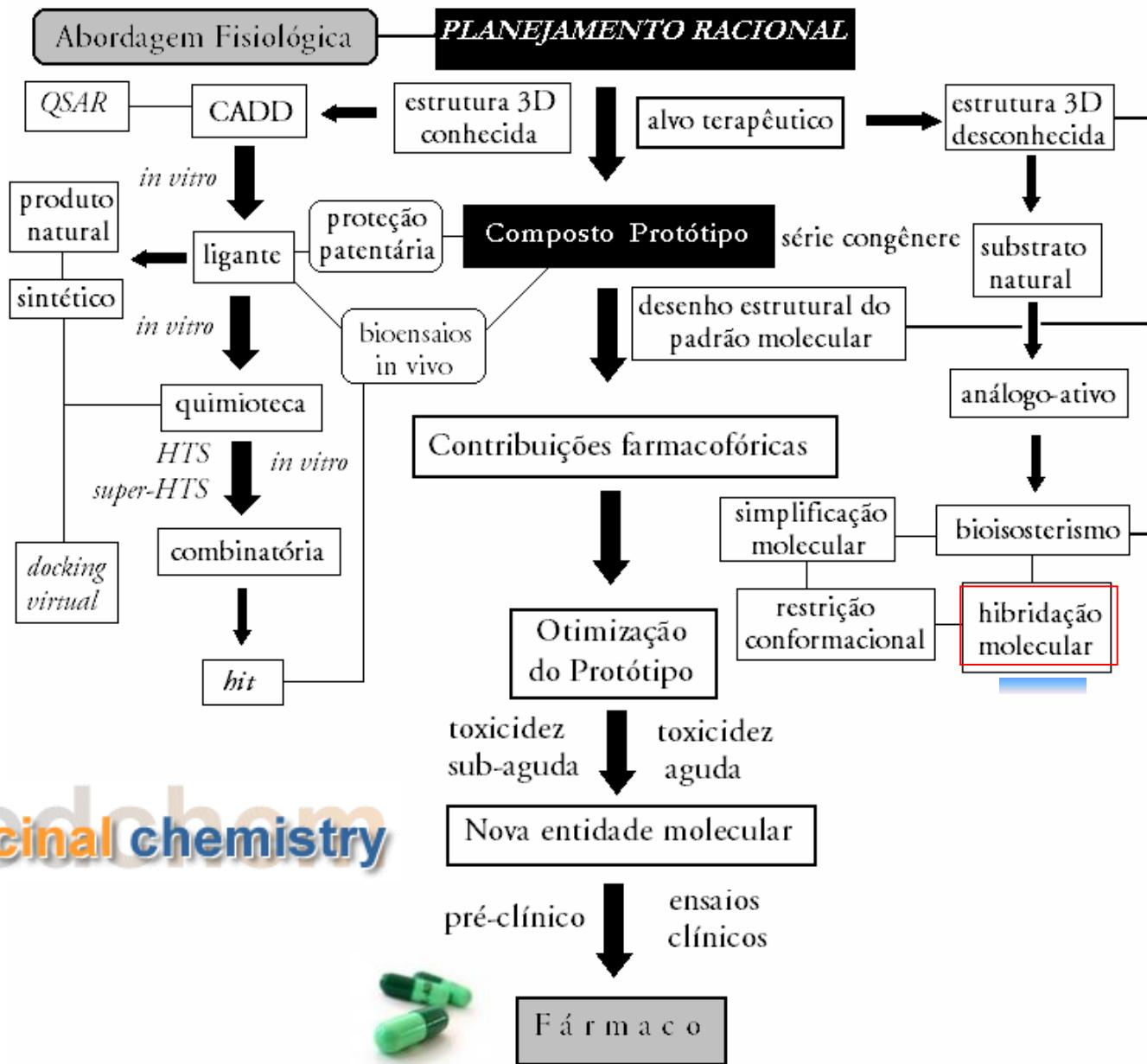
20 kg → 30.000 comprimidos



LASSBio-756

Estratégias de desenho molecular: hibridação





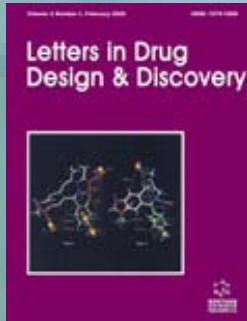


Fármaco antigo & alvo novo

Acetazolamida:
inibidor de anidrase carbônica



Hetero-arilsulfonamida



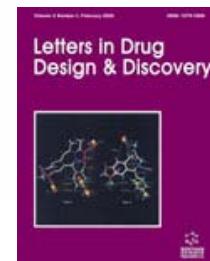
L. S. Varandas, C. A. M. Fraga, A. L. P. Miranda, E. J. Barreiro, "Design, Synthesis and Pharmacological Evaluation of New Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory 1,3,4-Thiadiazole Derivatives", *Letters in Drug Design & Discovery*, 2, 184-193 (2005)

LASSBio-756

Design, Synthesis and Pharmacological Evaluation of New Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory 1,3,4-Thiadiazole Derivatives

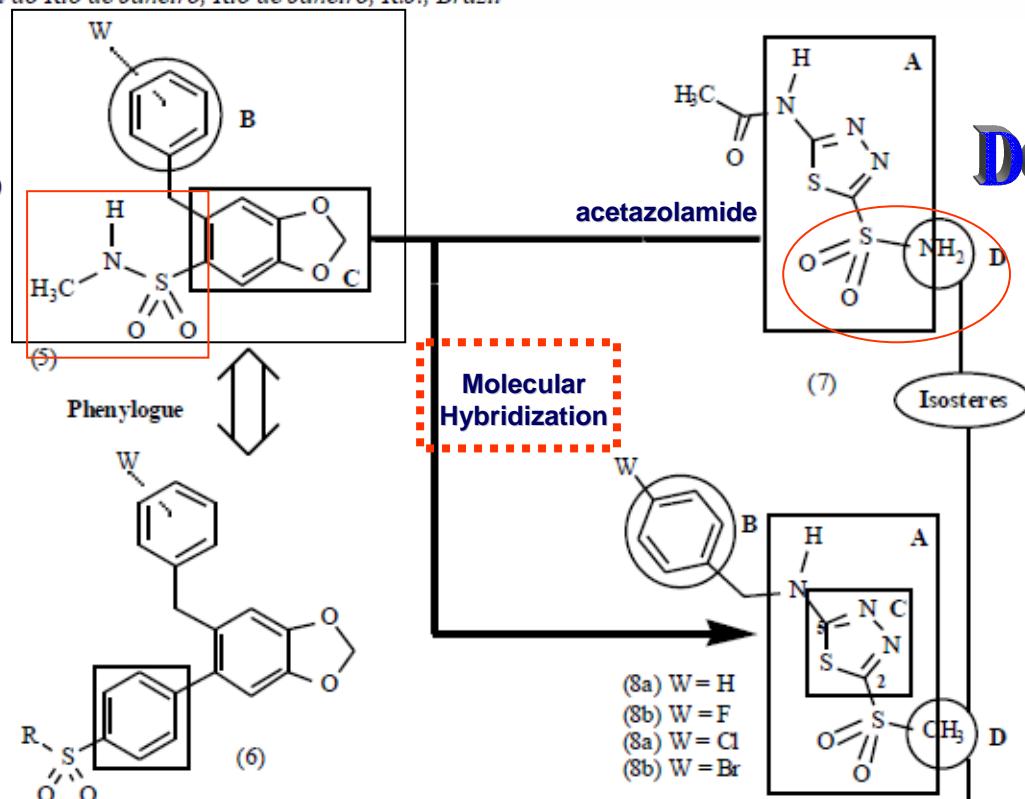
L.S. Varandas^{1,2}, C.A.M. Fraga^{1,2}, A.L.P. Miranda¹ and E.J. Barreiro^{1,2,*}

¹Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas (LASSBio), Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, PO Box 68006, 21944971, Rio de Janeiro, R.J., Brazil; ²Instituto de Química, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, R.J., Brazil



LASSBio-349
(1998)

AS Lages, KCM Silva,
ALP Miranda, CAM Fraga,
EJ Barreiro, "Synthesis and
pharmacological evaluation of
new flosulide analogues,
synthesized from natural
safrole", *Bioorg. Med.
Chem. Lett.* 1998, 8, 183.

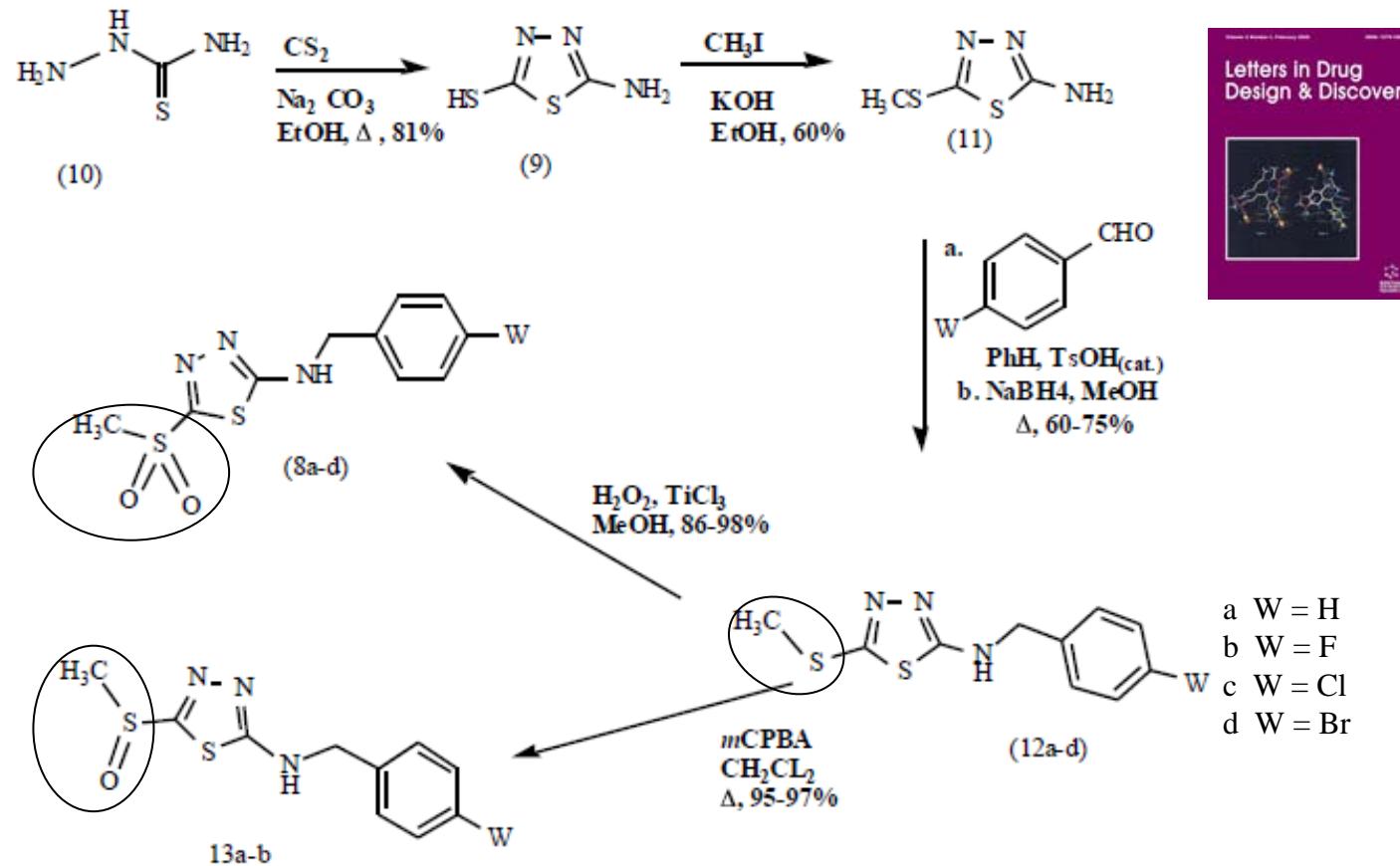


SP Khanapure *et al.*, *J.Med.Chem.* 2005, 48, 3930.

Design concept



Fig. (2). Design concept of new 1,3,4-thiadiazole COX-2 inhibitor candidates.

