

Seminários VDEPI

Complexo Tecnológico de Medicamentos
Farmanguinhos / Fiocruz



“A QUÍMICA MEDICINAL E A INOVAÇÃO EM FÁRMACOS:

o papel do INCT- INOFAR”



Eliezer J. Barreiro



Professor Titular
UFRJ



Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas

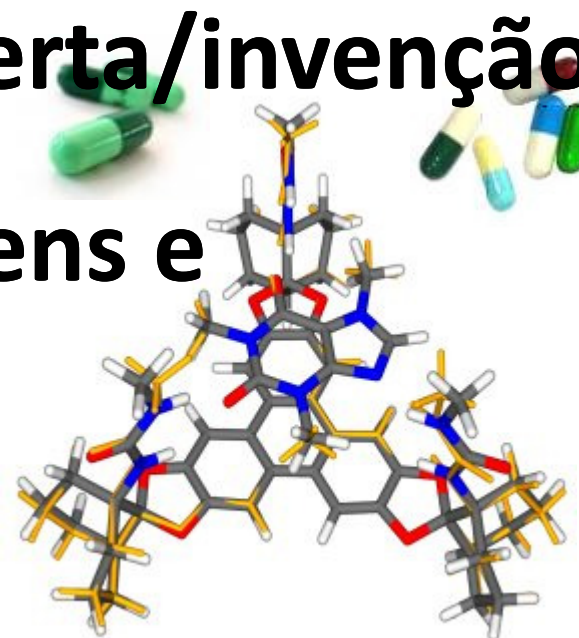
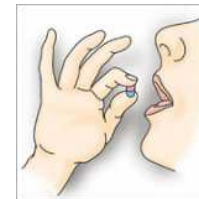


Instituto Nacional de Ciência e Tecnologia
de Fármacos e Medicamentos
INCT-INOFAR



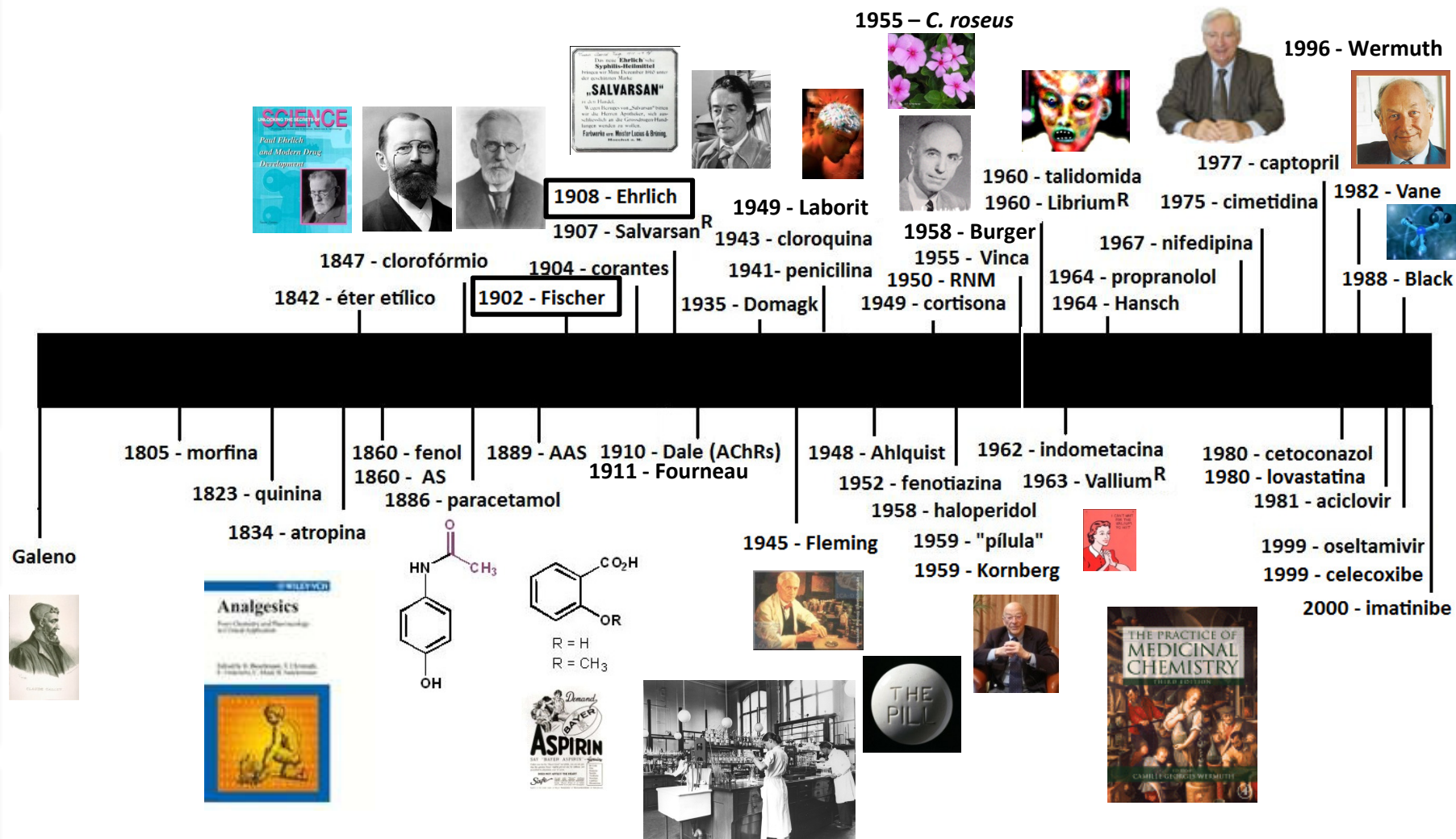
Química Medicinal

A Química Medicinal estuda as razões moleculares da ação dos fármacos, sua descoberta/invenção empregando abordagens e estratégias interativas multidisciplinares.





Cronologia histórica da **Química Medicinal**



Paradigma de Ehrlich & Fischer: Primeiro Paradigma da Química Medicinal

De fármacos e suas descobertas

Pretende-se tratar de temas, opiniões, comentários sobre a Ciência dos Fármacos, seu uso seguro e benefícios. Aspectos da formação qualificada de universitários e pós-graduandos nas Ciências dos Fármacos também são de interesse.

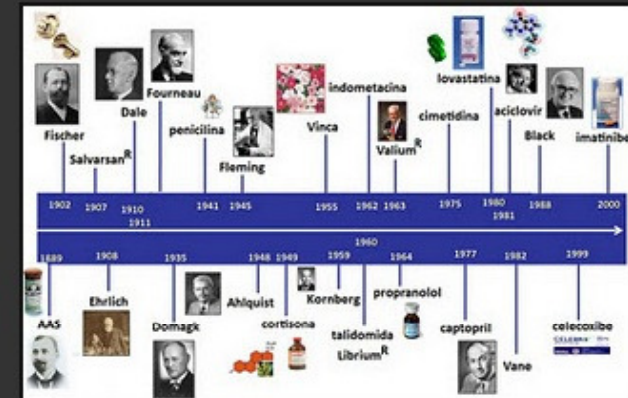
<http://ejb-eliezer.blogspot.com>

SEGUNDA-FEIRA, 14 DE NOVEMBRO DE 2011

A Linha do Tempo da Química Medicinal: assim nascem os fármacos (III)

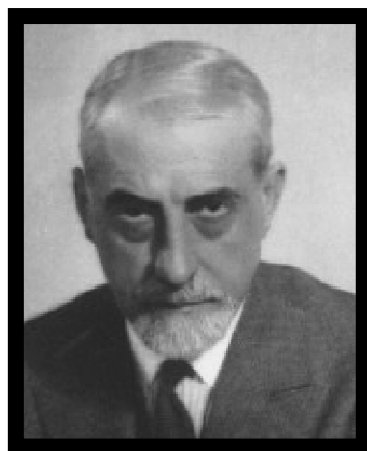
A descoberta da penicilina promoveu o desenvolvimento da quimioterapia e inúmeros e diversos antibióticos se somam na composição do atual arsenal terapêutico.

Além da diversidade química destas substâncias bioativas, em termos moleculares, vários são seus os mecanismos farmacológicos de ação. Ao lado dos antibióticos, outros fármacos são classificados como quimioterápicos e entre estes estão os fármacos oncológicos, onde se encontram os antibióticos anti-câncer, como as antraciclínicas, e destacam-se a daunomicina (daunorubicina) descoberta nos laboratórios Farmitalia na cidade de Milão, Itália, por Aurelio Di Marco, em 1962, isolada do fungo *Streptomyces peucetius* e seu derivado 14-hidroxilado, adriamicina, que podem ser consideradas as moléculas pioneiras desta classe de agentes oncológicos.





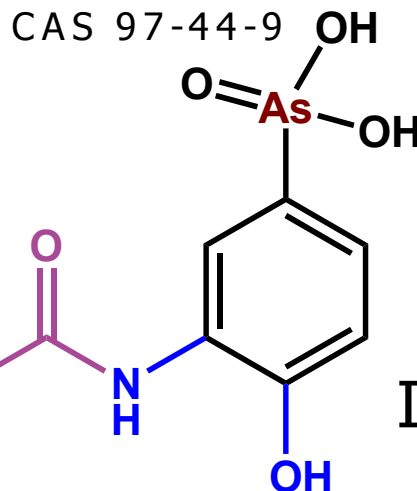
O berço da Química Medicinal



Ernest Fourneau
1872-1949



Stovarsol



Institut Pasteur (1887)

1911- Laboratoire de Chimie Thérapeutique



Diretor: Emile Roux

SOME ASPECTS OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CHEMICAL
CONSTITUTION AND CURARE-LIKE ACTIVITY

By Daniel Bovet*
Istituto Superiore di Sanita, Rome, Italy

Definition

Historical Background. Curarizing substances represent a group of pharmacodynamic agents whose effects reproduce those of different types of Indian curare and its active principles (d-tubocurarine, C-toxiferine, C-curarine I).

Ann. NY Acad. Sci. 1951, 54, 407-437



Daniel Bovet
1907-1992 *

*Farmacêutico suíço
Doutor *h.c.* UFRJ

Prêmio Nobel de
Fisiologia/Medicina
1957
anti-histamínicos
(*sulfonamidas*)

Curare: SAR



J-P Fourneau, « Ernest Fourneau fondateur de la Chimie Pharmaceutique française », *Revue de l'Histoire de la Pharmacie*, t.XXXIV, n° 275, 335-355



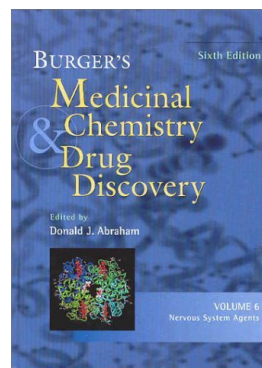
Drug Design and Development. A Realistic Appraisal*

Alfred Burger

J. Med Chem. **1978**, *21*, 1

Department of Chemistry, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia 22901. Received December 29, 1976

The discovery of new biologically–therapeutically active structures continues to depend on screening and on isolated observations of unexpected drug metabolites and drug activities. The selection of therapeutically improved and useful chemicals requires molecular modification. Refinements in intuitive and physicochemical methodology can provide shortcuts in random choices and permit extrapolations of some facets of activity with a variable degree of accuracy. The final decisions concerning the usefulness of a drug remain in the domain of experimental and clinical pharmacology.



Prof. Alfred Burger

(1904-2000)

University of Virginia

EUA

1958 – fundou o Journal of the Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry → depois Journal of Medicinal Chemistry

“An Editor’s Commentary on the Birth of a Journal”,
J. Med. Chem. **1991**, *34*, 2-6



“...The unprecedented increase in human life expectancy, which has almost doubled in a hundred years, is mainly due to drugs and to those who discovered them.”

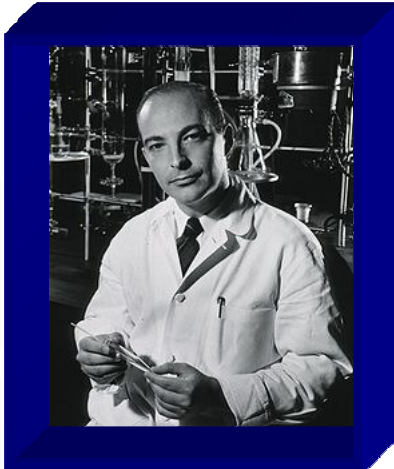
Química
e
Medicinal



Alfred Burger

em “The practice of medicinal chemistry”, Wiley, 1970, p. 4.

EJB2



Arthur Kornberg
1918-2007

1
9
8
7

Prêmio Nobel, 1959



The Two Cultures: Chemistry and Biology¹

Interdisciplinaridade

Department of Biochemistry, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

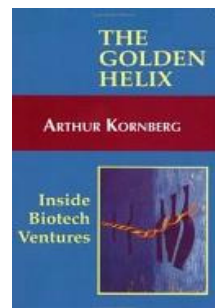
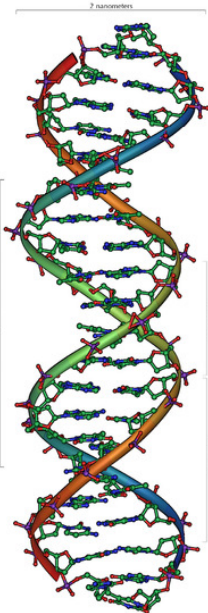
Received July 14, 1987

“Much of life can be understood in rational terms if expressed in the language of chemistry... the

historical roots of *chemistry* and *biology*

are intertwined in many places...