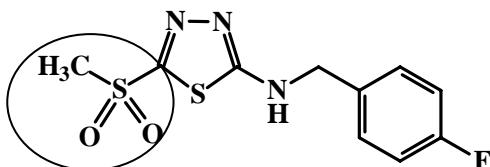
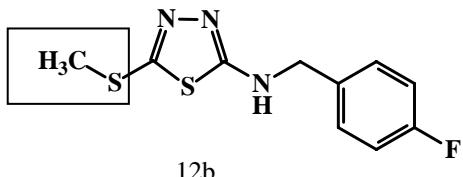


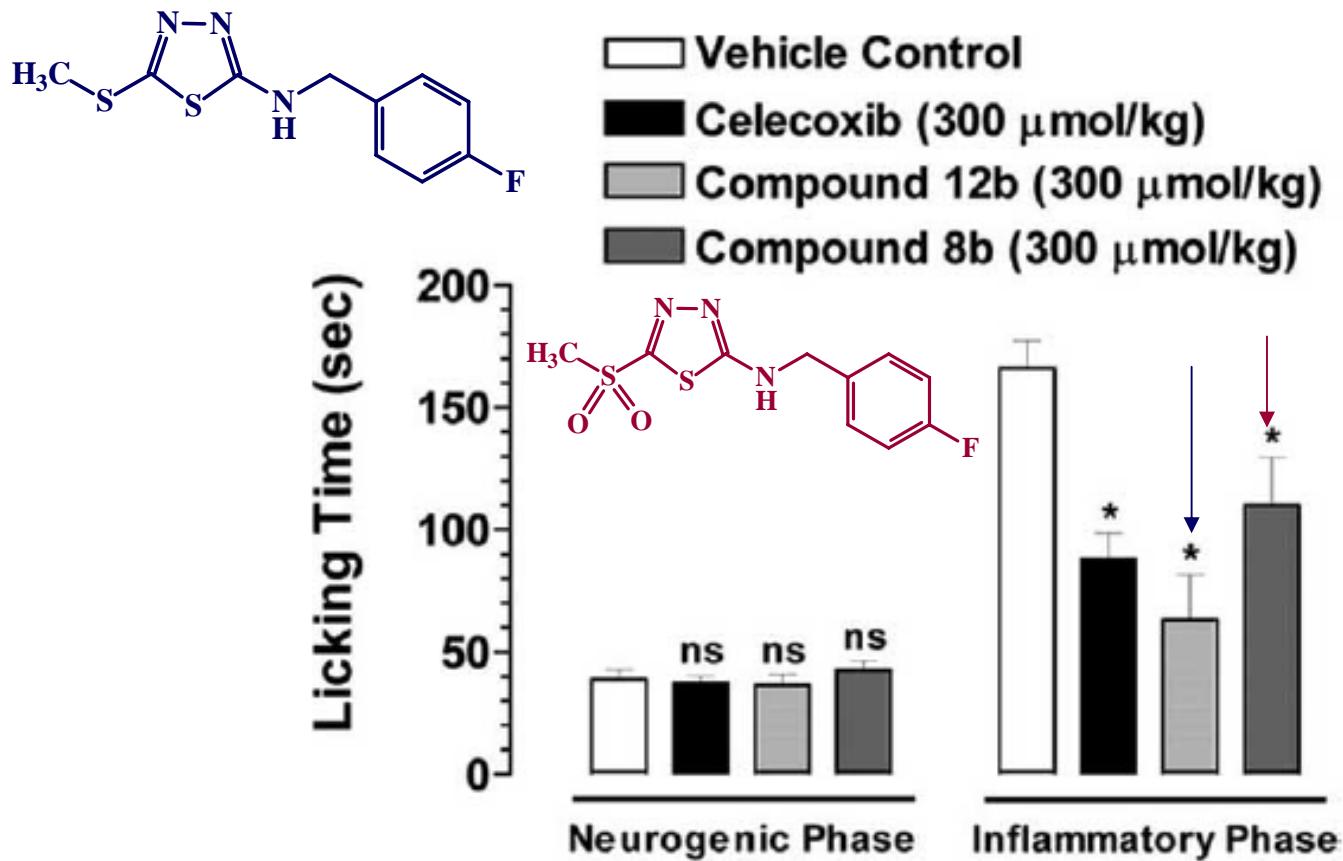
Scheme 1. Synthetic route for the preparation of new 1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives (8a-d).

Table 2. Effect of 1,3,4-thiadiazole Derivatives (12a-d), (8a-d), (13a-b) and Celecoxib (1) in the Carrageenan-Induced Rat Paw Edema (0.1mg/paw)

Compound	Dose ^a ($\mu\text{mol/kg}$)	n ^b	Edema (μL) ^c	Inhibition (%) ^d
Vehicle Control	-	10	569.1 \pm 45.1	-
Celecoxib	300	05	348.8 \pm 25.9	38.7 *
12a	300	09	355.3 \pm 32.3	37.6 *
12b	300	05	361.8 \pm 17.6	36.4 *
12c	300	05	446.4 \pm 40.4	21.6 *
12d	300	05	488.5 \pm 31.4	14.2 n.s.
8a	300	05	514.6 \pm 28.3	9.6 n.s.
8b	300	05	328.7 \pm 51.0	42.2 *
8c	300	05	409.1 \pm 24.9	28.1 *
8d	300	10	395.7 \pm 21.2	30.5 *
13a	300	05	499.2 \pm 20.2	12.3 n.s.
13b	300	05	366.0 \pm 39.7	35.7 *

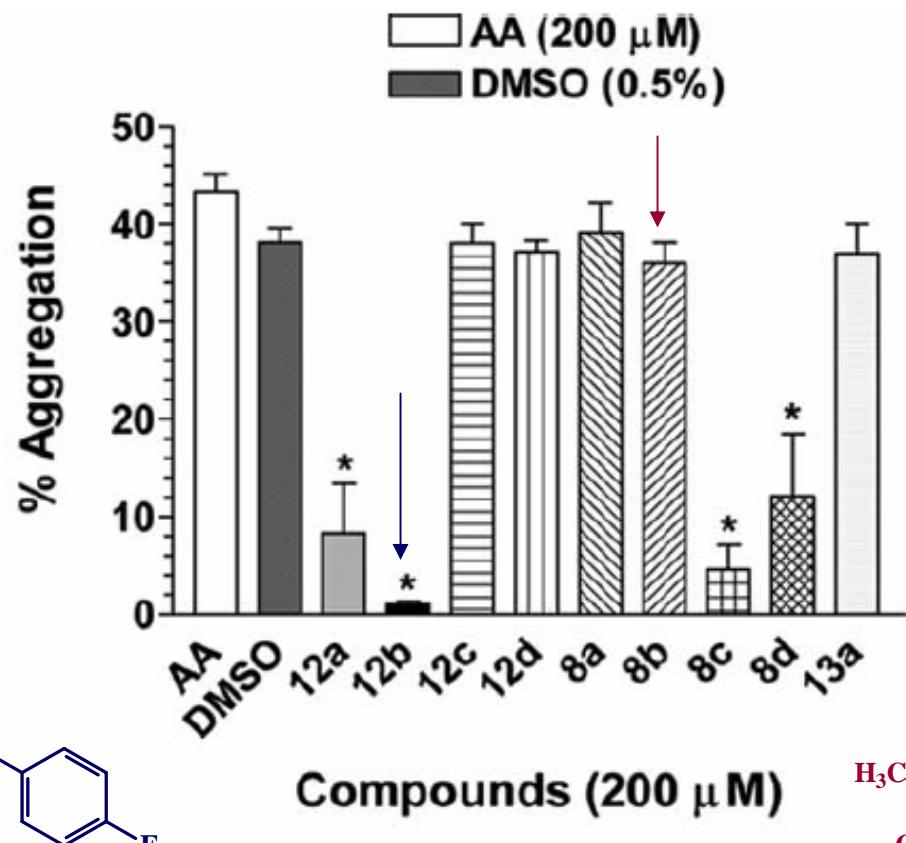
^aall compounds were administered p.o. 60 min before carrageenan injection. ^bn = number of animals. ^cedema is the difference between the volumes of carrageenan treated paw and saline treated paw. ^d% of inhibition obtained by comparison with vehicle control group. * $p < 0.05$ (Student's t-test). n.s. – non significant. Results are expressed as mean \pm SEM.





^aall compounds were administered p.o. 60 min before formalin injection (2.5%; 2 $\mu\text{l/paw}$). * $p < 0.05$ (Student's t-test). n.s. – non significant. Results are expressed as mean \pm SEM and compared with vehicle control group.

Fig. (3). Effect of 1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives (12b), (8b) and celecoxib (1) in the formalin induced pain test in mice.



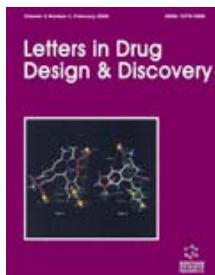
COX-1



COX-2

Compounds were incubated with PRP 5 min before AA addiction. * $p < 0.05$ (ANOVA oneway; Bonferroni's test). Results are expressed as mean \pm SEM of independent experiments carried out in triplicate and compared with AA control group.

Fig. (4). Effect of 1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives (12a-d), (8a-d) and (13a) on in vitro platelet aggregation of citrated rabbit platelet-rich plasma induced by arachidonic acid (AA, 200 μ M).



1. A Química (Farmacêutica) Medicinal: definição

Parte 3

2. Como se descobrem os fármacos?

3. A origem dos fármacos

3.1. O Papel dos produtos naturais na descoberta de fármacos

3.2 O Acaso e a descoberta de fármacos

3.3 Os fármacos sintéticos

4. O processo da descoberta

4.1. A abordagem fisiológica e a diversidade molecular

4.2 O paradigma do composto-protótipo: interações fármaco-biorreceptor

4.3 A importância dos fatores estruturais/conformacionais: grupos farmacofóricos/toxicofóricos

5. O planejamento racional

5.1 Fármacos inteligentes: Cimetidina; atovarstatina; celecoxib; me-too; imatinib

5.2 A diversidade molecular dos fármacos sintéticos

5.3 A diversidade molecular de novos protótipos descobertos no LASSBio, UFRJ

6. As estratégias de desenho estrutural da Química (Farmacêutica) Medicinal

6.1 Bioisosterismo: LASSBio-326

6.3 Hibridação molecular: LASSBio-756

6.4 Simplificação molecular: LASSBio-294

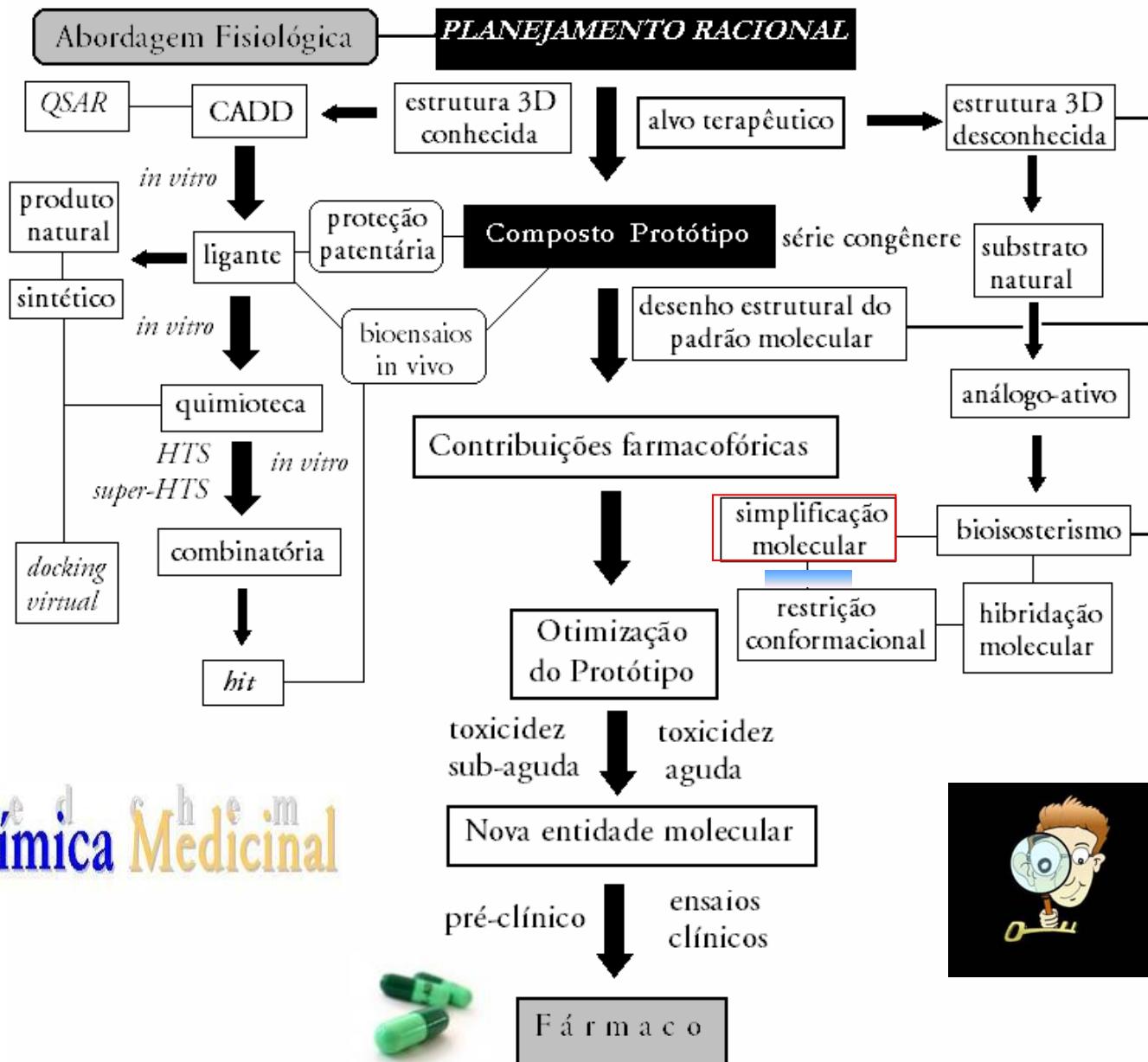
6.5 Desenho de protótipos simbióticos: LASSBio-468