Pharmaceutical chemistry was until recently the bastion of organic chemistry... in the search for alternative or superior drugs for the treatment of various diseases...”



A. Kornberg, **Science and medicine at the millennium**, *Braz J Med Biol Res*, 1997, 30, 1379



Biochemistry 1987, 26, 6888-6891

Slide 8

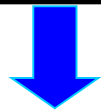
EJB2

Kornberg definiu as bases da interdisciplinaridade das ciências dos fármacos quando antecipou a necessidade de aproximar-se a Química e a Biologia.

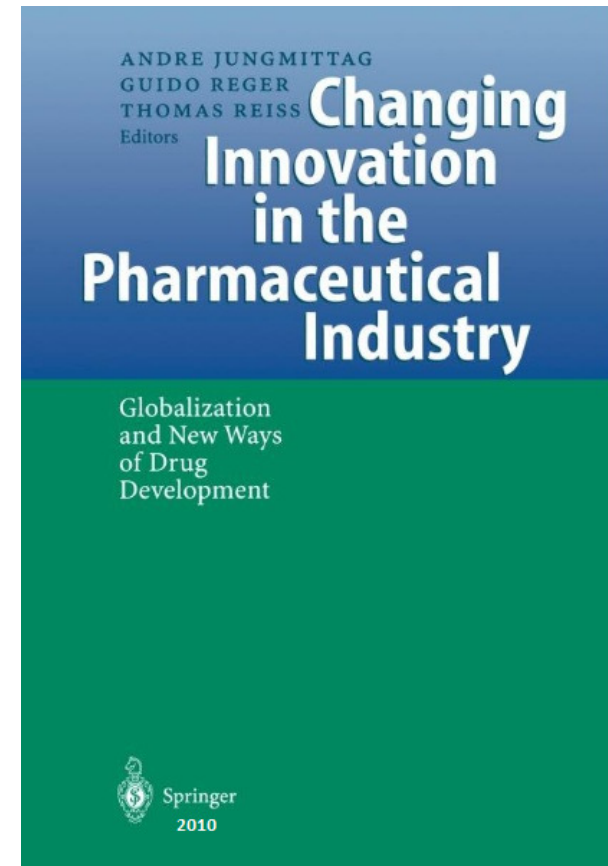
Eliezer J. Barreiro; 04/03/2010



A inovação tecnológica é um dos processos mais dinâmicos da atividade industrial. Este dinamismo se expressa de forma acentuada na inovação tecnológica farmacêutica que, mais do que qualquer outra, depende da efetiva interação entre Ciência & Tecnologia.

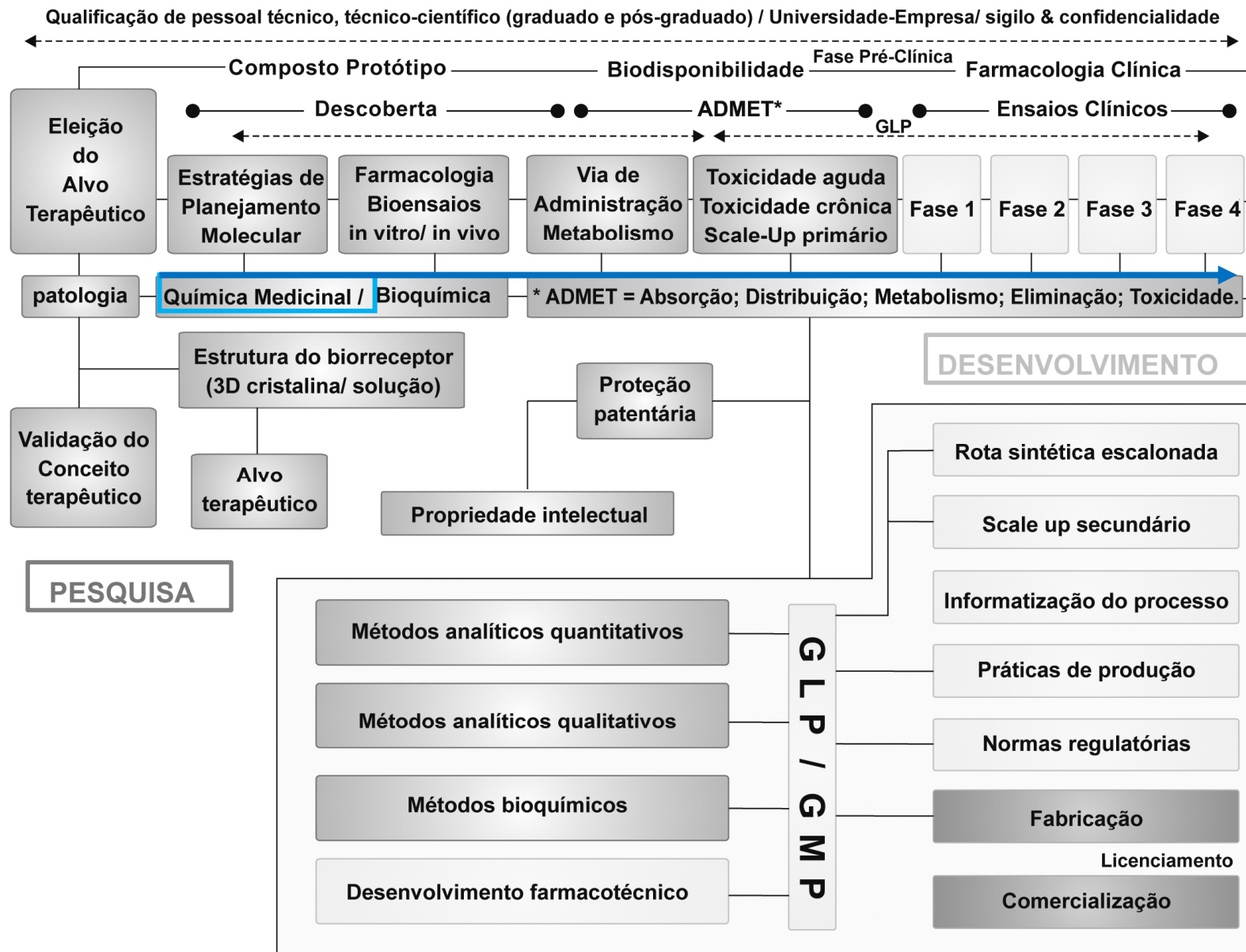


A **inovação farmacêutica** é produto da descoberta ou da invenção e o principal driving-force da indústria farmacêutica que *desenvolve* fármacos e que faturou US\$ 850 bilhões, em 2010.





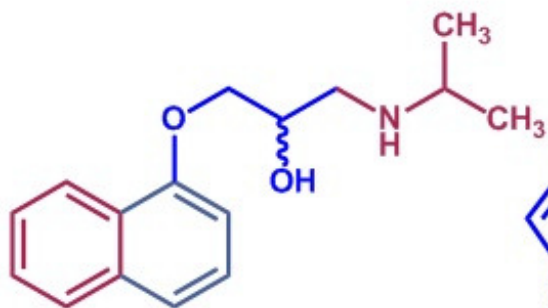
A cadeia de inovação radical de fármacos



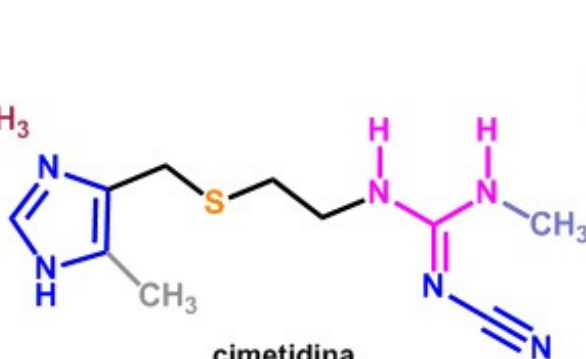
Interdisciplinar



Alguns fármacos inovadores



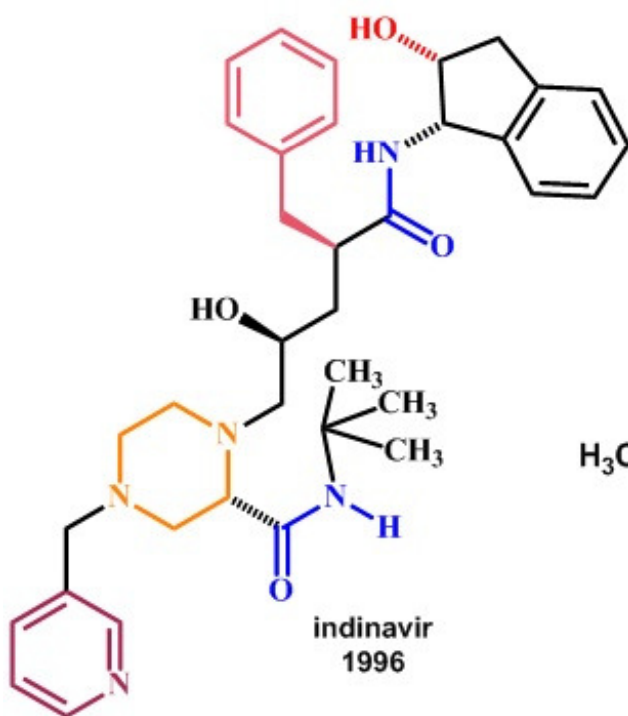
propranolol
1964



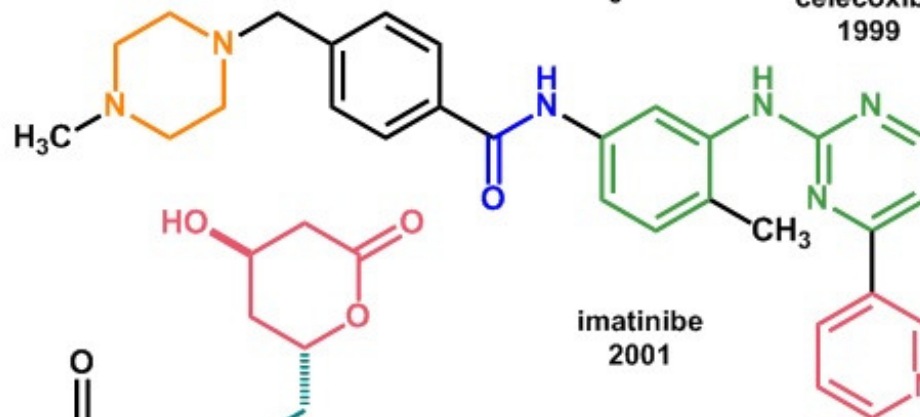
cimetidina
1975



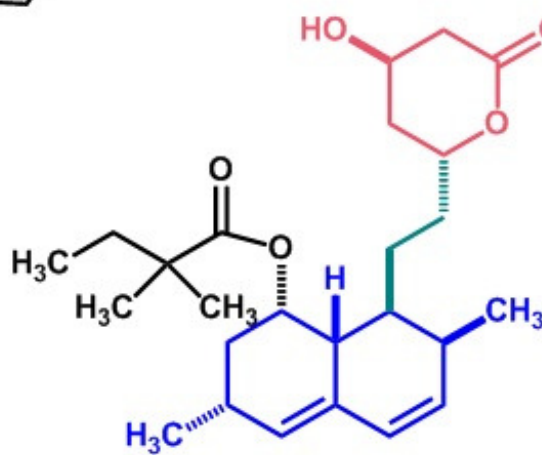
celecoxibe
1999



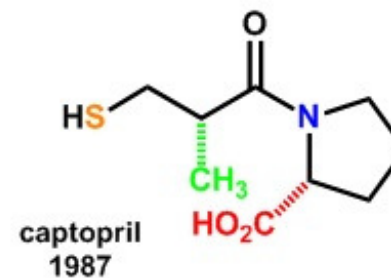
indinavir
1996



imatinibe
2001



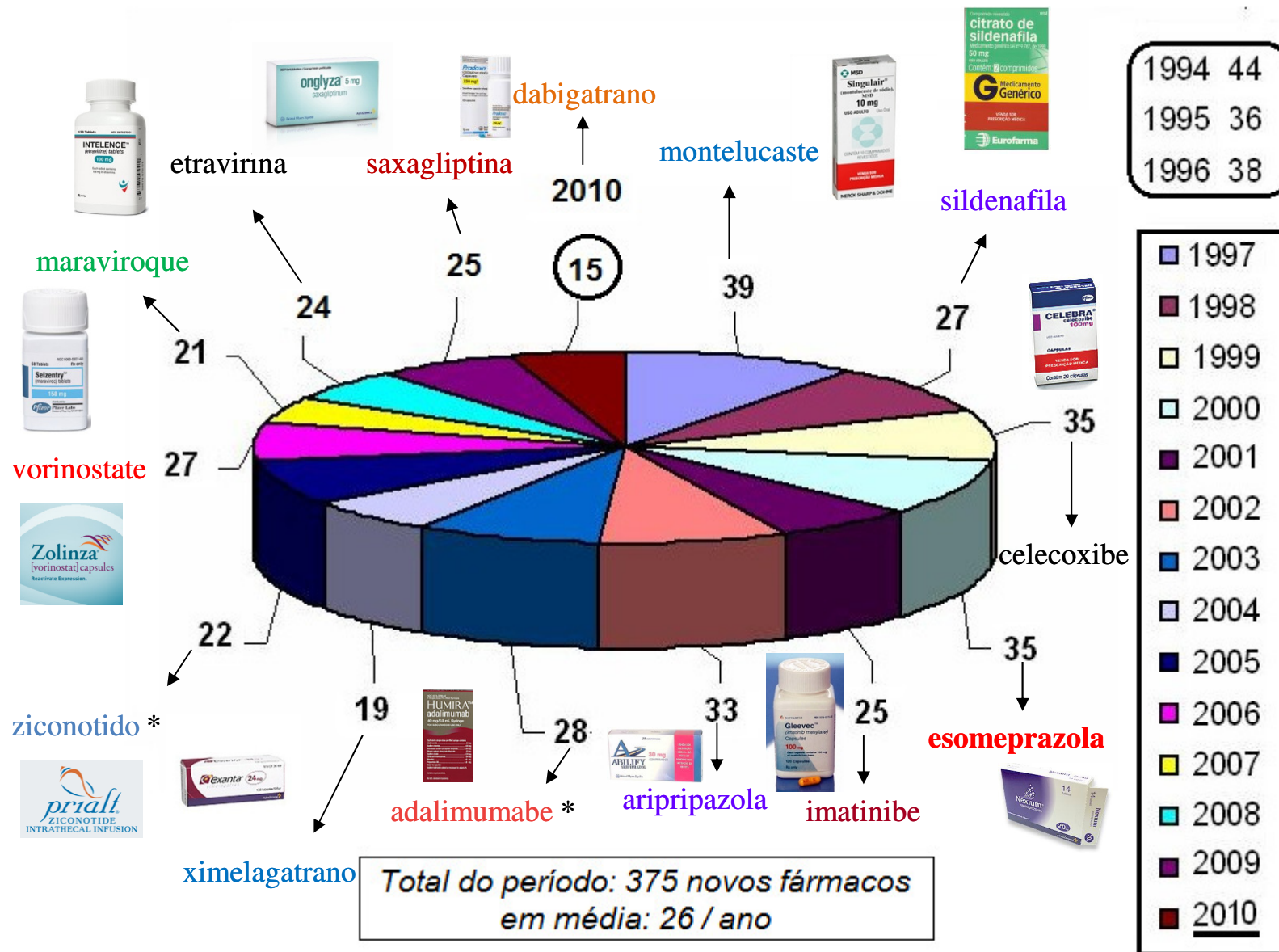
simvastatina
1986



captopril
1987



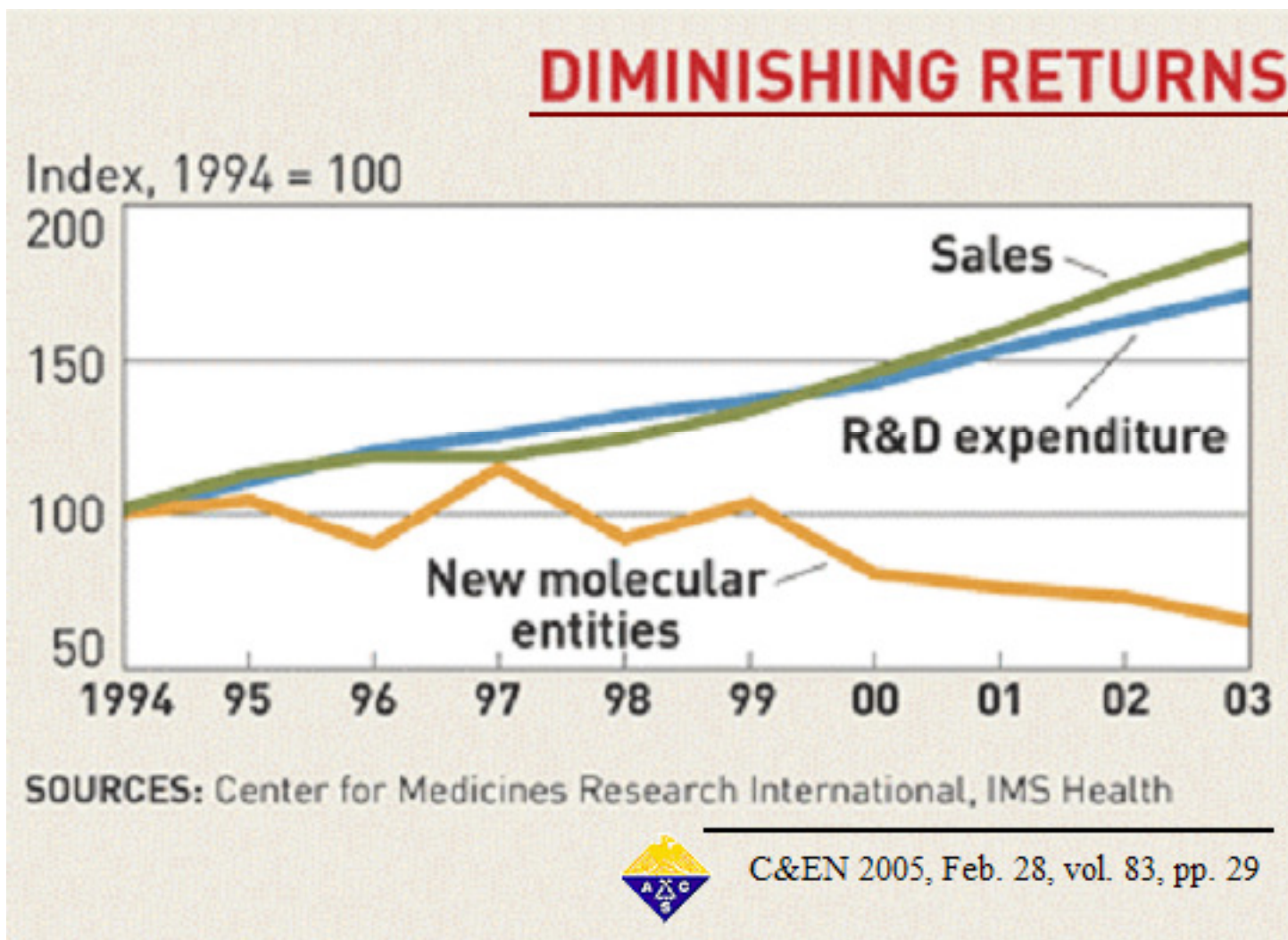
Novos fármacos



A IF que inova em fármacos investe 10-15% do faturamento em P&D



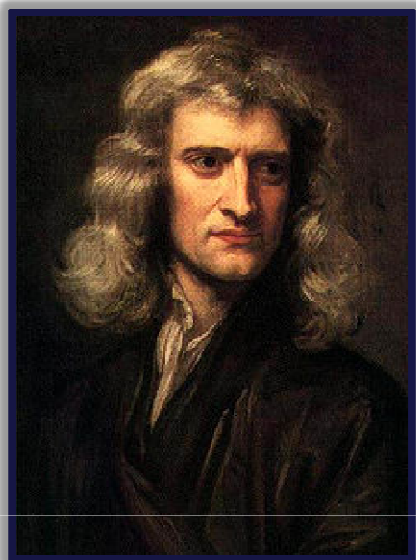
Crise de produtividade na Bigpharma



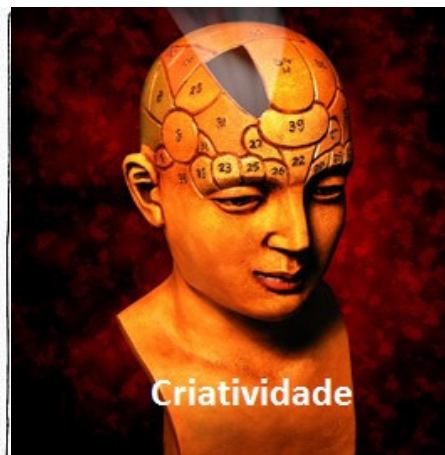
O investimento em PD&I teria sido *ca.* US\$ 85 bilhões (2010)!

A. Mullard, 2010 FDA drug approvals, *Nat. Rev. Drug Discov.* **2011**, *10*, 82 (doi: 10.1038/nrd3370)

O que tinham em comum estes gênios?

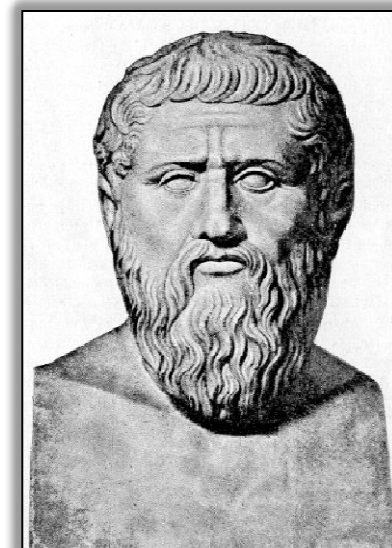


Sir Isaac Newton
(1643-1727)



Criatividade
LONDINI,
Jussu Societatis Regiæ ac Typis Josephi Streater. Prostat apud
plures Bibliopolas. Anno MDCLXXXVII.

1667



Platão
(428-347 aC)

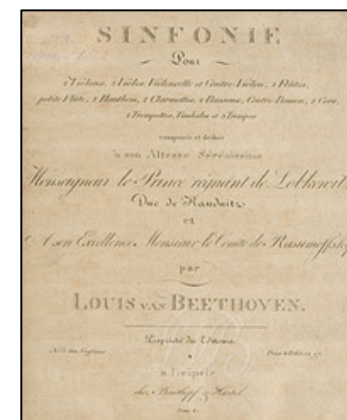
A Republica

Leonardo da Vinci
(1452-1519)

A Santa Ceia



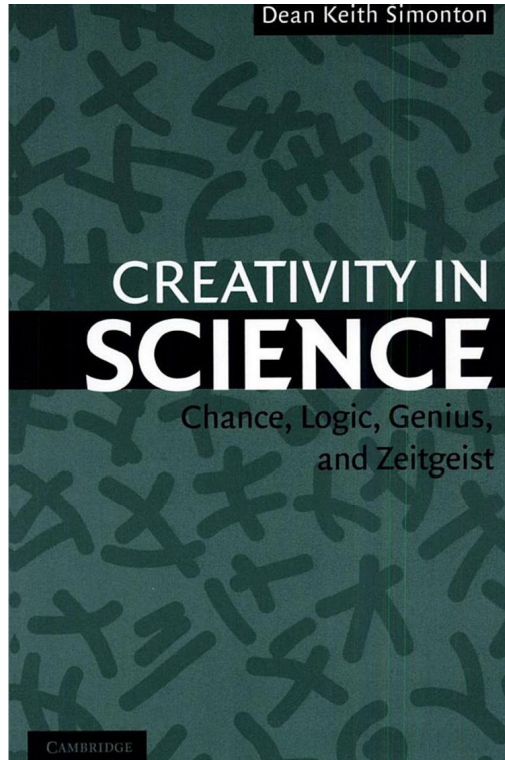
Ludwig van Beethoven
(1770-1827)



Sinfonia nº 5



D Keith Simonton



<http://psychology.ucdavis.edu/Simonton>

Inovação & Criatividade



Scientific creativity is a topic addressed by many distinct disciplines or what have been termed *metasciences*

The most important of these metasciences are the history of science, the philosophy of science, the sociology of science, and the psychology of science. Not surprisingly, each of these metasciences has a somewhat distinctive outlook on the phenomenon. Part of the disciplinary variation may result simply from contrasts in methodological techniques and substantive interests. Where historians prefer narratives, philosophers favor analyses. While sociologists like to discuss institutions, psychologists like to look at individuals. Nonetheless, some of the differences among the metasciences are also based on the essential fact that scientific creativity can be examined from four principal perspectives: logic, genius, chance, and zeitgeist.

- O ambiente propício à criatividade existe, naturalmente, na Academia, favorecendo a produção do conhecimento novo e a pesquisa científica inovadora !