7. Conclusões

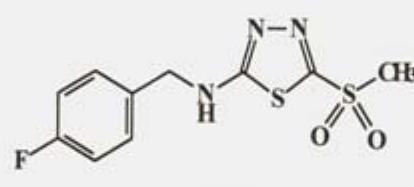
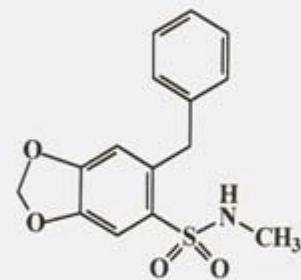
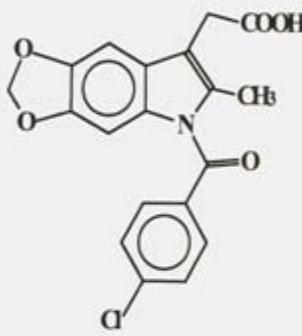
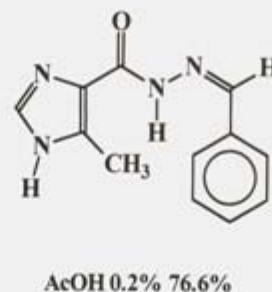
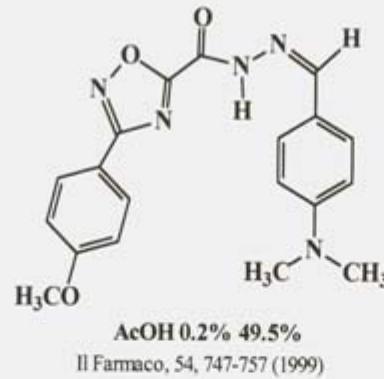
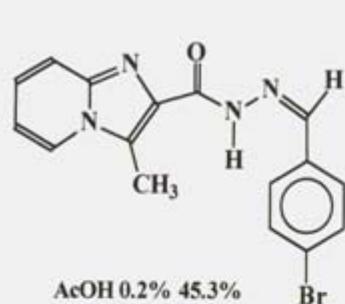


Estratégias de desenho molecular: simplificação

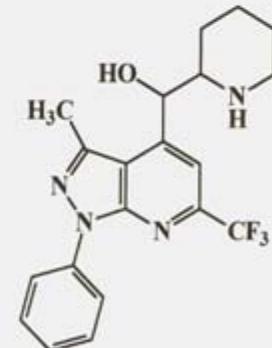
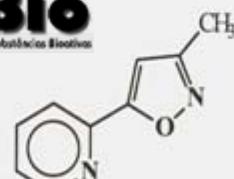
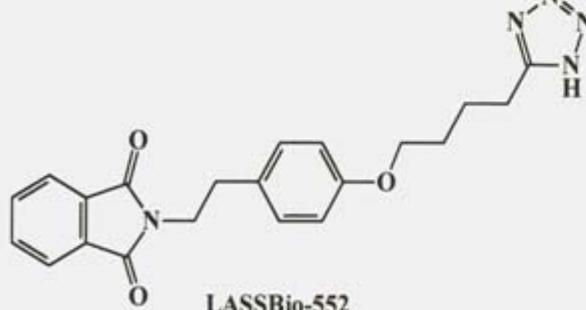
LASSBio-294



Novos Protótipos Descobertos no LASSBio



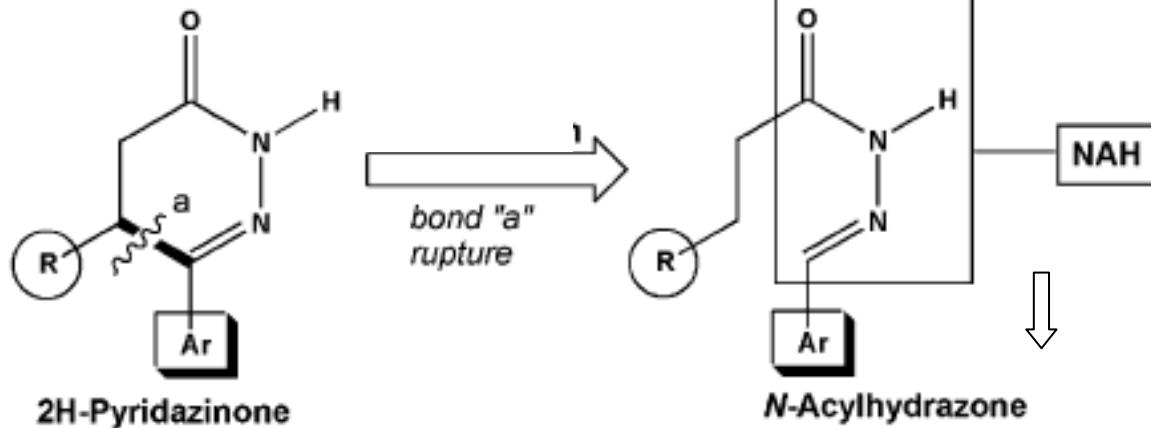
Química Nova, 22, 744 (1999)



LASSBio
Laboratório de Reologia e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas

**Diversidade
Molecular**

NAH-unit as isostere of pyridazinone moiety

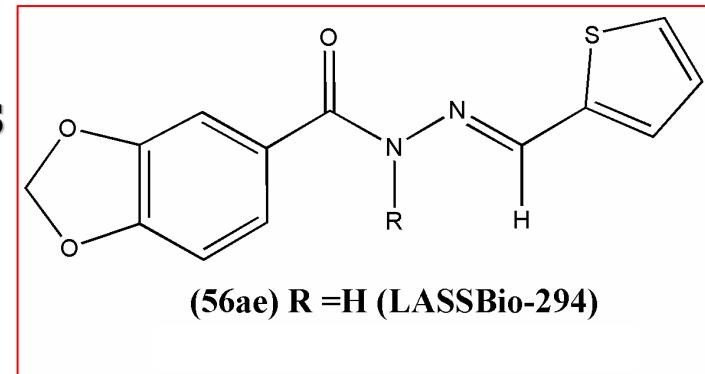


Molecular simplification

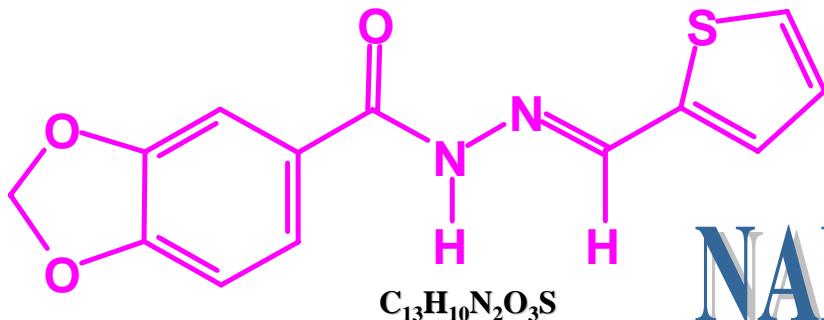
C₁₃H₁₀N₂O₃S

PM 274

Lima, P. C. et al. (2000)
Eur. J. Med. Chem. 35, 187.



Novo Protótipo de Fármaco Cardioativo



NAH

LASSBio-294

Estruturalmente simples;
Sinteticamente acessível
em ótimos rendimentos;
Materia-prima disponível
(produto natural abundante).

“Novel, Non-toxic Chronotropic Stimulator of Cardiac
and Skeletal Muscle”

Novo agente cardioativo, seletivo,
não-digitálico, não-adrenérgico,
com potentes propriedades
inotrópicas & vasodilatadoras;
Ativo por via oral;
Sem toxicidade aguda.
P. hispidinervum



USPTO Prov. Number
60-140,352 (1999)

ESTUDOS DE TOXICIDADE AGUDA E SUB-

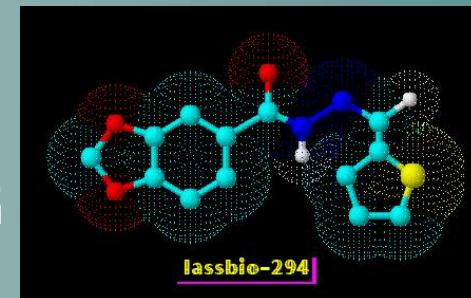
✓ A toxicidade sistêmica aguda e sub-aguda foi investigada em ratos, por duas vias de administração, *p.o.* e *i.p.*, nas doses de **1000 µM/kg** e **73 µM/kg**, respectivamente (*i.p.*, administrando-se 2 vezes ao dia, durante 15 dias seguidos: ~ 100 vezes superior à **ED₅₀ in vivo**).

LASSBio-294
↓

Não tem efeito letal, não provoca letargia, não reduz a motilidade, nem altera o peso dos animais.

Não provoca alterações na contagem de células sanguíneas, hematócrito, nem altera a taxa de glicose, uréia, TGO, TGP, creatinina.

Não altera histopatologicamente orgãos vitais, tais como fígado, pulmão, SNC.



Não se observaram efeitos neurotóxicos em culturas de neurônios hipocampais de ratos, tratadas com **LASSBio-294 (500 µM)**. Efeito neuroprotetor foi observado em < doses.

Novo protótipo de fármaco cardioativo



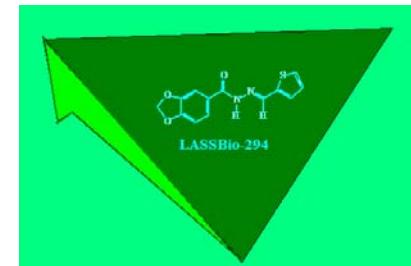
Office of Research & Development

515 West Lombard Street, Suite 500

Baltimore, Maryland 21201

Tel. (410) 706-1874; Fax. (410) 706-5035

<http://www.orad.umaryland.edu/industry/technologies/therapeutics.php>



USPTO 60-525,353 (1999) → *Novo Protótipo Cardioativo**

USPTO 60-525,353 (1999) → *WO 2000-078754 (64 países)*

LASSBio 294: a novel compound having digitalis-like cardiotonic properties and the potential to reduce muscle fatigue

Tech ID # 1558EA



PI-0403363-9 20/08/2004 → *Relaxantes musculares seletivos*

<http://www.inventabrasil.hpg.ig.com.br/ytabela.htm>

<http://www.comciencia.br/reportagens/farmacos/farma08.htm>



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APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/070,328	08/15/2006	7091238	32390-178943	9691

26694 7398
VENABLE LLP
P.O. BOX 34385
WASHINGTON, DC 20045-9998

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 109 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (<http://pair.uspto.gov>).

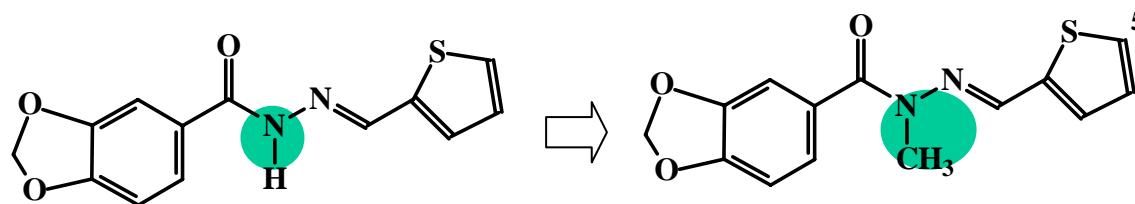
Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571) 272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at (703) 305-8283.

APPLICANT(s) (up to 18 names are included below, see PAIR WEB site <http://pair.uspto.gov> for additional applicants):

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Carlos Alberto Mansour Fraga, Rio de Janeiro, BRAZIL;
Ana Luisa Palhares De Miranda, Petropolis, BRAZIL;



Lead-optimization



LASSBio-294

LASSBio-785

Table - The concentration of compounds necessary to reduce 50% of maximal phenylephrine-induced contracture (IC_{50}) in aorta with or without intact endothelium.

Compounds	IC_{50} (μM) With endothelium	IC_{50} (μM) Without endothelium
LASSBio-785 (N-Me)	10.2 ± 0.5	18.5 ± 3.6
LASSBio-788 (N-allyl)	67.9 ± 6.5	65.7 ± 8.0
LASSBio-786 (N-benzyl)	134.1 ± 31.0	141.6 ± 53.8
LASSBio-791 (NH,dihydro)	172.8 ± 26.7	ND
LASSBio-790 (NH, 5-Nitro)	216.0 ± 39.3	ND
LASSBio-787 (NH, 5-methyl)	293.0 ± 76.0	273.4 ± 22.0
LASSBio-789 (NH, 5-bromide)	ND	ND
LASSBio-294 (NH)	74.0	ND

ND = Not Determined.

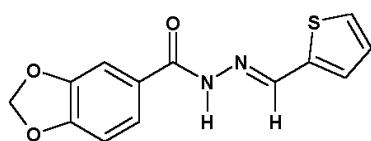
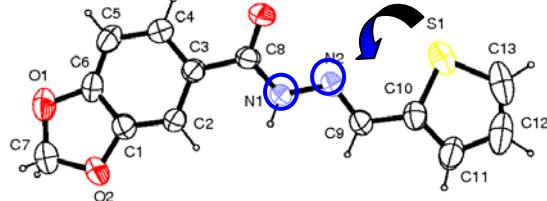
PI-0403363-9 20/08/2004

A G Silva, G Zapata-Sudo, AE Kummerle, CAM Fraga, EJ Barreiro, RT Sudo, "Synthesis and vasodilatory activity of new *N*-acylhydrazone derivatives, designed as LASSBio-294 analogues", *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 2005, **13**, 3431.