A Química Medicinal

Século 21

Siglo 21

21st Century

Siècle 21

Criatividade inovadora *MedChem*



Chemistry for the 21st Century

IUPAC

Medicinal Chemistry for the 21st Century

Edited by C.G. Wermuth
with N. Koga, H. König & B.W. Metcalf

Blackwell Scientific Publications



New Insights for Multifactorial Disease Therapy: The Challenge of the Symbiotic Drugs

Eliezer J. Barreiro and Carlos Alberto Manssour Fraga

Química Medicinal

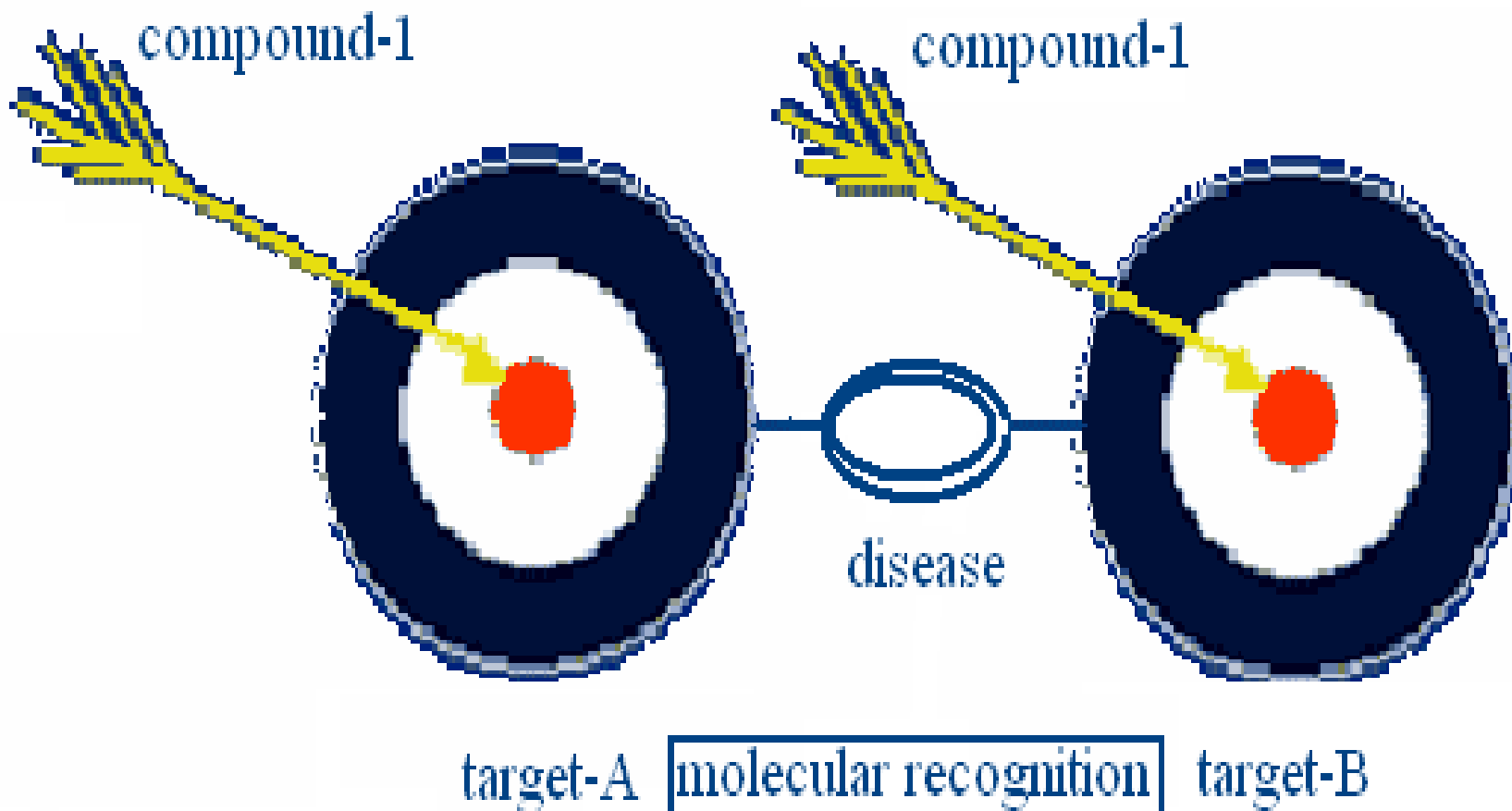
Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas (LASSBio), Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, P.O. Box 68023, 21944-971, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil.



O tratamento de uma patologia multifatorial (e.g. doenças crônicas não transmissíveis, câncer, metabólicas, etc) com fármacos planejados para alvos terapêuticos únicos (Primeiro paradigma da Química Medicinal ou Paradigma de Ehrlich & Fischer) será sempre paliativo! Estas patologias requerem fármacos multi-alvos, i.e. duplos, mixtos, múltiplos ou simbióticos.



The multiple-target lead design

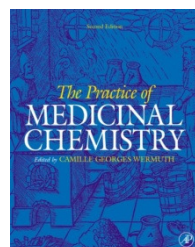
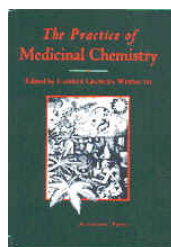


Segundo paradigma da Química Medicinal



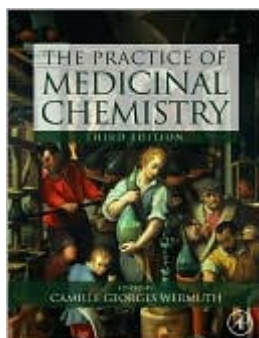
Química Medicinal

“ ... the preparation of dual- or multiple-ligands on an almost rational basis is now conceivable and it can be expected that many of these molecules will yield drugs of superior clinical value ...”



Camille G. Wermuth

Drug Discov. Today 2004, 9, 826





Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro

Química Medicinal



LASSBio

Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas

Cidade Universitária, ilha do Fundão,
Rio de Janeiro, RJ

Creado em 19/04/1994 Laboratório de Avaliação e Síntese de Substâncias Bioativas



Pharmacology
Farmacologia

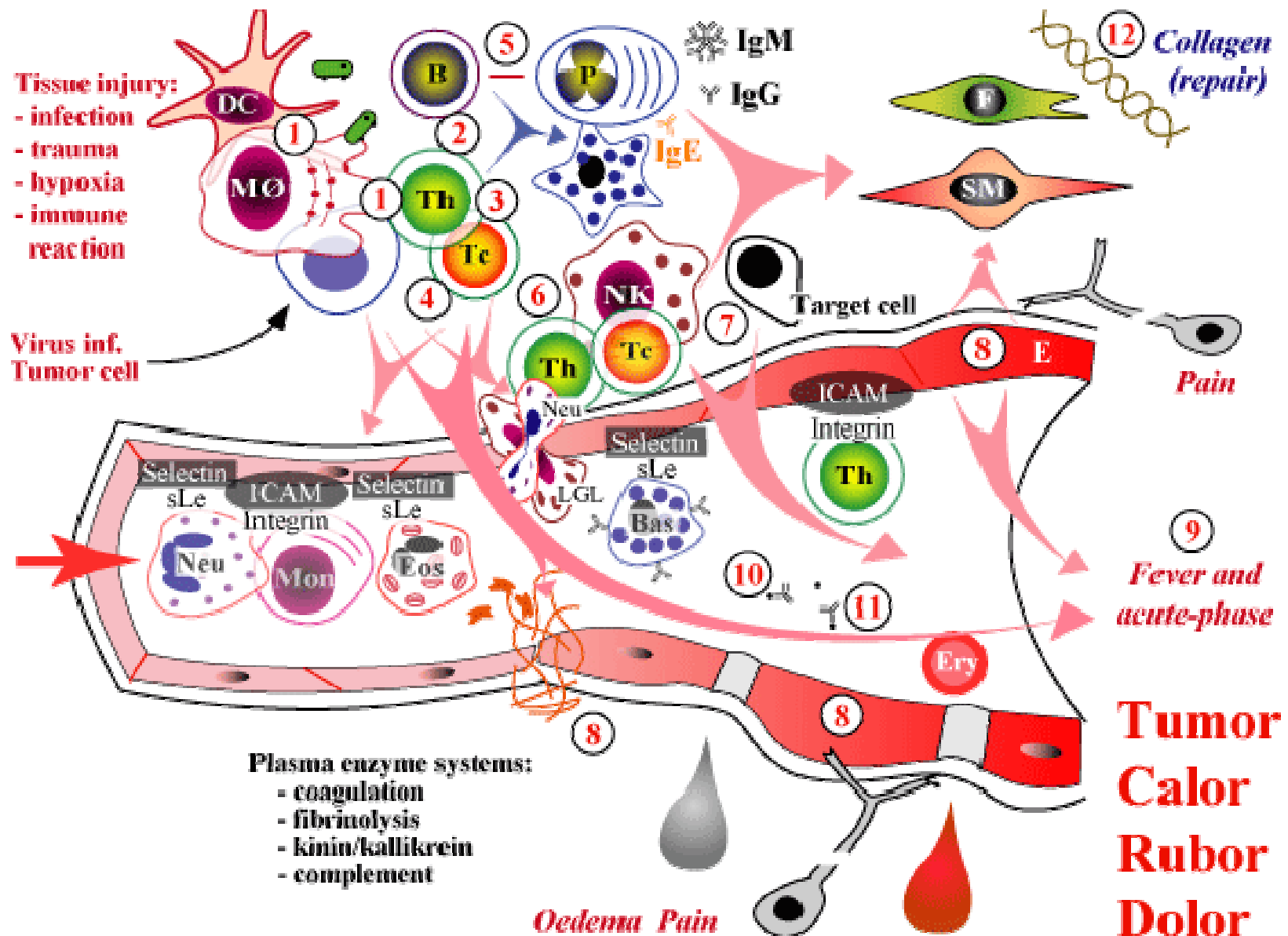


Molecular
Modelagem
Modeling
Molecular



© 2010

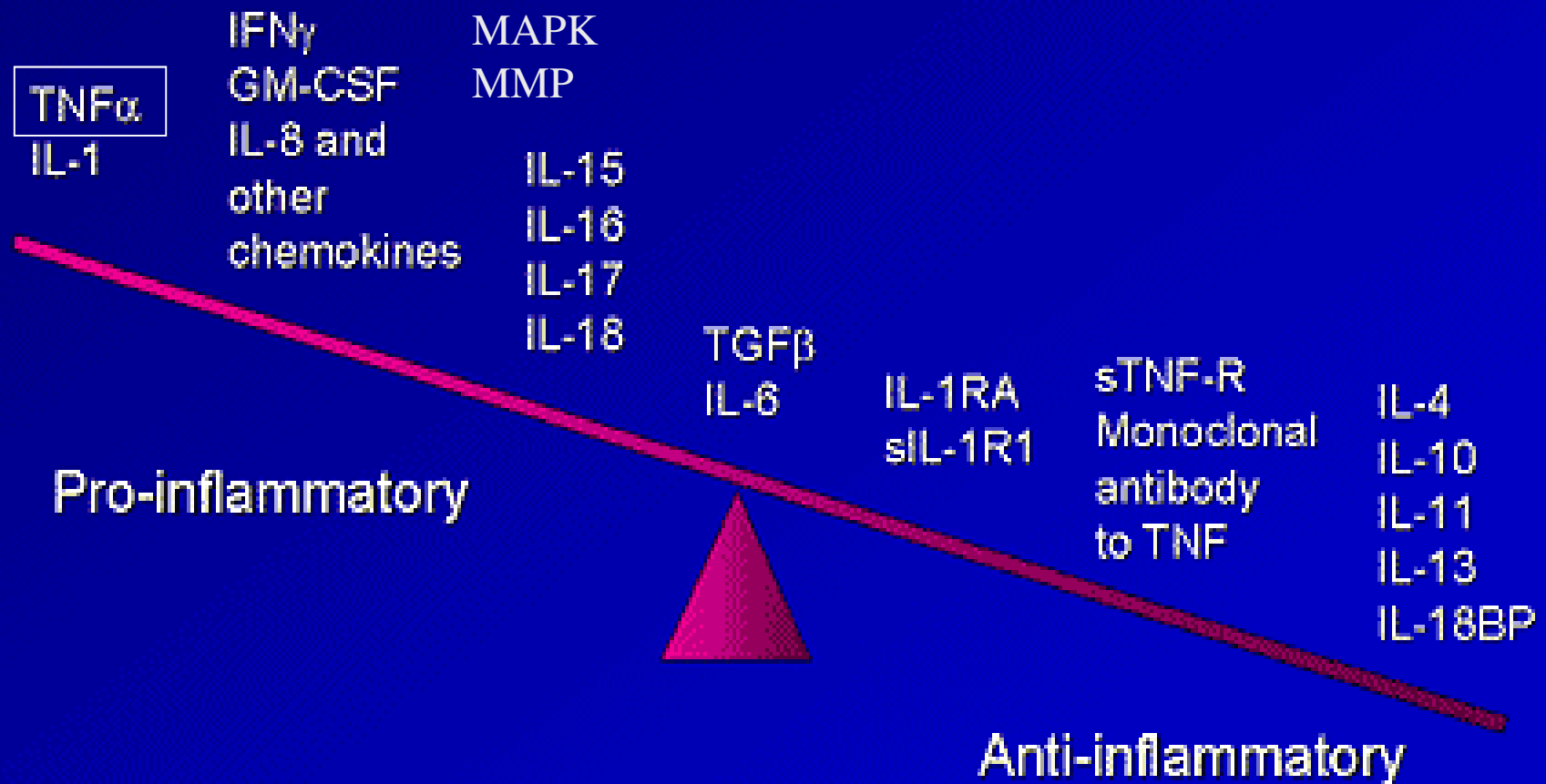
Inflamação: Doença crônica não transmissível



Bendizen 1999



Role of Cytokines and Cytokine Inhibitors in Chronic Inflammation

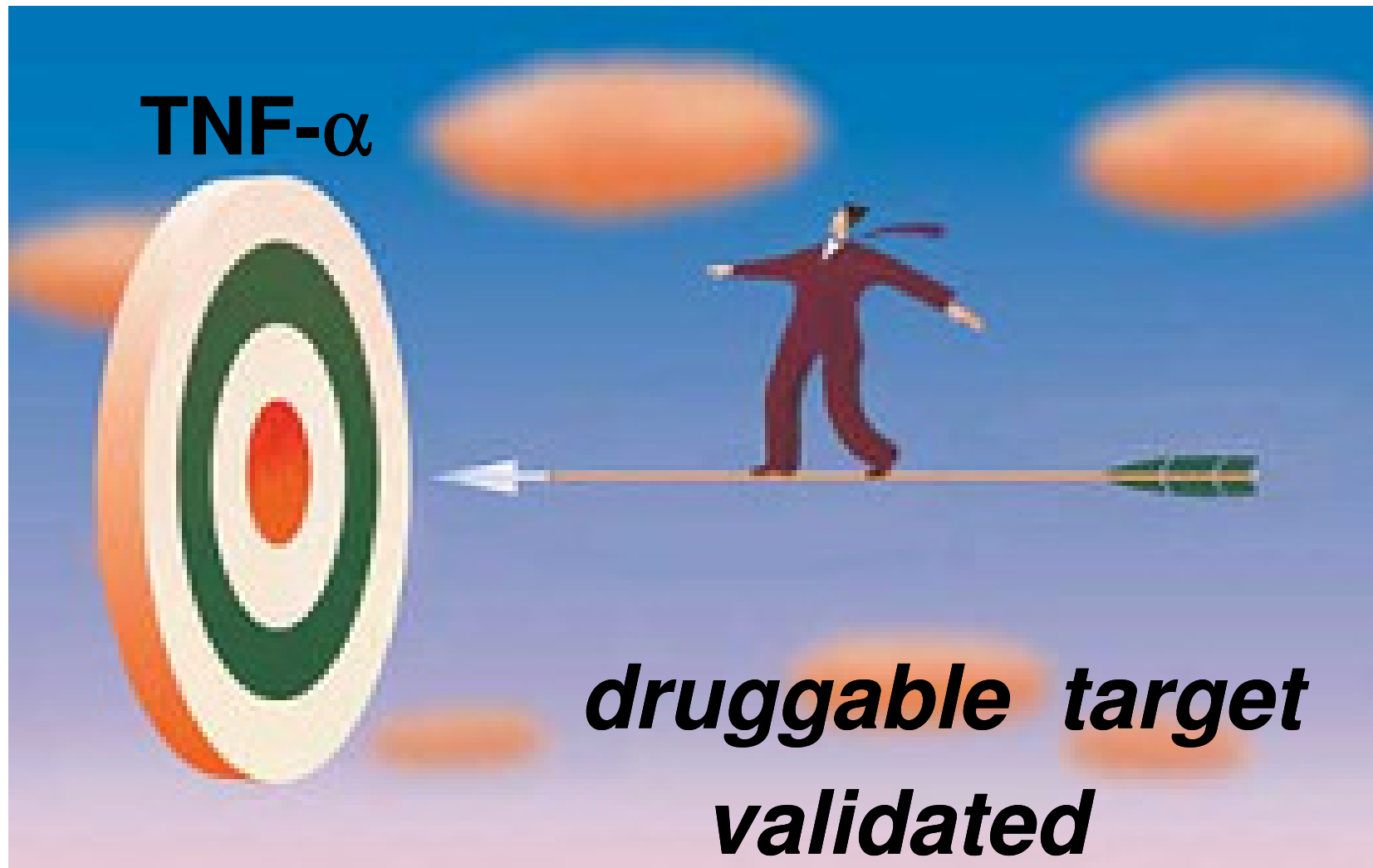


Arend. Arthritis Rheum 2001.

* TNF- α = Tumor necrosis factor-alpha



The Target Election: TNF- α



TNF- α is a cytokine that appears rapidly in response to inflammatory injury

PC Taylor, Pharmacology of TNF blockade in RA and other chronic inflammatory diseases, *Curr. Op. Pharmacol.* 2010, 10, 308



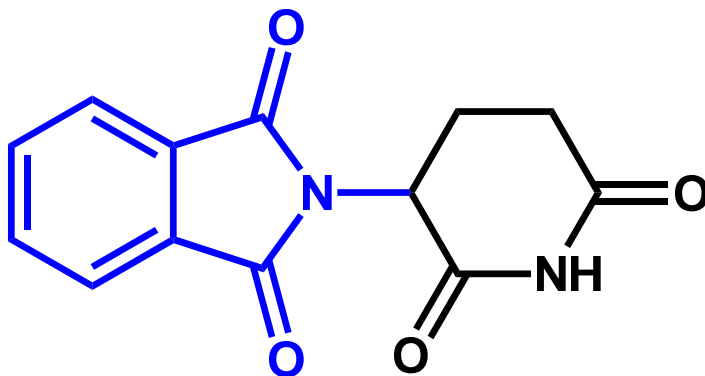
Anti-TNF α Therapies

*Protein-based anti-TNF-alpha Therapies in Clinical Use**

Drug	Status	Biological Form
Etanercept	approved	soluble TNFR2 coupled to Fc portion of IgG
Infliximab	approved	chimeric anti-human TNF antibody
Adalimumab	approved	anti-human TNF antibody
ISIS 104838	clinical	TNF anti-sense
Onercept	clinical	soluble p55 TNFR
Humicade	clinical	anti-TNF humanised IgG4

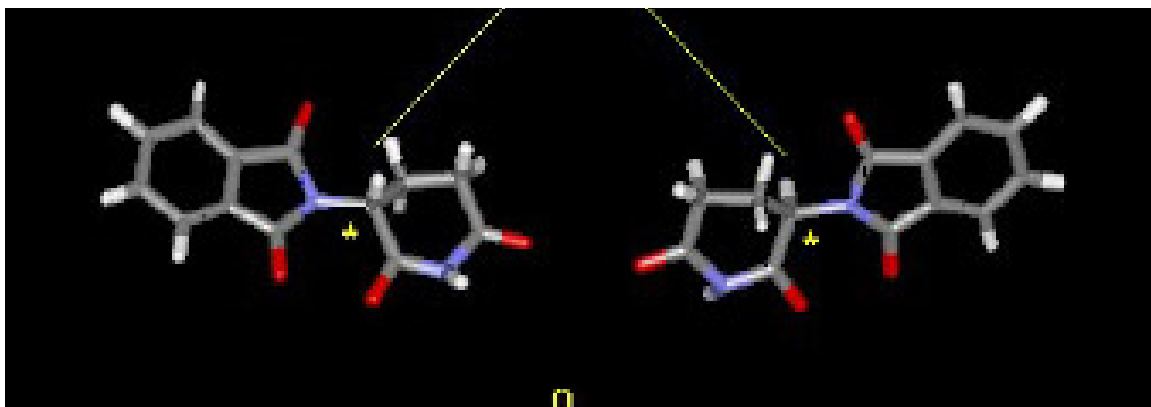
PC Taylor, Pharmacology of TNF blockade in rheumatoid arthritis and other chronic inflammatory diseases, *Curr. Op. Pharmacol.* **2010**, *10*, 308

* protein-based injectable anti-TNF α therapies (biopharmaceuticals)



medicinal chemistry

2-(2,6-dioxo-3-piperidiny)-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione



Wilhelm Kunz, 1953
Herbert Keller, 1953
CNS, 1957
Frances Kelsey, 1961
Gilla Kaplan, 1991 (TNF- α)
Elisabeth Sampaio, 1997

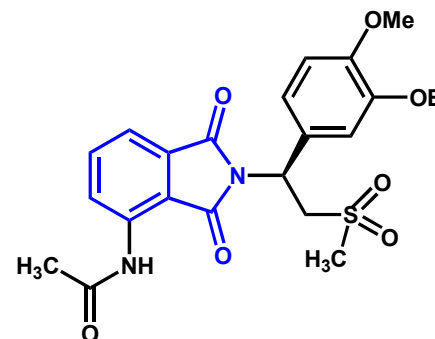
Thalidomide

Anti-TNF α

TNF- α IC₅₀ = 200 μ M

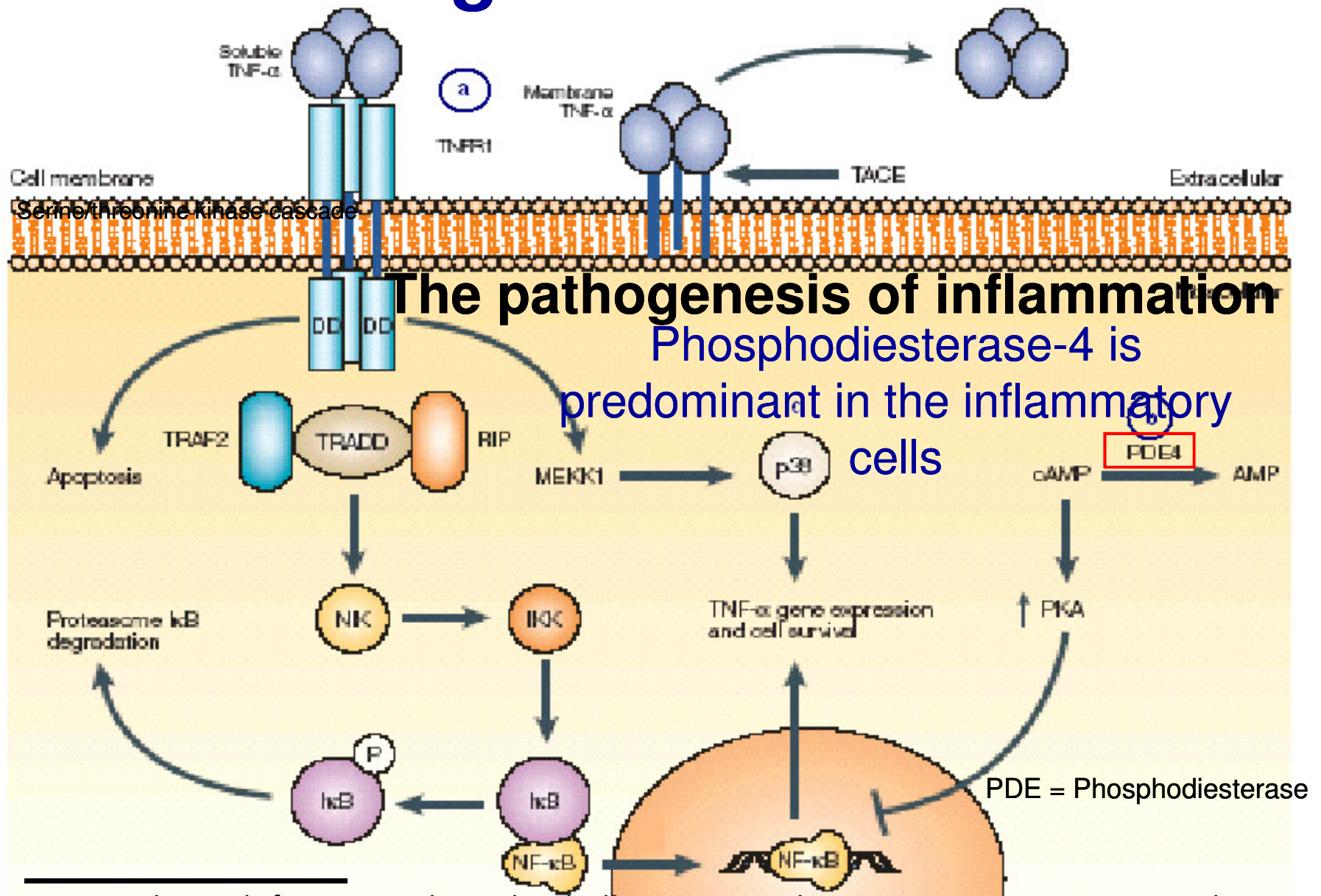
Apremilast, Phase II, Celgene (2009)

H-W Man *et al.*, *J. Med. Chem.* **2009**, *52*, 1522
FE McCann *et al.*, *Arthritis Res. Ther.* **2010**, *12*, R107





Second Target Election: PDE-4



M. D. Houslay, P. Schafer, P.; K. Y. J. Zhang, Phosphodiesterase-4 as a therapeutic target, *Drug Discovery Today* **2005**, *10*, 1503; B. J. Lipworth, Phosphodiesterase-4 inhibitors for asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, *Lancet* **2005**, *365*, 167