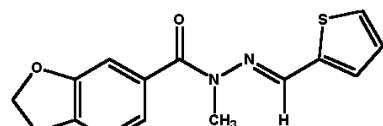
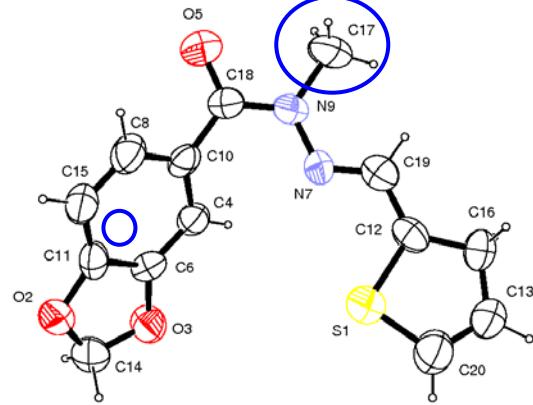


LASSBio-294

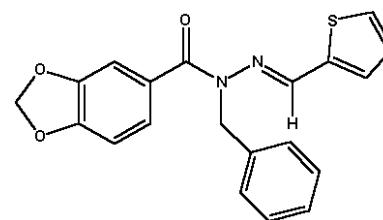
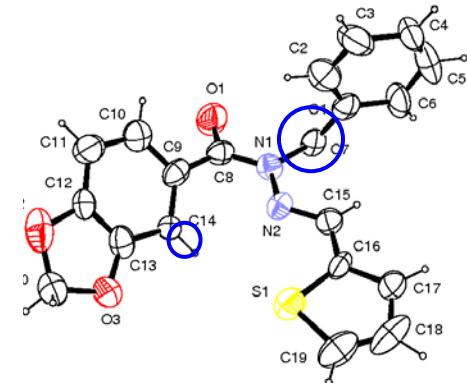
Vista Frontal



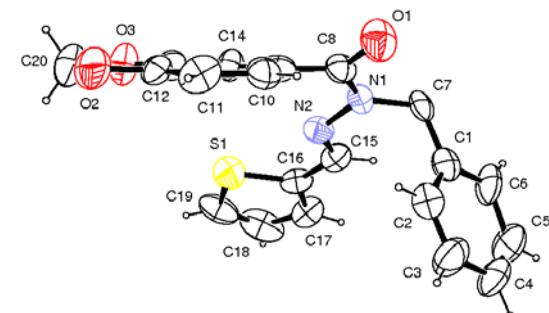
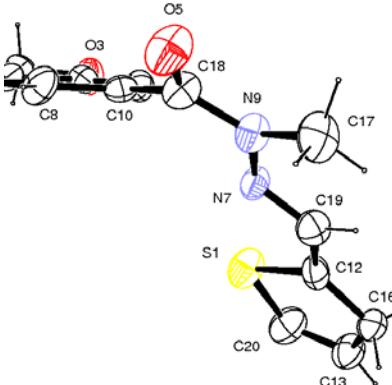
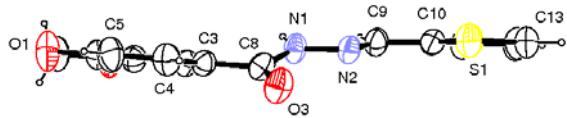
LASSBio-785



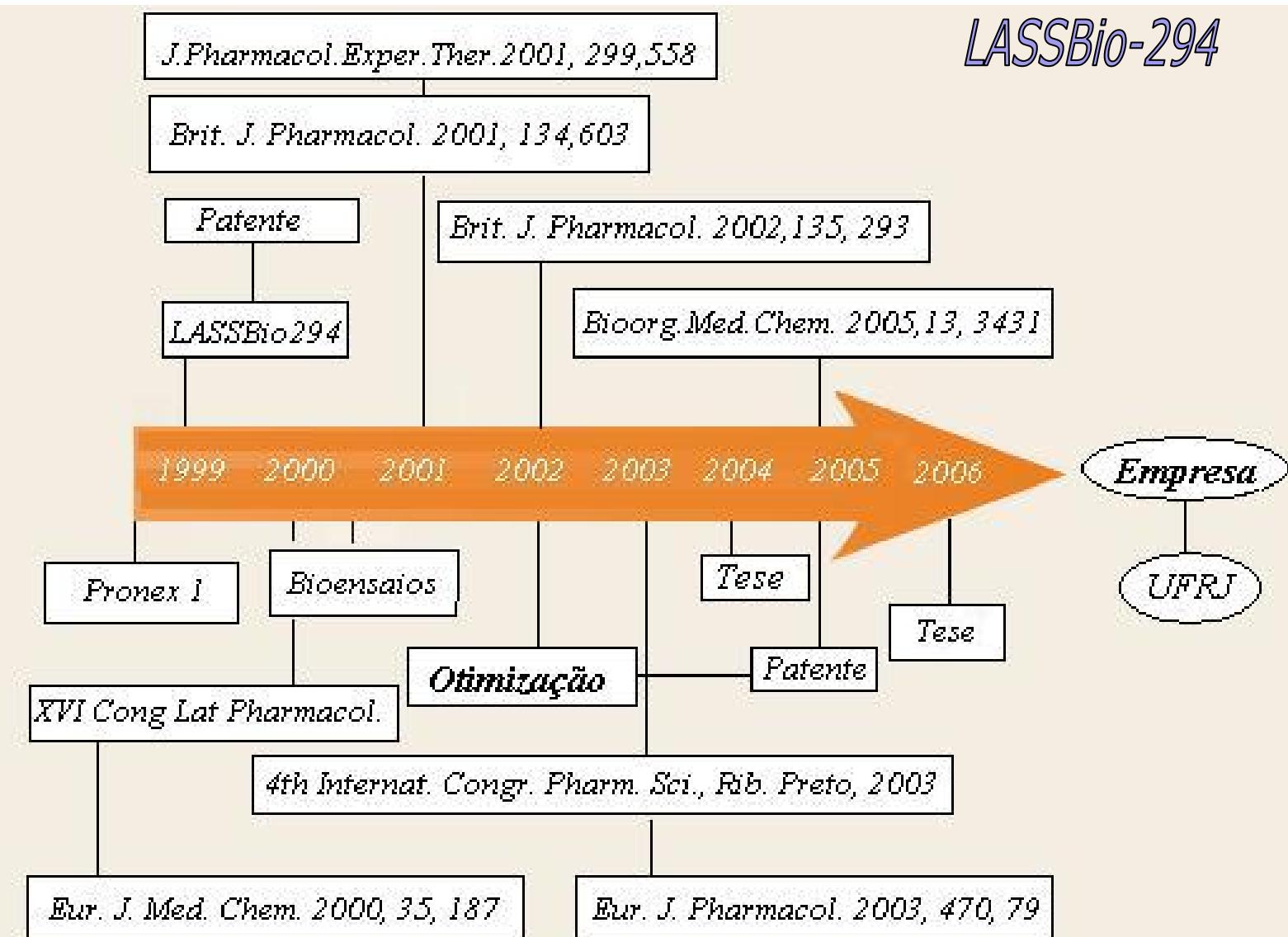
LASSBio-786



Vista Paralela



Cronologia da descoberta do novo candidato a fármaco cardioativo





• P. C. Lima, L. M. Lima, K. C. M. da Silva, P. H. O. Léda, A. L. P. Miranda,
**C. A. M. Fraga & E. J. Barreiro, "Synthesis and Non-addictive Analgesic
Activity of Novel N-acylarylyhydrazones and Isosters,
Derived from Natural Safrole", Eur. J. Med. Chem., 35, 187-203 (2000);**

H. Gonzalez-Serratos, R. Chang, E. F. R. Pereira, N. O. Castro,

Y. Aracava, P. A. Melo, P. C. Lima, C. A. M. Fraga, E. J. Barreiro & E. X. Albuquerque,

**"A Novel Thienylhydrazone, (2-thienyllidene)-3,4-methylenedioxybenzoylhydrazone,
Increases Inotropism and Decreases Fatigue of Skeletam Muscle",**

J. Pharmacol. Exper. Therap., 299, 558-566 (2001);

R.T. Sudo, G. Zapata-Sudo, E.J. Barreiro, "LASSBio-294, a Novel

**"Cardionotropic agent, Increases the Calcium Content in the Sarcoplasmatic
Reticulum of Saponin-skinned Cardiac Fibres", Br. J. Pharmacol., 134, 603-613 (2001);**

C.L. Silva, F. Nöel & E. J. Barreiro, "Vasodilatory Properties of LASSBio-294 and its

dependence on cGMP increase", Br. J.Pharmacol., 135, 293-298 (2002);

G. Zapata-Sudo, R. T. Sudo, P. A. Maronas, G. L. M. Siilva, O. R. Moreira, M. I. S. Aguiar,

E. J. Barreiro " Thienylhydrazone Derivative Increases Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Ca⁺²

Release in Mammalian Skeletal Muscle", Eur. J. Pharmacol., 61, 79-85 (2003);

A. G. Silva, G. Zapata-Sudo, A.E. Kummerle, C.A.M. Fraga, E.J. Barreiro, R.T. Sudo,

"Synthesis and vasodilatory activity of new N-acylhydrazone derivatives,

designed as LASSBio-294 analogues ",Bioorg. Med. Chem., 13, 3431-3437 (2005).





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LASSBio 294

[Pesquisa avançada](#)

[Preferências](#)

Pesquisar: a web páginas em português páginas do Brasil

Web

Resultados 1 - 10 de aproximadamente 451 para LASSBio 294 (0,11 segundos)

Dica: Ganhe tempo teclando Enter ao invés de clicar em "Pesquisar"

LASSBio-294

Estamos falando do **LASSBio-294**, um fármaco desenvolvido pelo Laboratório de Avaliação ...

O próprio **LASSBio-294**, embora seja fruto da modelagem molecular, ...

[inventabrasilnet.t5.com.br/barreiro.htm](#) - 9k - [Em cache](#) - [Páginas Semelhantes](#)

Inventores Brasileiros - Fármacos

O **LASSBio-294** (que atua no aumento das contrações cardíacas), foi desenvolvido a partir de modelagem molecular e teve pedido de patente solicitado no INPI ...

[inventabrasilnet.t5.com.br/yfarmac.htm](#) - 67k - [Em cache](#) - [Páginas Semelhantes](#)

PPPT Apresentação do PowerPoint

Formato do arquivo: Microsoft Powerpoint - [Ver em HTML](#)

Avaliar os perfis antiinflamatório e analgésico da série de derivados N-Acididrazônicos nitrados

(3) , análogos do composto **LASSBio 294**. 3. METODOLOGIAS ...

[acd.ufrj.br/~pharma/lassbio/download/painel1_SBFTED04.ppt](#) - [Páginas Semelhantes](#)

Química Nova - Strategy of molecular simplification in rational ...

Outrossim, o efeito de relaxamento observado com **LASSBio-294** (37) permaneceu inalterado quando os anéis de aorta isolados de ratos foram pré-tratados com K+ ...

[www.scielo.br/scielo.php?pid=S0100-40422002000700018&script=sci_arttext](#) - 75k -

[Em cache](#) - [Páginas Semelhantes](#)

Química Nova - Estratégia de simplificação molecular no ...

A descoberta de novo protótipo cardiotônico **LASSBio-294** (37) ... De fato, a hipótese de inibição de PDE5 e 3 no mecanismo de ação de **LASSBio-294** foi ...

[www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0100-](#)

40422002000700018&lng=pt&nrm=iso

- 66k - [Em cache](#) - [Páginas Semelhantes](#)

1. A Química (Farmacêutica) Medicinal: definição

Parte 3

2. Como se descobrem os fármacos?

3. A origem dos fármacos

3.1. O Papel dos produtos naturais na descoberta de fármacos

3.2 O Acaso e a descoberta de fármacos

3.3 Os fármacos sintéticos

4. O processo da descoberta

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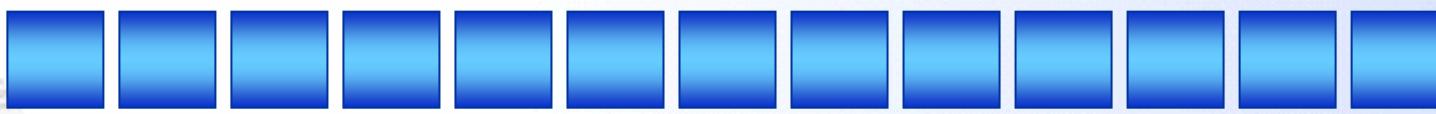
6.3 Hibridação molecular: LASSBio-756

6.4 Simplificação molecular: LASSBio-294

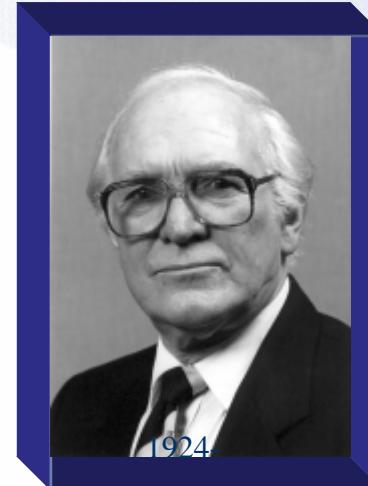
6.5 Desenho de protótipos simbióticos: LASSBio-468