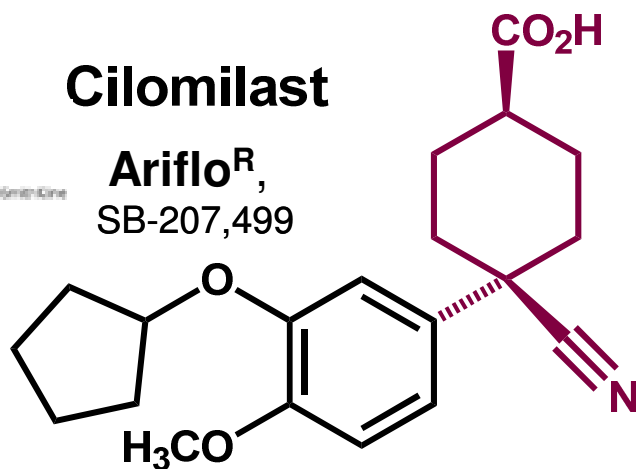


Alvo terapêutico validado

Cilomilast



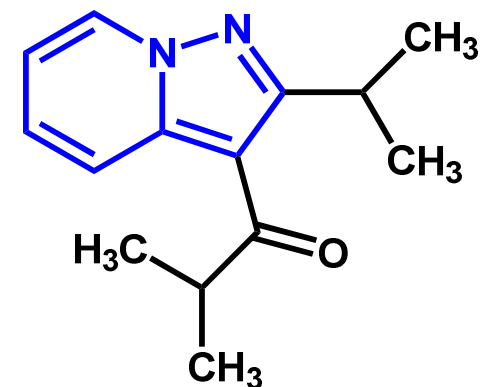
Ariflo[®],
SB-207,499



4-cyano-cyclohexyl carboxylic acid

SB Christensen *et al.*, *J. Med.Chem.* **1998**, *41*, 821

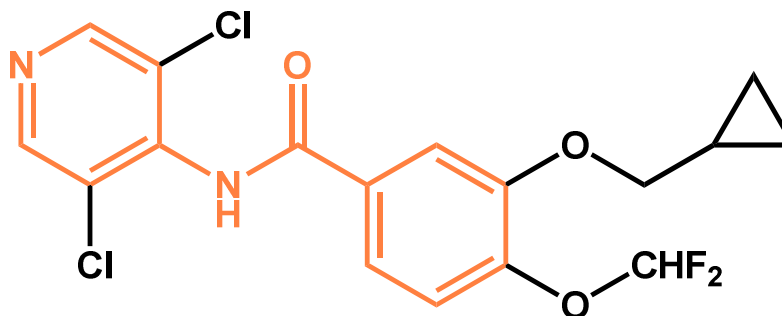
Ibudilast



pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine

Z Huang *et al.*, *Life Sciences* **2006**, *78*, 2663

Roflumilast



pyridine-benzamide

LM Fabbri *et al.*, *Nature Rev Drug Discov* **2010**, *9*, 761



Daxas[®]
Aprovado
2011



A Kodimuthali, S S L Jabaris, M Pal, Recent advances on phosphodiesterase 4 inhibitors for the treatment of asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, *J. Med. Chem.* **2008**, *51*, 5471; S. Diamant, D Spina, PDE-4 inhibitors: a novel, targeted therapy for obstructive airways diseases, *Pulmonary Pharmacol. Ther.* **2011**, *24*, 353.

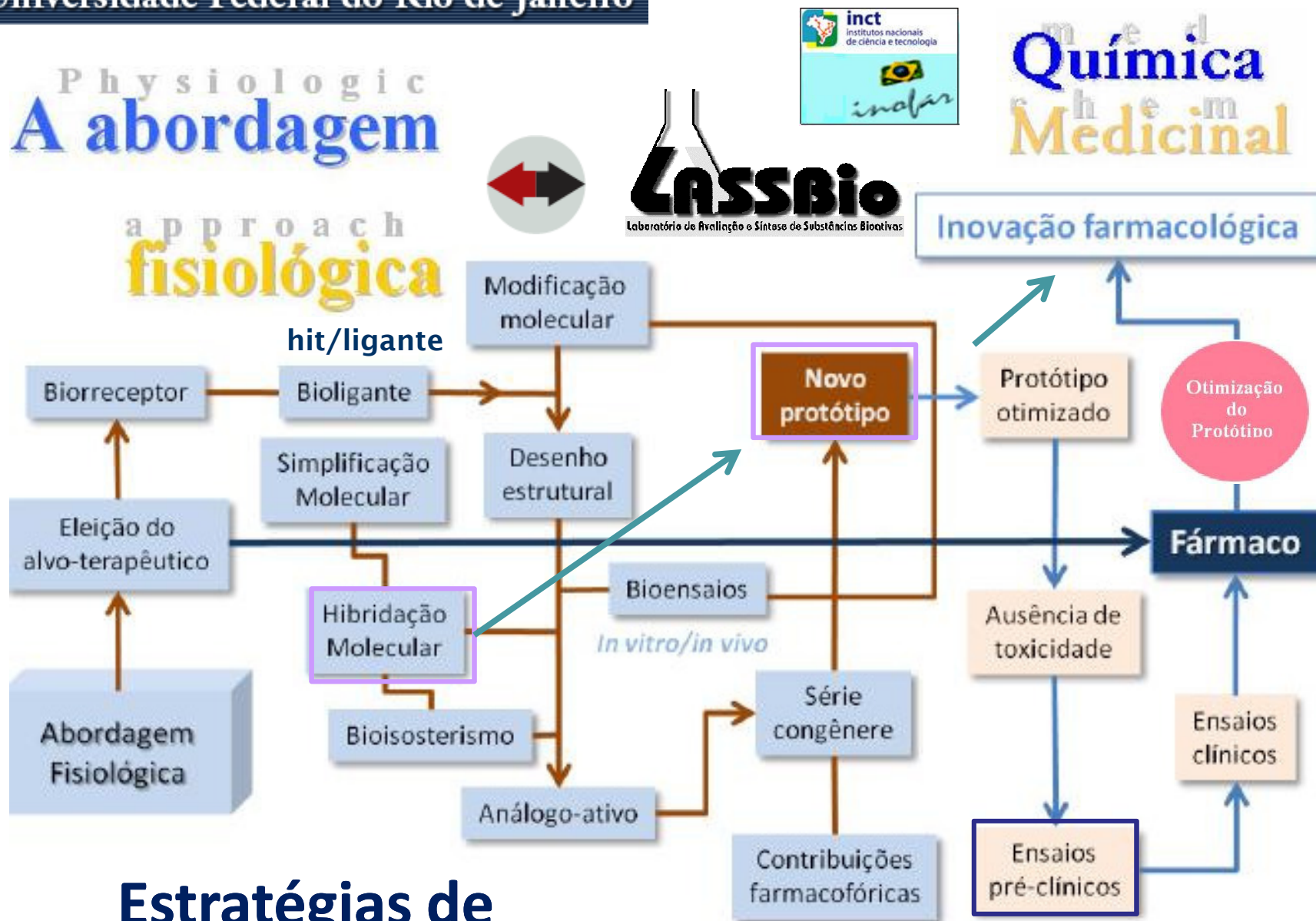


O sonho do Químico Medicinal



Physiologic A abordagem

approach
fisiológica



Estratégias de
desenho molecular

validação precoce do
alvo-terapêutico

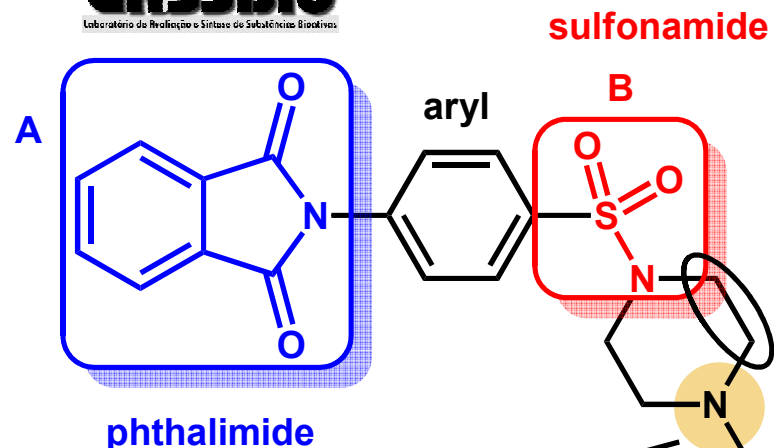
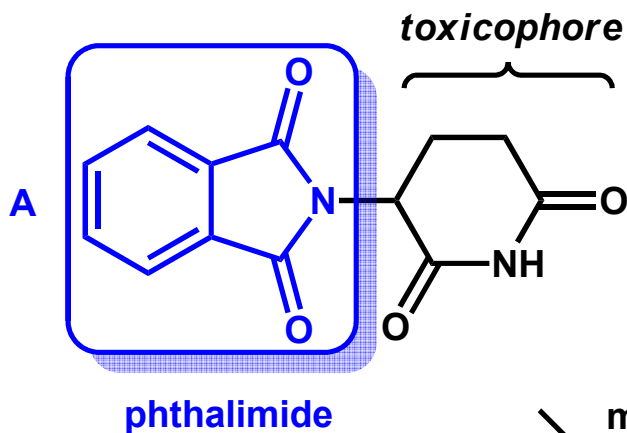


Química
Medicinal

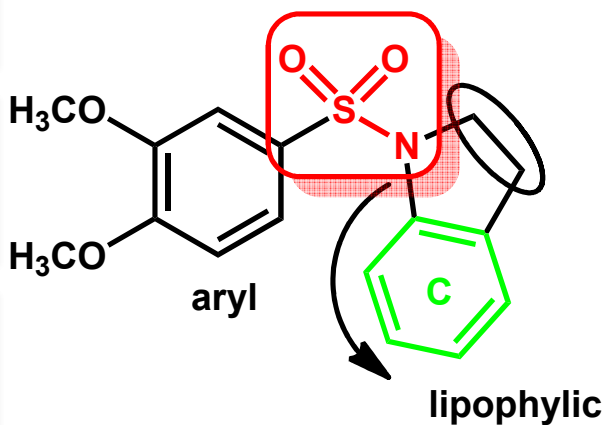


Inovação farmacológica

The design of new dual agent with anti-TNF α activity & PDE-4i

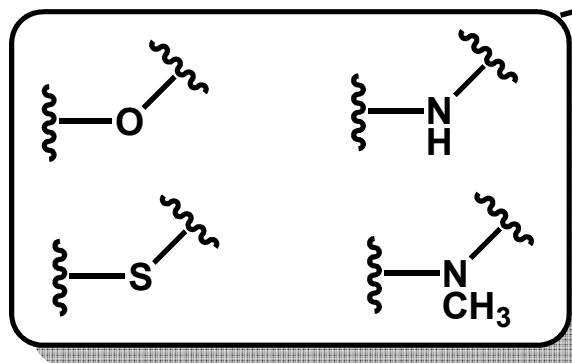


molecular hybridization



Montana *et al.*, 1998

isosteres

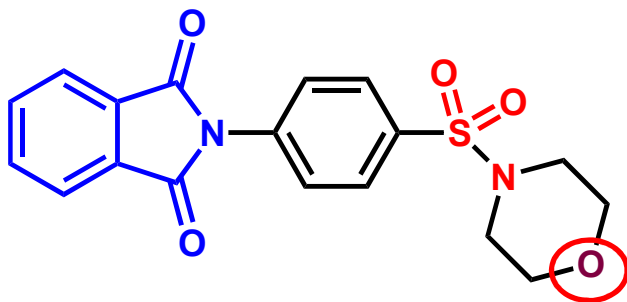


σ , π , RM

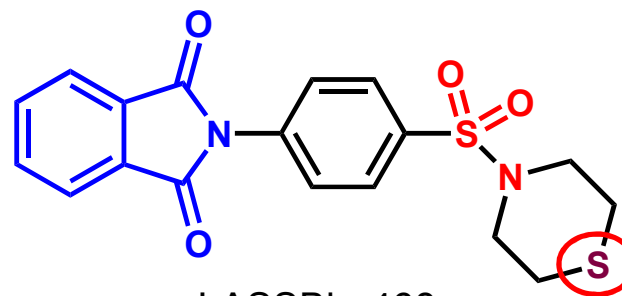
Drug Design



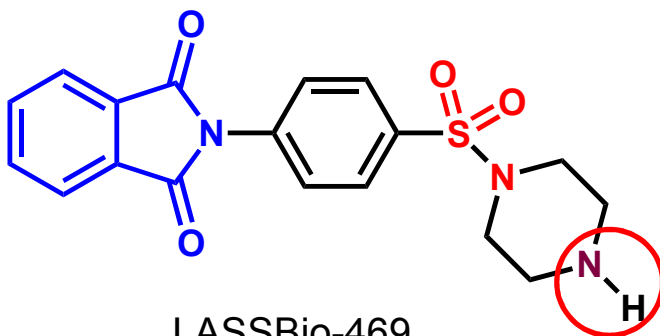
Série Congênere



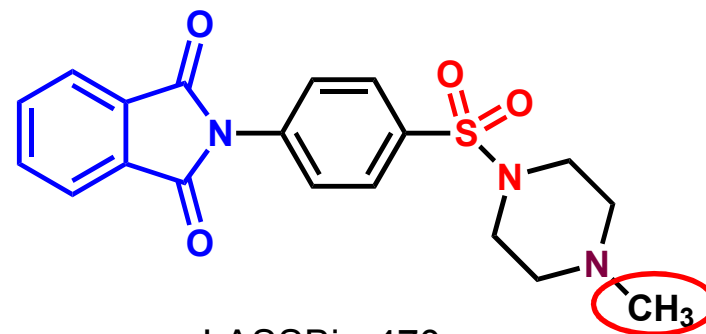
LASSBio-449



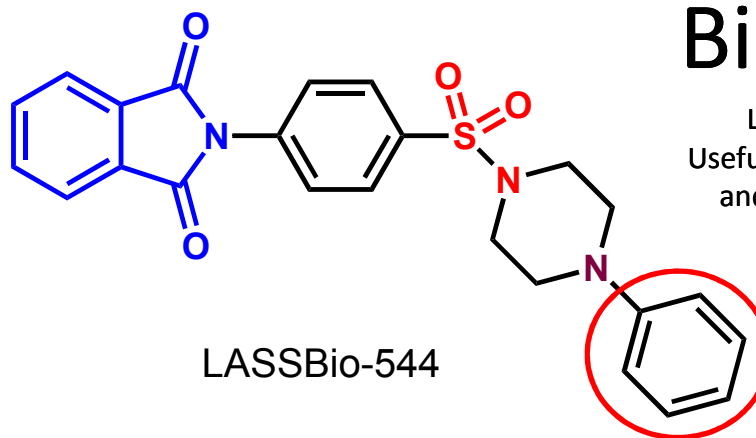
LASSBio-468



LASSBio-469



LASSBio-470



LASSBio-544

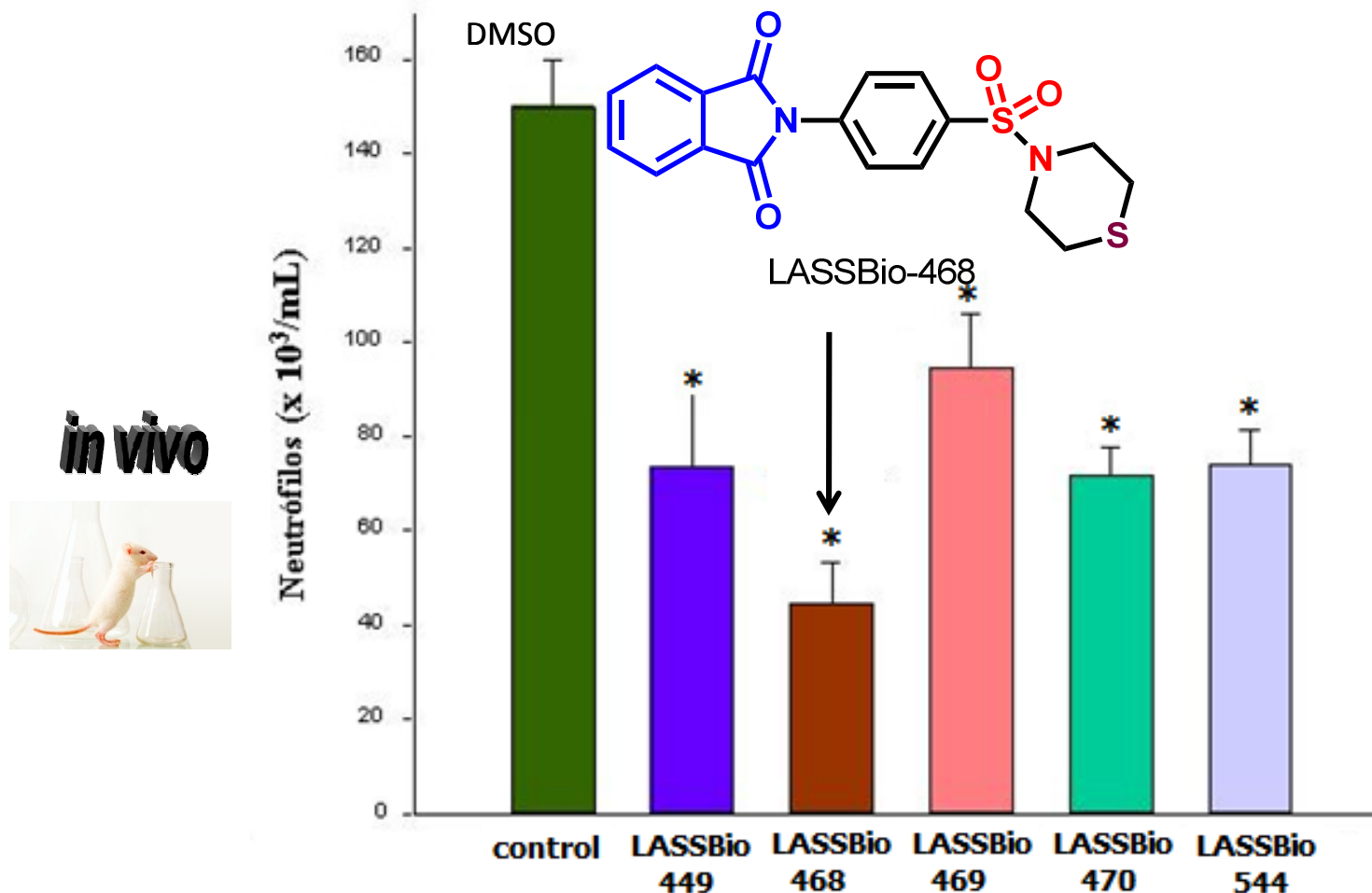
Bioisosterismo

L M Lima, EJ Barreiro, Bioisosterism: A Useful Strategy for Molecular Modification and Drug Design, *Cur. Med. Chem.* **2005**, 12, 23





Effect of new compounds and thalidomide on neutrophils influx, induced by LPS into BALB/c of mice lungs (10 mg/kg, DMSO; i.p.)



Results are expressed as means SEM of seven animals.



Effect of compound LASSBio 468 (50 mg/kg, i.p.) on TNF- α levels and neutrophils influx (BALB/c of mice lungs)

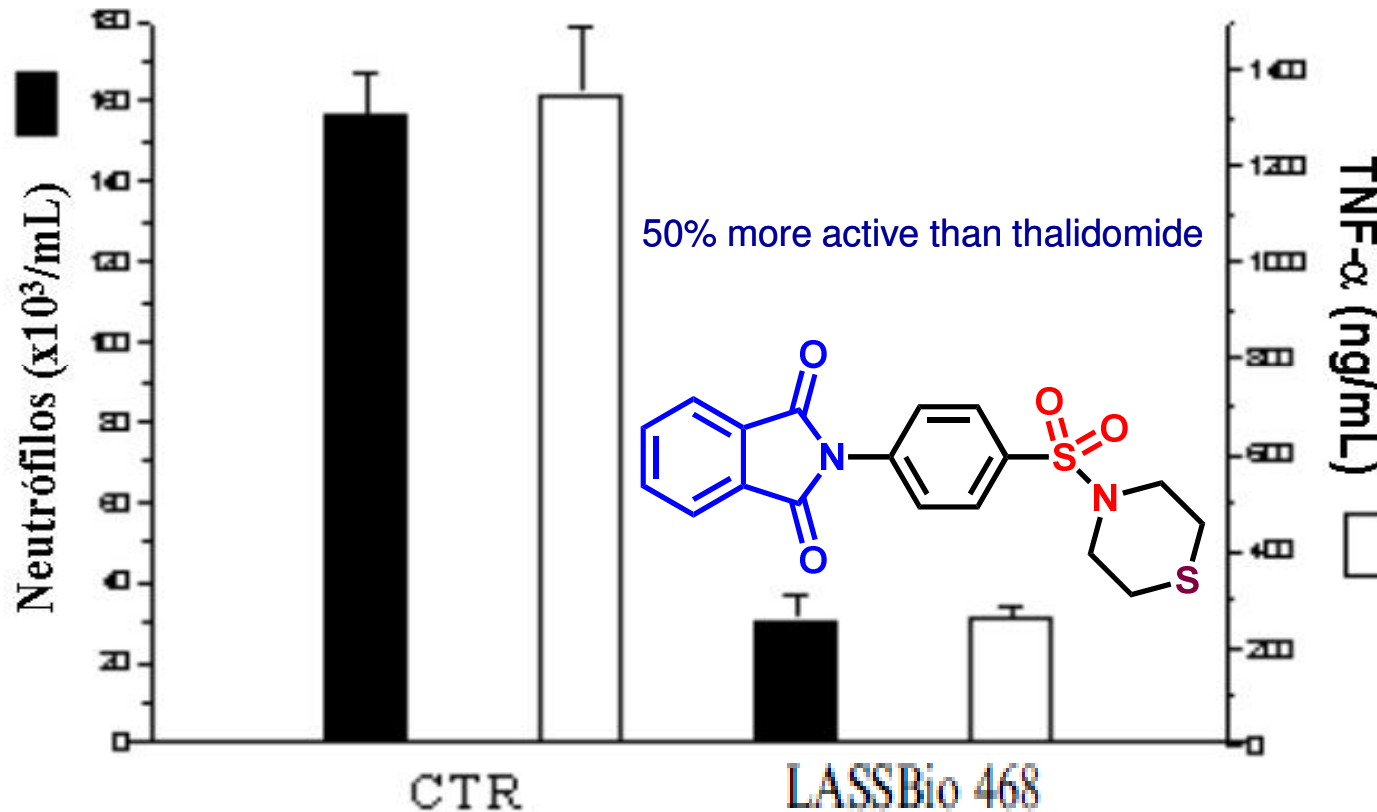
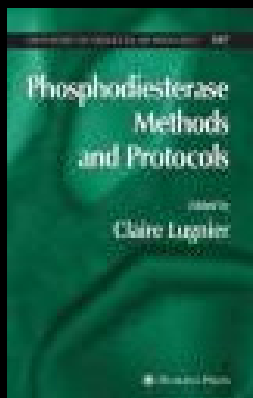


Fig. 1 Effect of LASSBio-468, thalidomide and pentoxifylline on survival BALB/c mice after LPS (500 μ g/mice) administration.



LASSBio 468



TNF- α ED₅₀ 2,5 mg/Kg

lead compound

PDE-4 inhibitor

Dr Claire Lugnier (CAPES-COFECUB; LASSBio-Strasbourg)
Université Louis Pasteur, Strasbourg, FR.
Laboratoire de Pharmacologie et de Physicochimie des Interactions
Cellulaires et Moléculaires.

IC₅₀ = 13,5 μ M
cf. PDE-1, 2, 3, > 150 μ M;

- a) L. M. Lima *et al.*, "Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory Activity of Phthalimide Derivatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues", *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 2002, 10, 3067;
- b) M. S. Alexandre-Moreira *et al.*, "LASSBio-468: a New achiral Thalidomide Analogue which Modulates TNF- α and NO Production and Inhibit Endotoxic Shock and Arthritis in Animal Model", *International Immunopharmacology* 2005, 5, 485.

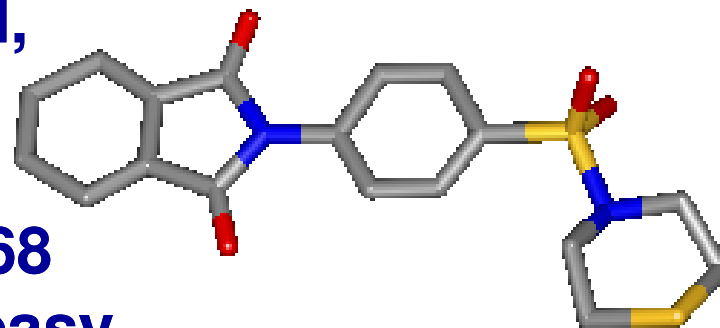


LASSBio-468

lead compound

A new dual anti-inflammatory agent

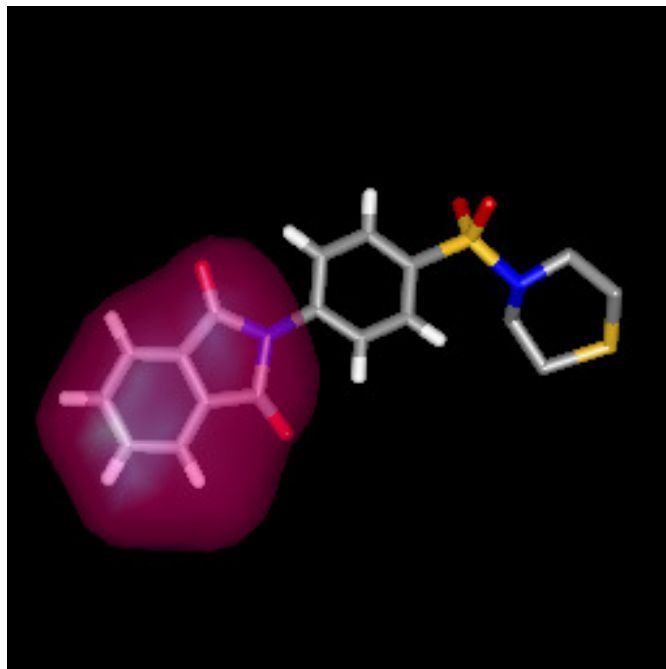
LASSBio-468 is a new dual-target anti-inflammatory lead-compound, active at TNF- α production and with inhibitory activity on PDE-4, as originally planned. LASSBio-468 is structurally simple derivative, easy to synthesized at good overall yield and 0.5 M scale. This new achiral compound presents immunomodulatory activity without anti-proliferative effect, in contrast to THLD. LASSBio-468 is an useful lead-compound to treatment of chronicle inflammatory disorders as rheumatoid arthritis and shock septic syndrome.