7. Conclusões



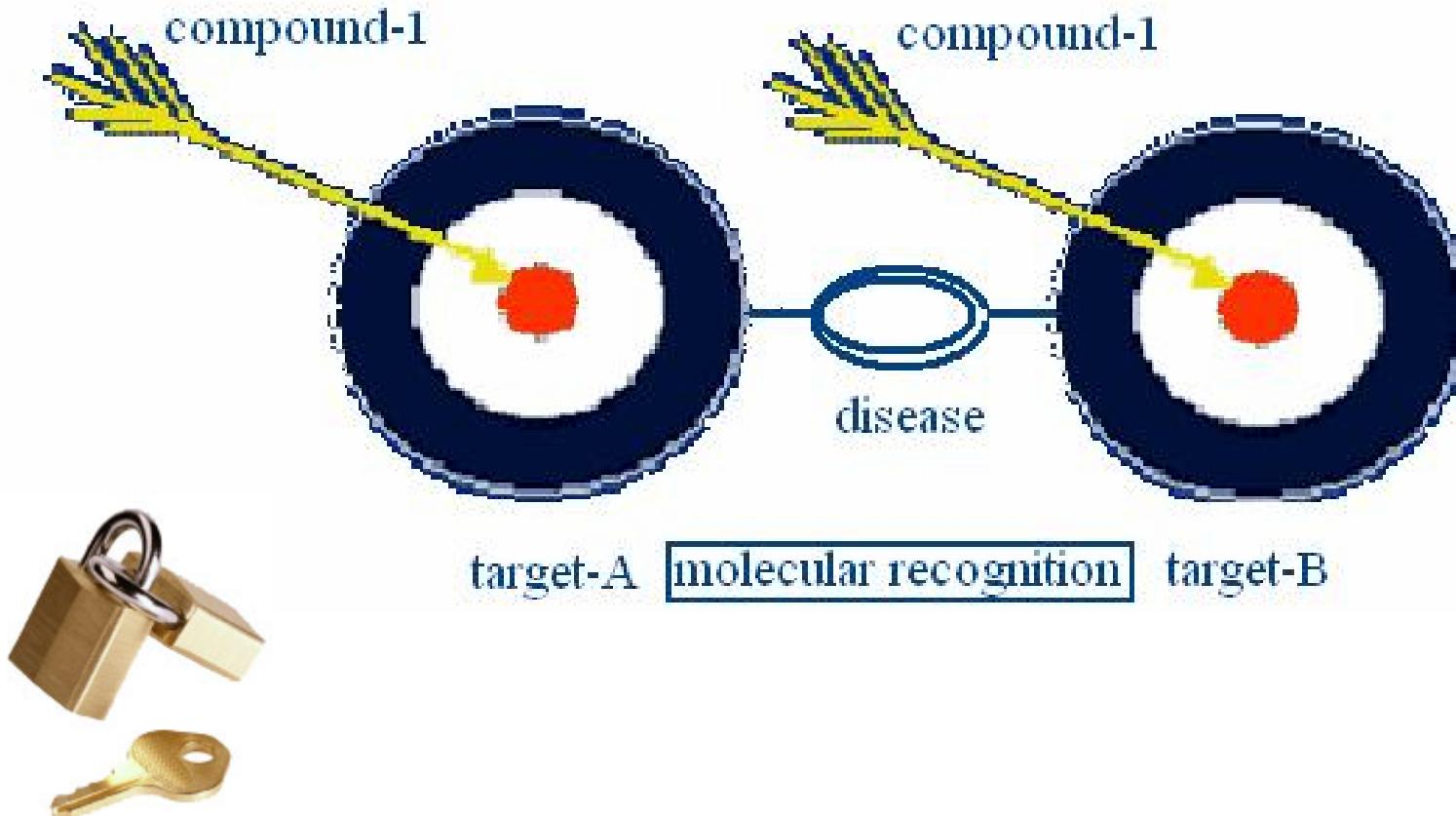


“..the problem will not be
our ability to do things.
The terrible problem is,
what will we choose
to do next?”



Sir James W. Black
1988, Nobel Winner

The symbiotic lead-candidate design



•Compostos-protótipos simbióticos:

compostos-protótipos que possuam afinidade (Afi) por dois alvos terapêuticos distintos, simultaneamente, envolvidos na mesma fisiopatologia em estudo, mas pertencendo a diferentes cascadas bioquímicas;

New Symbiotic lead-candidates

(Symbiotic multi-target lead-candidates)

*a new compound able to be effective in **two** different targets, both relevant to disease, but belonging to distinct biochemical pathway;*



Agentes simbióticos

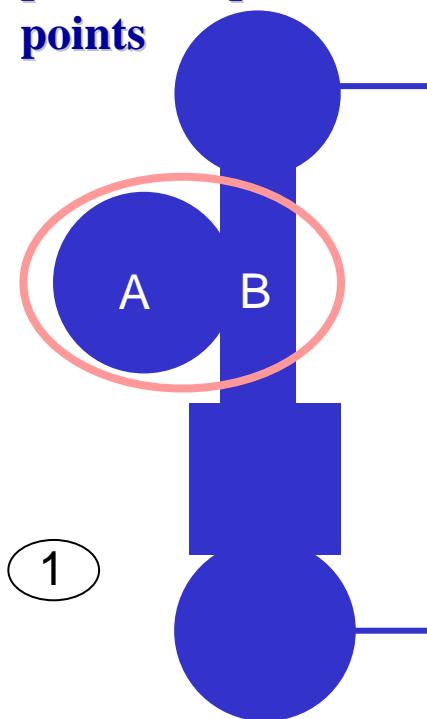
Rational basis to symbiotic drug design

New

Symbiotic

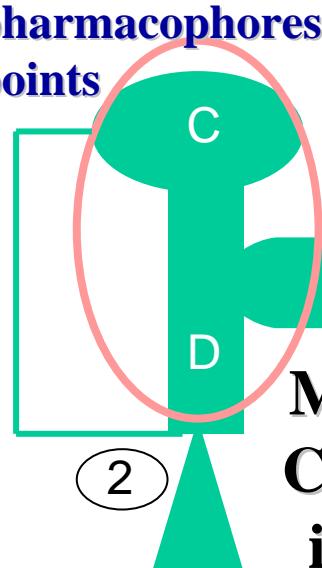
Lead-candidate

pharmacophores
points



Receptor-a
molecular
recognition

pharmacophores
points



Receptor-b
molecular
recognition

Molecular
Hybridization

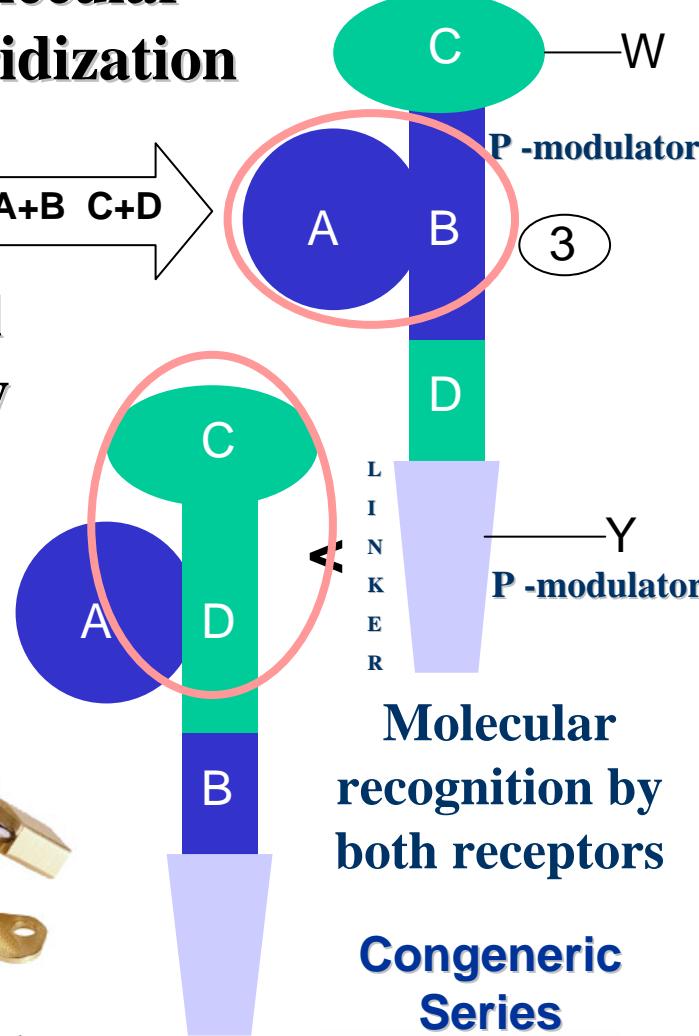
A+B C+D

Medicinal
Chemistry
intuition



4

LASSBio®
Laboratório de Aplicação e Sistematização da Síntese

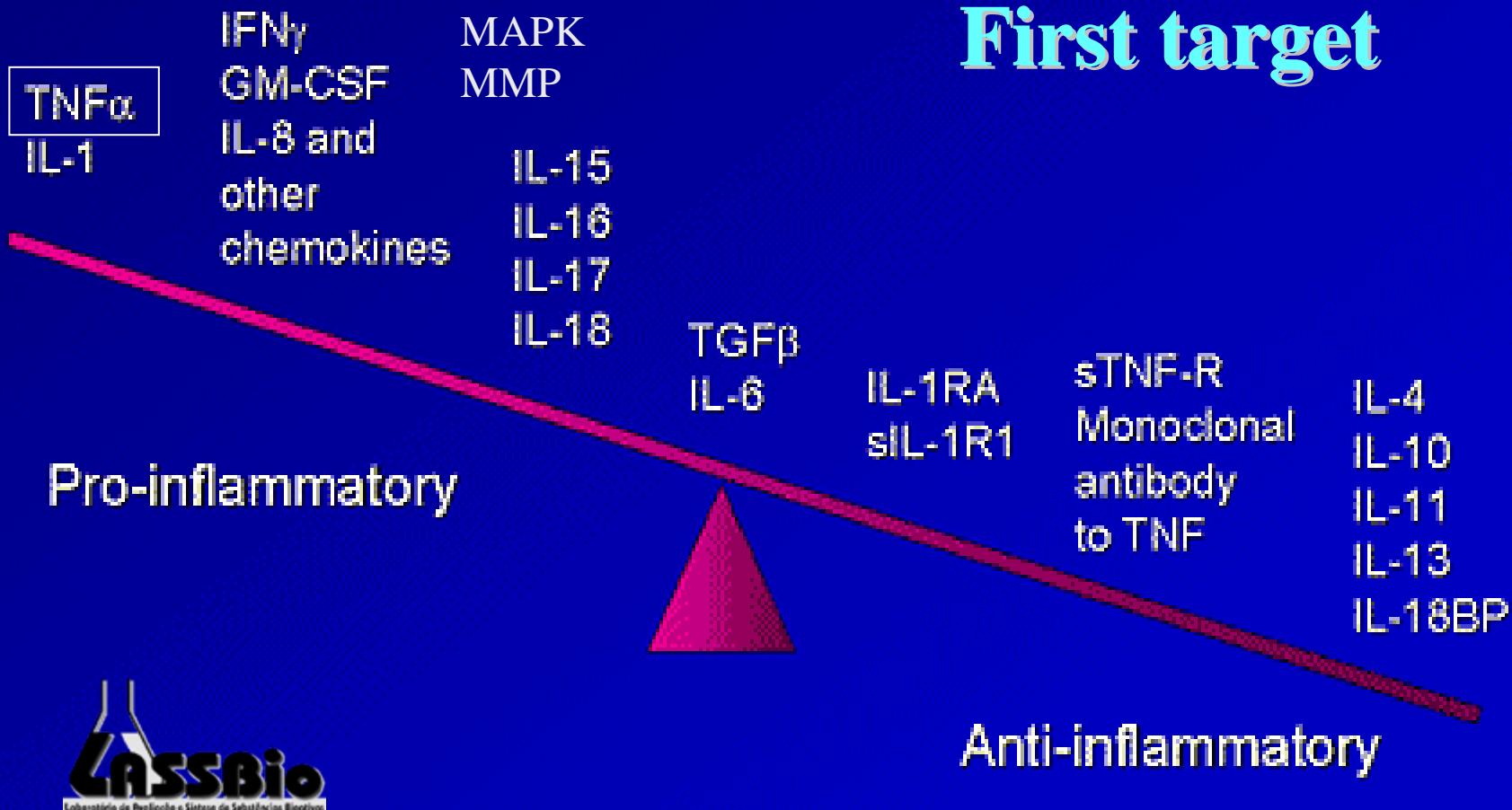


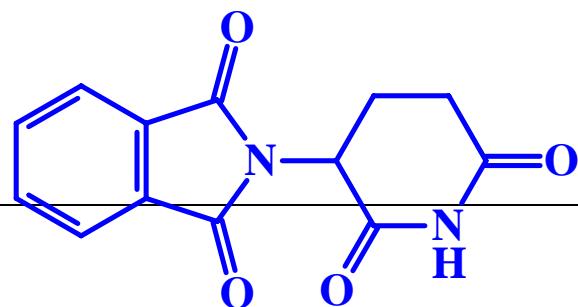
Molecular
recognition by
both receptors

Congeneric
Series

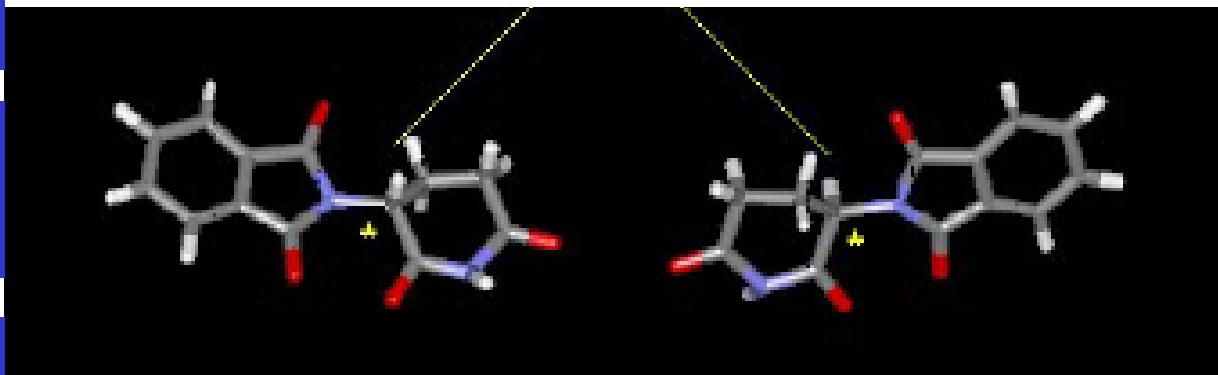
integrate pharmacophores approach

Role of Cytokines and Cytokine Inhibitors in Chronic Inflammation





2-(2,6-Dioxo-3-piperidinyl)-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione



THALIDOMIDE

TNF- α IC₅₀ = 200 μ M

Thalomid^R, Phase III, Celgene

Wilhelm Kunz, 1953
Herbert Keller, 1953
CNS, 1957
Frances Kelsey, 1961
Gilla Kaplan, 1991 (TNF- α)
Elisabeth P. Sampaio, 1997

L.M. Lima et al., *O Renascimento de um Fármaco: Talidomida*, Quim. Nova 2001, 24, 683; (www.scielo.br);
E.P. Sampaio, D.S. Carvalho, J.A.C. Nery, U.G. Lopes, E.N. Sarno, "Thalidomide: An Overview of its Pharmacological Mechanisms of Action" "Anti-inflammatory & anti-allergy Agents in Medicinal Chemistry" 2006, 5, 71; L.M. Lima, C.A.M. Fraga, V.L.G. Koatz, E.J. Barreiro, "Thalidomide and Analogs as Anti-inflammatory and Immunomodulator Drug Candidates", "Anti-inflammatory & anti-allergy Agents in Medicinal Chemistry" 2006, 5, 79.



Phosphodiesterase-4 as a therapeutic target

Miles D Houslay, Peter Schefer & Kam Y J Zhang

Drug Discov Today 2005, 10, 1503,

The p38 MAP kinase pathway as a therapeutic target in Inflammatory disease

Jeremy Saklatvala

Curr Op Pharmacol. 2004, 4, 372



What next for rheumatoid asthritis therapy?

Simon M Blake & Barbara A Swift

Curr Op Pharmacol. 2004, 4, 276

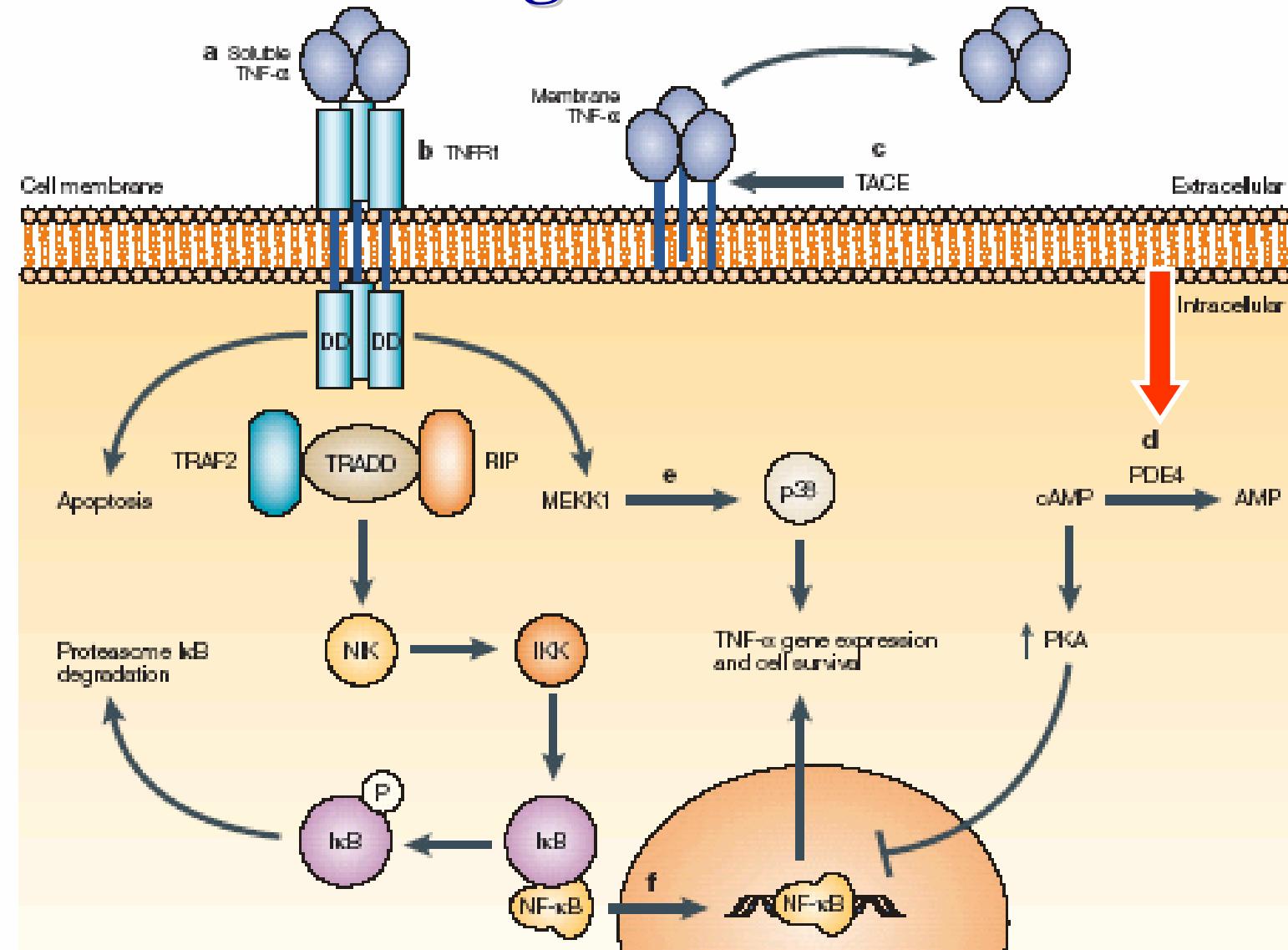
Inflammatory resolution: New opportunities for drug discovery

Derek W. Gilroy, Toby Lawrence, Mauro Perretti & Adriano G. Rossi

Nature Rev Drug Discov. 2004, 3, 401



The second target:





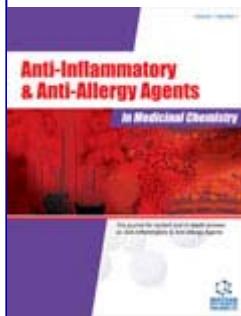
Anti-Inflammatory & Anti-Allergy Agents in Medicinal Chemistry, 2006, 5, 000-000

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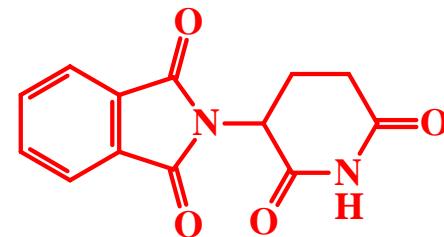
Thalidomide and Analogs as Anti-Inflammatory and Immunomodulatory Drug Candidates

Lídia Moreira Lima¹, Carlos Alberto Manssour Fraga¹, Vera Lucia Gonçalves Koatz², and Eliezer J. Barreiro^{1,*}

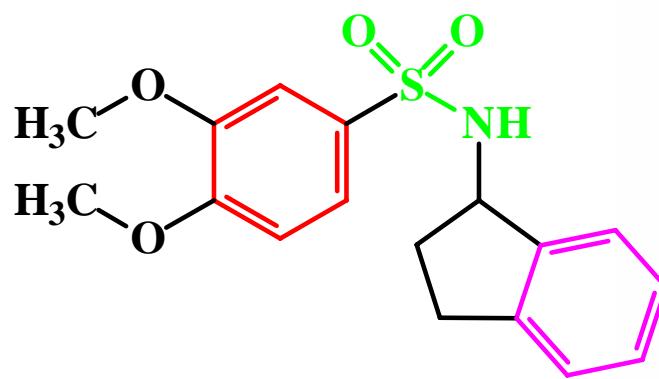
¹Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas (LASSBio), CP 68.006, 21944-190, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil; Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil; ²Instituto de Bioquímica Médica, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil.



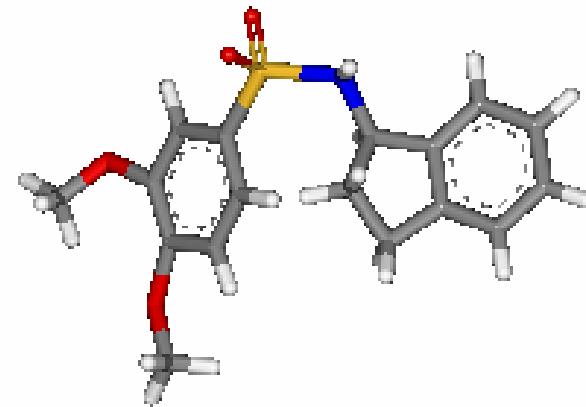
Abstract: Thalidomide ([2-(2,6-dioxo-hexahydro-3-(R,S)-pyridinyl)-1,3-isoindolinedione]), well known by its teratogenic effect, caused birth defects in up to 12,000 children in the 1960s. More recently, this drug was approved by the US Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of erythema nodosum leprosum, under restricted-use program, and a variety of new possible therapeutic applications have been described. This article will accomplish a review of medicinal chemistry aspects of thalidomide and state of the art in the development of new anti-inflammatory and immunomodulator drug candidates designed using thalidomide as lead-compound.



Chiroscience Ltd, Cambridge Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge, UK
(Celltech Chiroscience Ltd; UCB-Euronext)



Aril-sulfonamida

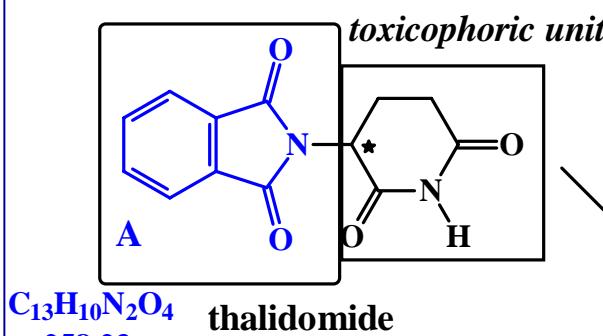


PDE-4i $\text{IC}_{50} = 4.3 \mu\text{M}$

**J. G. Montana, G. M. Buckley, N. Cooper, H. J. Dyke, L. Gowers,
J. P. Gregory, P. G. Hellewell, H. J. Kendall, C. Lowe, R. Maxey,
L. Miotla, R. J. Naylor, K. A. Runcie, B. Tuladhar, J. B. H. Warneck,
“Aryl sulfonamides as selective PDE-4 inhibitors”, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1998, **8**, 2635.**

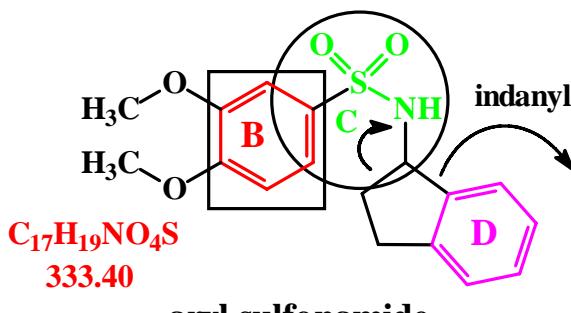


Molecular Design of New Symbiotic Candidates



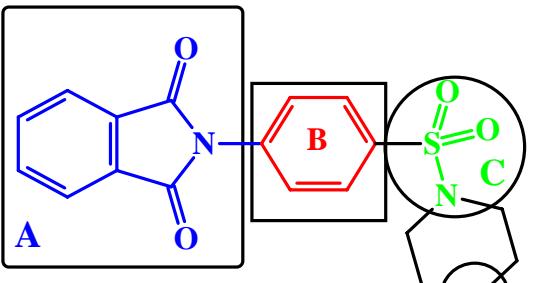
$TNF-\alpha IC_{50} = 200 \mu M$

Quim. Nova 2001, **24**, 583

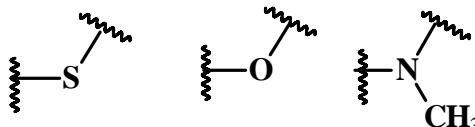


$PDE-4i IC_{50} = 4.3 \mu M$

molecular hybridization



Congeneric series



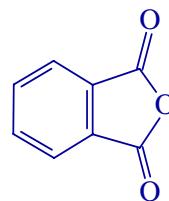
N-phenylpiperazinyl
 $C_{24}H_{21}N_3O_4S$ 447.50

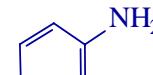
σ, π, MR

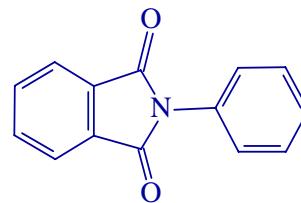
JG Montana et al., Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 1998, **8**, 2635



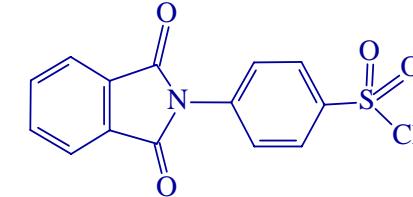
Synthesis of LASSBio-468




 120 °C; 30 min
 86%



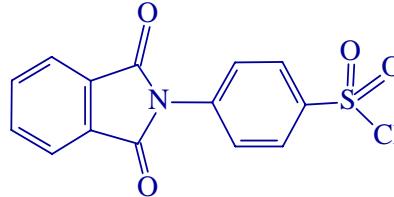
CISO₃H/PCl₅
70%



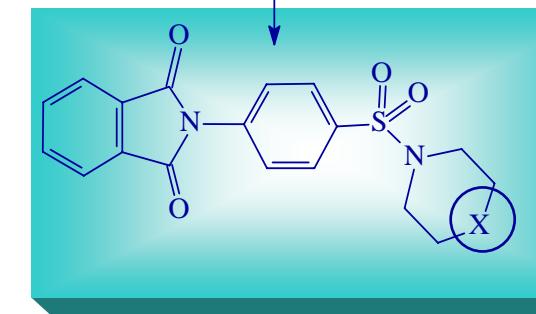
anidrido ftálico



- X = NMe 65%
X = NPh 67%
X = NH 58%
X = O 63%
X = S 67%

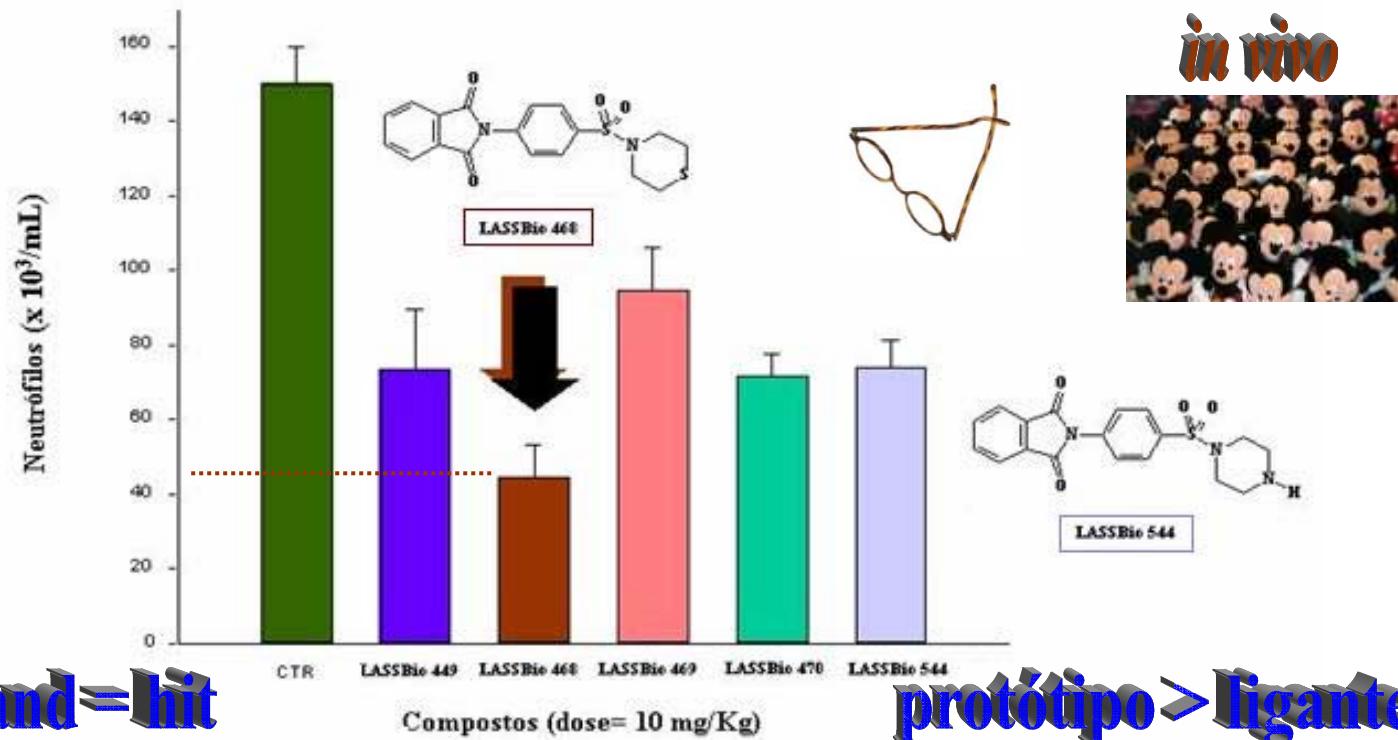


/CHCl₃



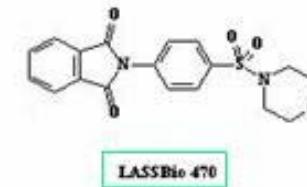
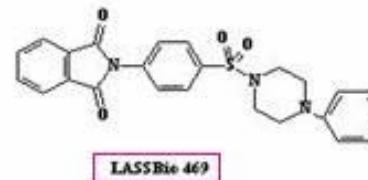
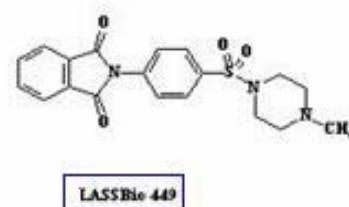
Overall yield: *ca.* 20%
(0.10 M i.e. *ca.* 40g)

Effect of new compounds and thalidomide on neutrophil influx induced by LPS into BALB/c of mice lungs (10 mg/kg, DMSO; i.p.)

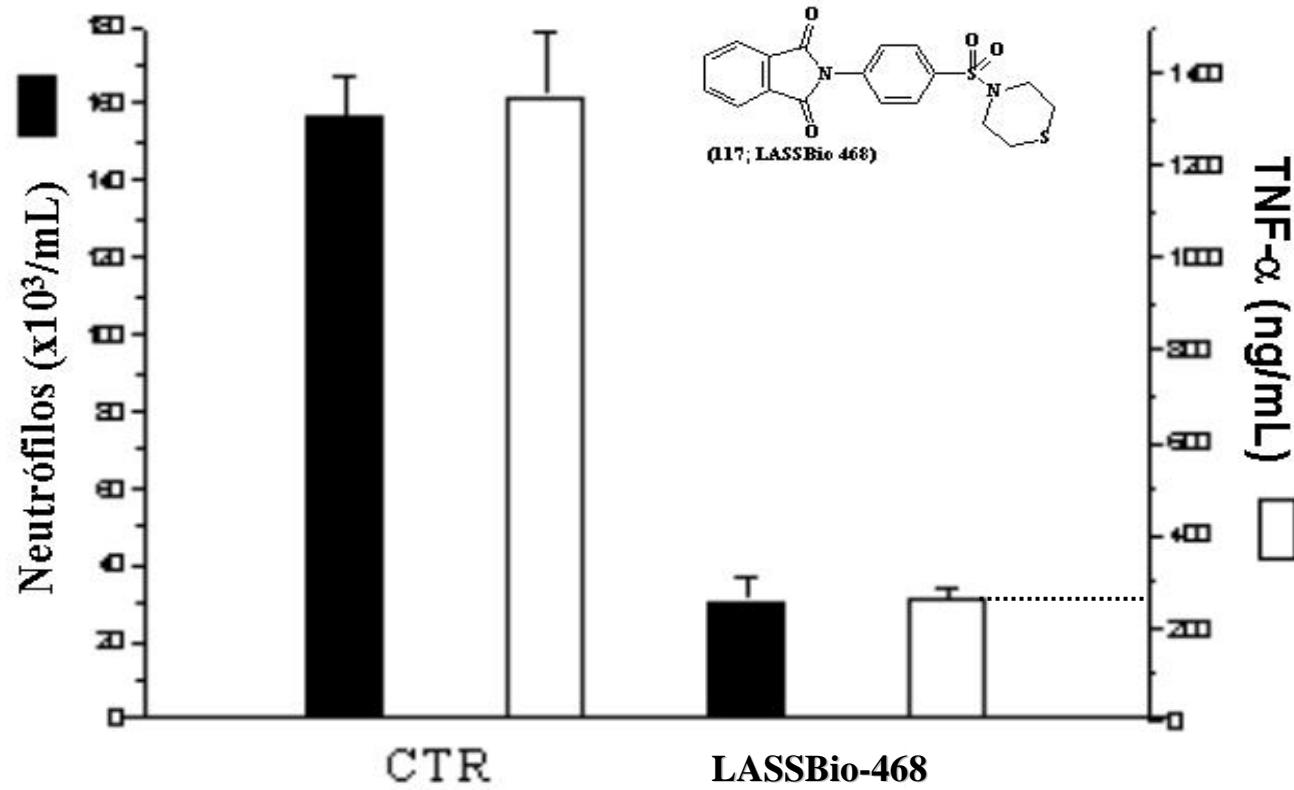


lead >> ligand = hit

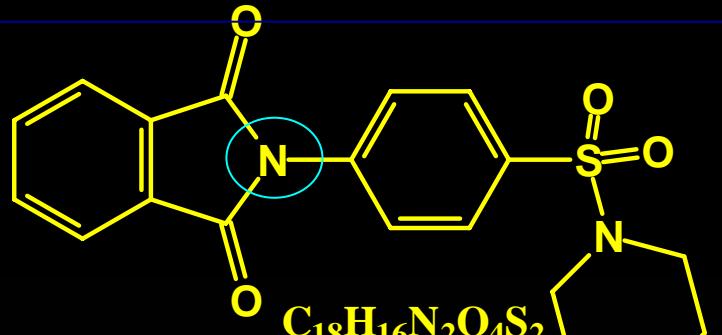
protótipo > ligante



Effect of compound LASSBio 468 on TNF- α levels and neutrophil influx into the BALB/c of mice lungs



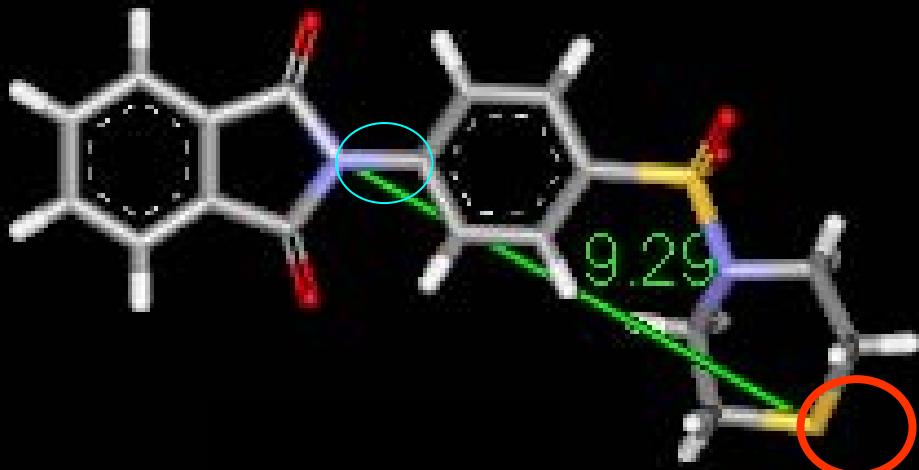
50% more active than thalidomide



TNF- α ED₅₀ 2,5 mg/Kg

LASSBio 468

PDE-4 inibidor



Atividade PDE-4 de foi medida em aorta bovina:

IC₅₀ = 62,6 μ M

(cf. PDE-1, 2, 3, > 420 μ M; 5)

Dr Claire Lugnier (CAPES-COFECUB; LASSBio-Strasbourg)
Université Louis Pasteur de Strasbourg, FR.
Laboratoire de Pharmacologie et de Physicochimie des Interactions Cellulaires et Moléculaires.

L. M. Lima, P. Castro, A. L. Machado, C. A. M. Fraga, C. Lugnier, V. L. G. Moraes, E. J. Barreiro, *Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory activity of Phthalimide Derivaatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues*, *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 2002, 10, 3067.

LASSBio-468

lead compound

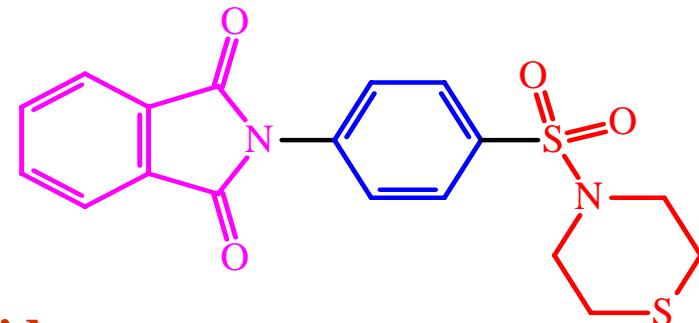
a new symbiotic drug candidate

LASSBio-468 is a new symbiotic lead-compound, designed as antiinflammatory agent acting at TNF- α and PDE-4 level.

LASSBio-468 was designed by molecular hybridization



keeping pharmacophore points of thalidomide & arylsulfonamides, derivatives with anti-TNF- α & PDE-4 inhibitory activity, respectively. This new symbiotic-lead compound have a very simple structure, achiral, easy to obtained using classical synthetic methods, in high overall yield. This new NSAI drug candidate could be useful to treatment of rheumatic arthritis, Crohn disease and others chronical inflammatory state, without immunosuppressor activity.



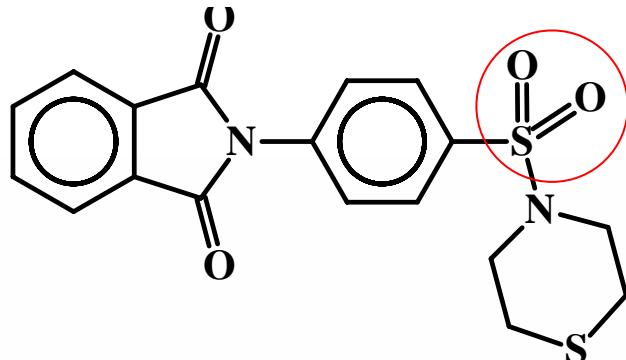
L. M. Lima *et al.*, "Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory Activity of Phthalimide

Derivatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues", *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 2002, **10**, 3067

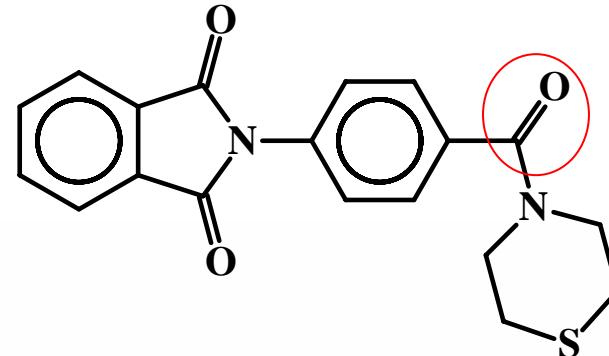
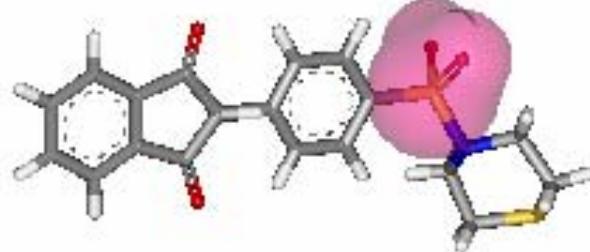
M. S. Alexandre-Moreira *et al.*, "LASSBio-468: a New achiral Thalidomide Analogue which Modulates TNF- α and NO Production and Inhibit Endotoxic Shock and Arthritis in Animal Model", *International Immunopharmacology* 2005, **5**, 485.

LASSBio-468 Optimization

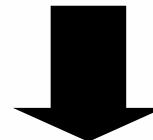
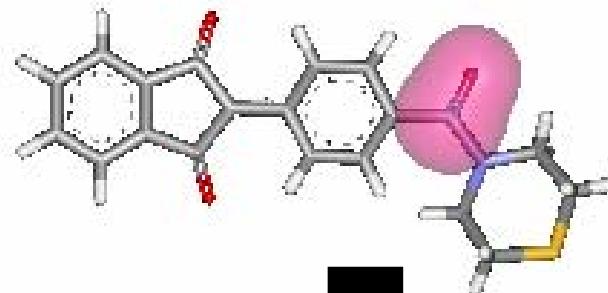
LEAD COMPOUND Lead-optimization



LASSBio-468



Bioisosteres* LASSBio-595



LASSBio-596
PI 041660-2



* L. M. Lima & E. J. Barreiro, "Bioisosterism: A Useful Strategy for Molecular Modification and Drug Design", *Curr. Med. Chem.* 2005, 13, 23; [<http://www.bentham.org/cmc/samples/cmc12-1/0002C.pdf>]



e-mail of Eliezer J. Barreiro

De: Kyle Kuhn - Paramount BioCapital Investments, LLC
Para: eliezer@pharma.ufrj.br
Cc: eliezer@ufrj.br
Data: 26/08/2006 11:01
Assunto: Phthalimide derivative LASSBio-552



Dr. Barreiro,

My name is Kyle Kuhn, I represent a *biopharmaceutical investment firm called Paramount BioCapital Investments, LLC*. My job here at Paramount is to identify promising therapeutic technologies, and explore potential investment and/or licensing opportunities.

I recently saw a summary of some information you presented at the recent International Symposium on Nitric Oxide, Cytokines and Inflammation, in Malbourne, and I would like to learn more about compound LASSBio-552.

I would like to know the development status of this compound, as well as any plans for its continued development. I would also like to know the IP status for this technology. Any additional information you can provide would be very helpful.

It may be more convenient to speak over the phone. If you would like to provide a number, and suggest a convenient time, I would be happy to give you a call. Alternatively, my contact information is provided below, please feel free to contact me at your convenience. I look forward to hearing from you.

Best regards,
Kyle Kuhn

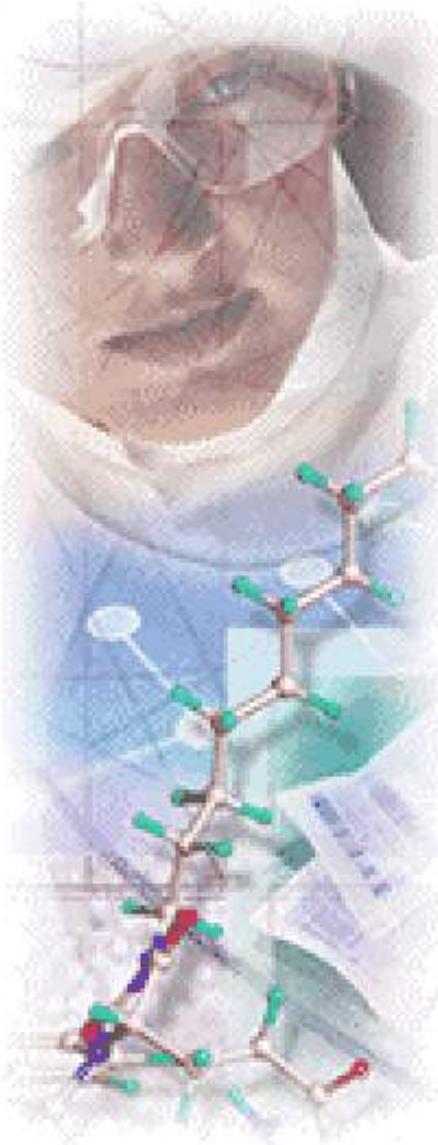


Biotechnology Venture Capital Analyst

Paramount BioCapital Investments, LLC

787 Seventh Avenue - New York, NY 10019 -Tel: 212.554.4315 -Fax: 212.554.4490

e-mail: KKuhn@Paramountbio.com



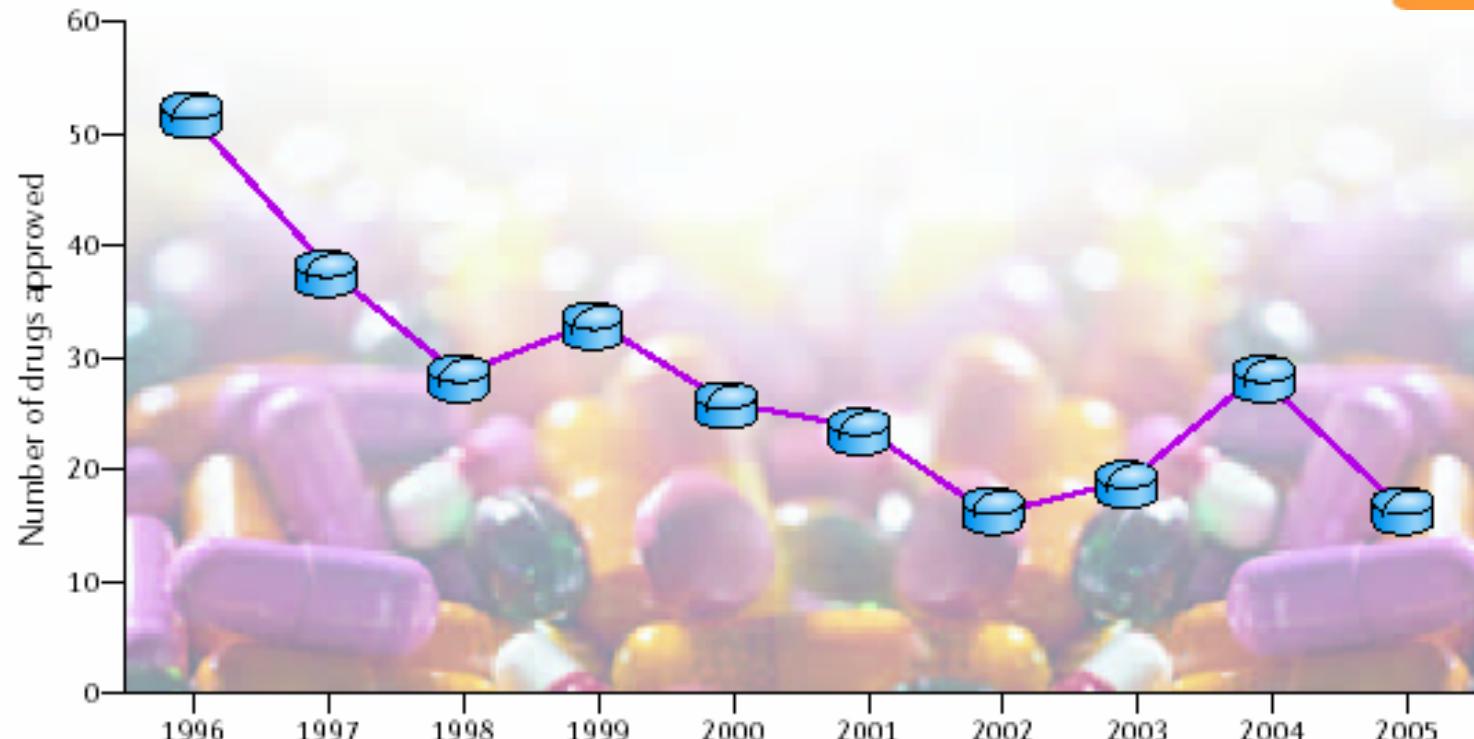
Conclusões



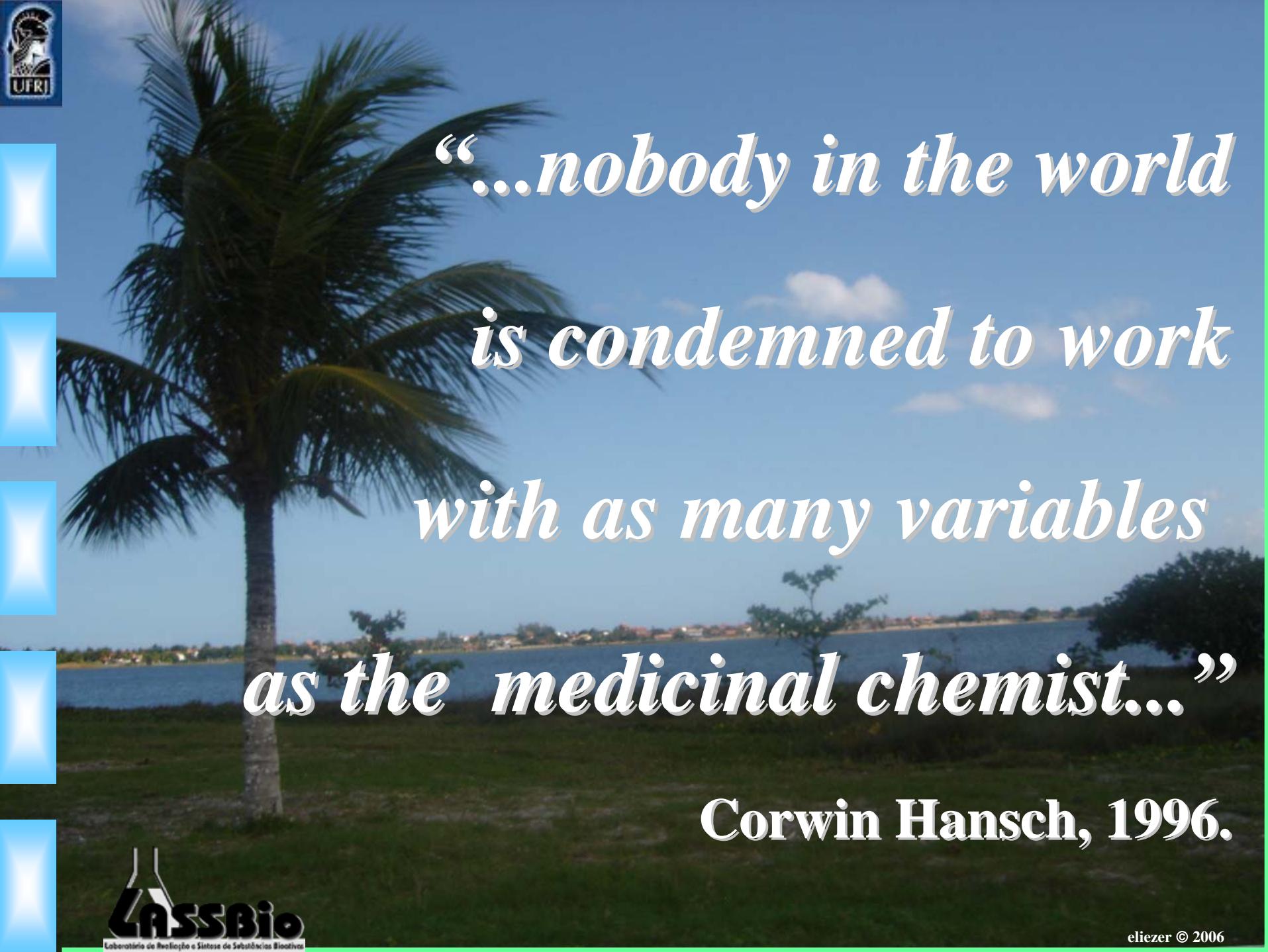
Academia given a helping hand in drug development

Malorye Allison Branca

Nature Rev. Drug Disc. 2006, 5, 177



The FDA hopes its new initiatives will help buck the recent downturn in innovative drugs approved.



*“...nobody in the world
is condemned to work
with as many variables
as the medicinal chemist...”*

Corwin Hansch, 1996.



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Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas

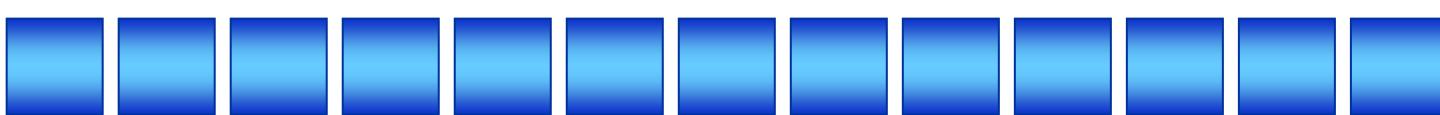


Dr. Carlos Mauricio R. Sant'Anna

Departamento de Fármacos Faculdade de Farmácia Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro



www.farmacia.ufrj.br/lassbio



LASSBio - Faculdade de Farmácia da UFRJ - Microsoft Internet Explorer fornecido por AOL Brasil



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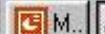
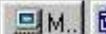
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