L. M. Lima *et al.*, "Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory Activity of Phthalimide Derivatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues", *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2002**, *10*, 3067; A. L. Machado *et al.*, "Design, Synthesis and anti-inflammatory activity of novel phthalimide derivatives, structurally related to thalidomide", *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2005**, *15*, 1169

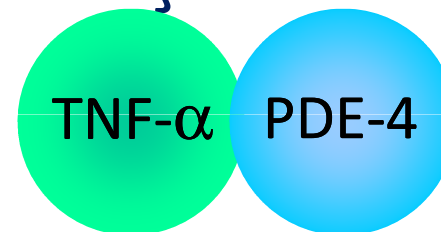


The discovery of new dual lead-compounds



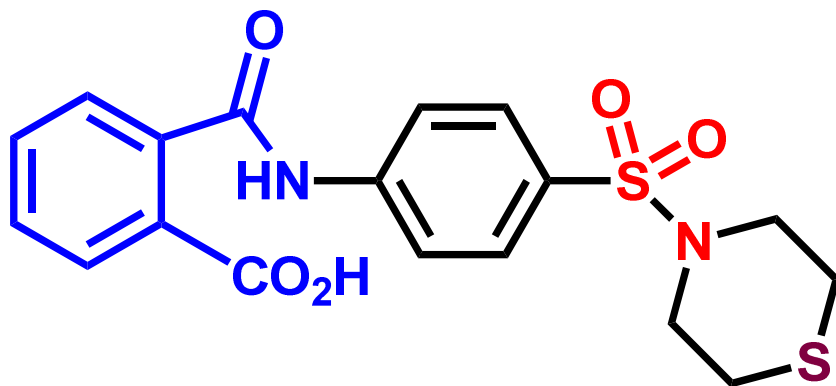
LASSBio-468

Desenhado por
hibridação molecular



TNF- α ED₅₀ 2,5 mg/Kg

PDE-4 IC₅₀ = 13,6 μ M

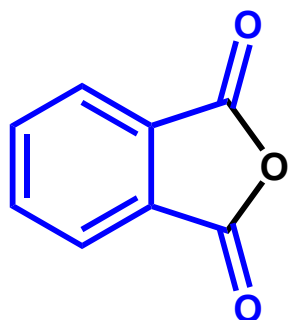


Metabolism
studies

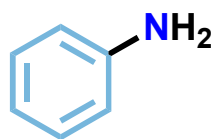


LASSBio-596

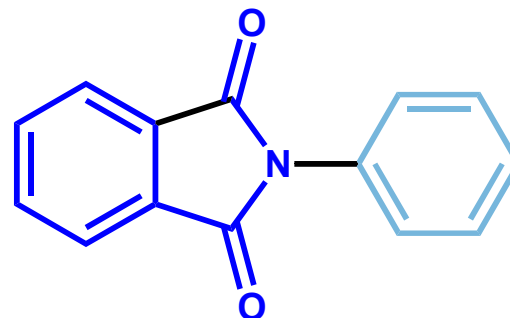
L. M. Lima, P. Castro, A. L. Machado, C. A. M. Fraga, C. Lugnier, V. L. G. Moraes, E. J. Barreiro, *Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory activity of Phthalimide Derivatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues, Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2002**, *10*, 3067.



anidrido ftálico
 $C_8H_4O_3$



120°C
1h
(2M)

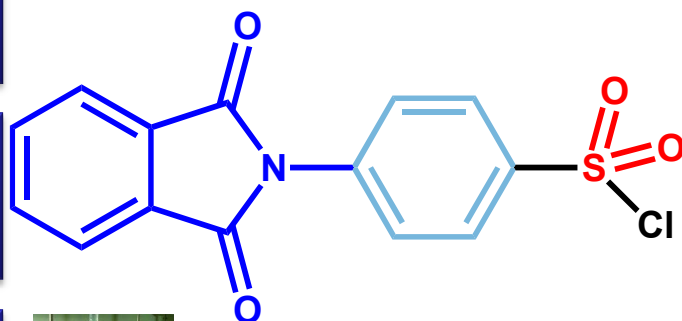


$C_{14}H_9NO_2$

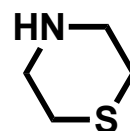
$ClSO_3H$

0°C a t.a. até 60°C

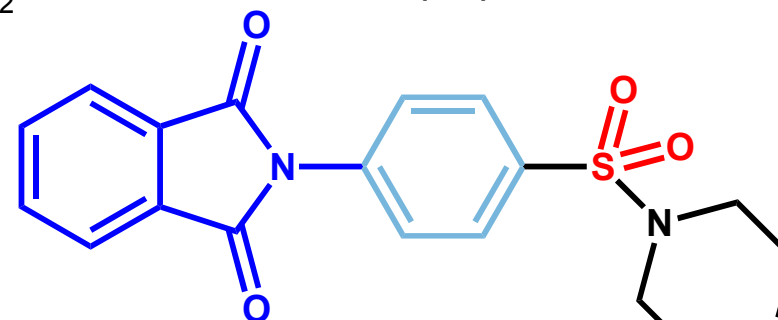
1h
(1M)



$C_{14}H_8ClNO_4S$



NEt_3
 CH_2Cl_2
1h
0,4M



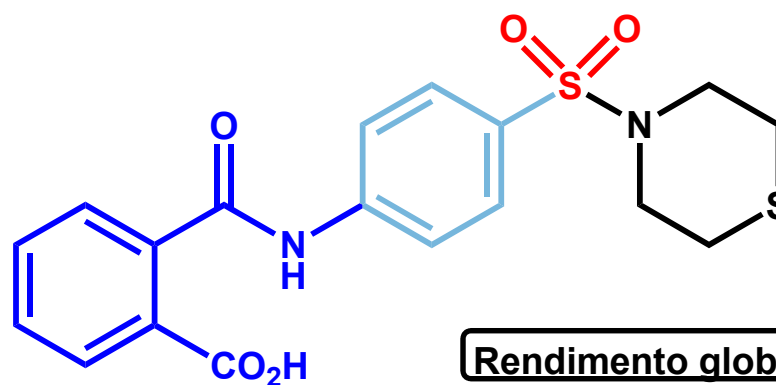
LASSBio-468

$C_{18}H_{16}N_2O_4S_2$



KOH / HOH

CH_3OH
1h
0,35M



LASSBio-596

$C_{18}H_{18}N_2O_5S_2$

Rendimento global: 29%



^{13}C , 1H RMN / IV / UV / EM
HPLC

calorimetria diferencial
de varredura (DSC)

CHN

Difração de Raios-X





LASSBio-596: da descoberta aos ensaios pré-clínicos

Rocco, Patricia R. M.;^a Xisto, Debora G.;^a Silva, J. D.;^a Diniz, Magareth F. F. M.;^b Almeida, Reinaldo N.;^b Luciano, Melissa N.;^b Medeiros, Isac A.;^b Cavalcanti, Bruno C.;^c Ferreira, José R. O.;^c de Moraes, Manoel O.;^c Costa-Lotufo, Leticia V.;^c Pessoa, Claudia do Ó;^c Dalla-Costa, T.;^{d*} Cattani, Vitória B.;^d Barreiro, Eliezer J.;^e Lima, Lidia M.^e

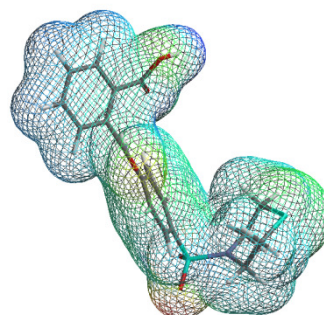
Rev. Virtual Quim., 2010, 2 (1), 10-27. Data de publicação na Web: 30 de agosto de 2010

<http://www.uff.br/rvq>

Resumo

Neste artigo é revisado a trajetória que vai da descoberta de um novo candidato a fármaco antiasmático, o ácido 2-[4-(1,4-tiazinan-4-ilsulfonil)fenilcarbamoil]benzoico (LASSBio-596), à realização dos primeiros ensaios pré-clínicos, com enfoque nos efeitos de LASSBio-596 em modelo murino de asma aguda e crônica, estudos farmacocinéticos e toxicológicos em roedores e determinação do seu potencial genotóxico e mutagênico.

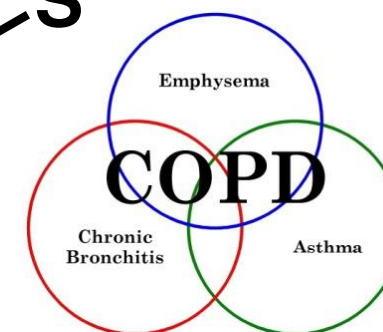
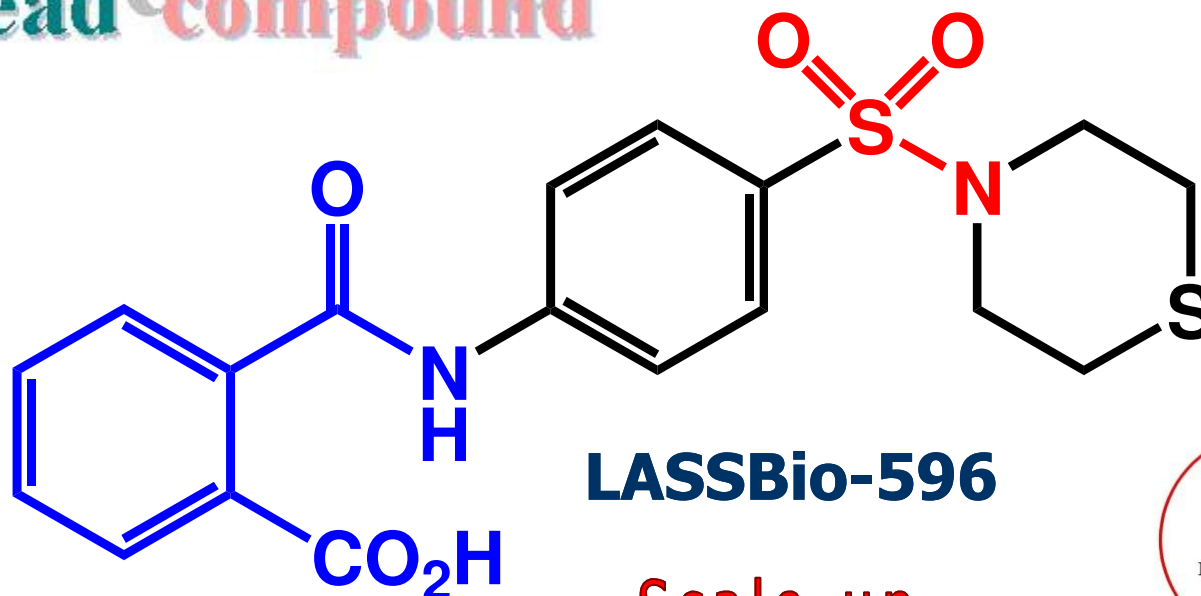
LASSBio-596





a
s
t
h
m
a

lead compound



Scale-up

anti-fibrogenic

Lead Optimization



L. M. Lima *et al.*, Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory Activity of Phthalimide Derivatives, Designed as New Thalidomide Analogues, *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2002**, *10*, 3067; A. L. Machado *et al.*, Design, Synthesis and anti-inflammatory activity of novel phthalimide derivatives, structurally related to thalidomide, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2005**, *15*, 1169; M. S. Alexandre-Moreira *et al.*, LASSBio-468: a New achiral Thalidomide Analogue which Modulates TNF- α and NO Production and Inhibit Endotoxic Shock and Arthritis in Animal Model, *Internat. Immunopharmacol.* **2005**, *5*, 485; L. M. Lima, N. M. de Lima, Contribuição do LASSBio no desenvolvimento de novos candidatos a protótipos de fármacos antiasmáticos, *Rev. Virtual Quim.* **2009**, *1*, 35; R.M.P. Rocco *et al.*, LASSBio-596: da descoberta aos ensaios pré-clínicos, *Rev. Virtual Quim.* **2010**, *2*, 10; G.M.C. Carvalho *et al.*, Can LASSBio-596 and dexamethasone treat acute lung and liver inflammation induced by microcystin-LR?, *Toxicon* **2010**, *56*, 604; N.V. Casquilho *et al.*, LASSBio-596 *per os* avoids pulmonary and hepatic inflammation induced by microcystin-LR, *Toxicon* **2011**, *58*, 195.



- » Apresentação
- » Institutos
- » Notícias
- » Contato

Um dos maiores
programas
de Ciência
e Tecnologia
do Brasil

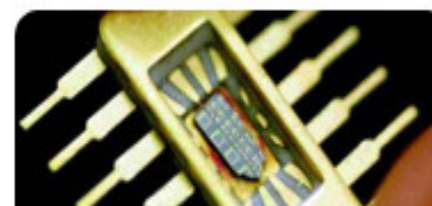


» Notícias

[Pesquisadores do IICT de Astrofísica publicam 100 artigos em oito meses](#)

[UFMG faz pesquisa pioneira para tratamento da dengue](#)

[IICT de Fixação Biológica de Nitrogênio promove simpósio internacional em setembro](#)





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de ciência e tecnologia

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Project CNPq 573.564/2008-6

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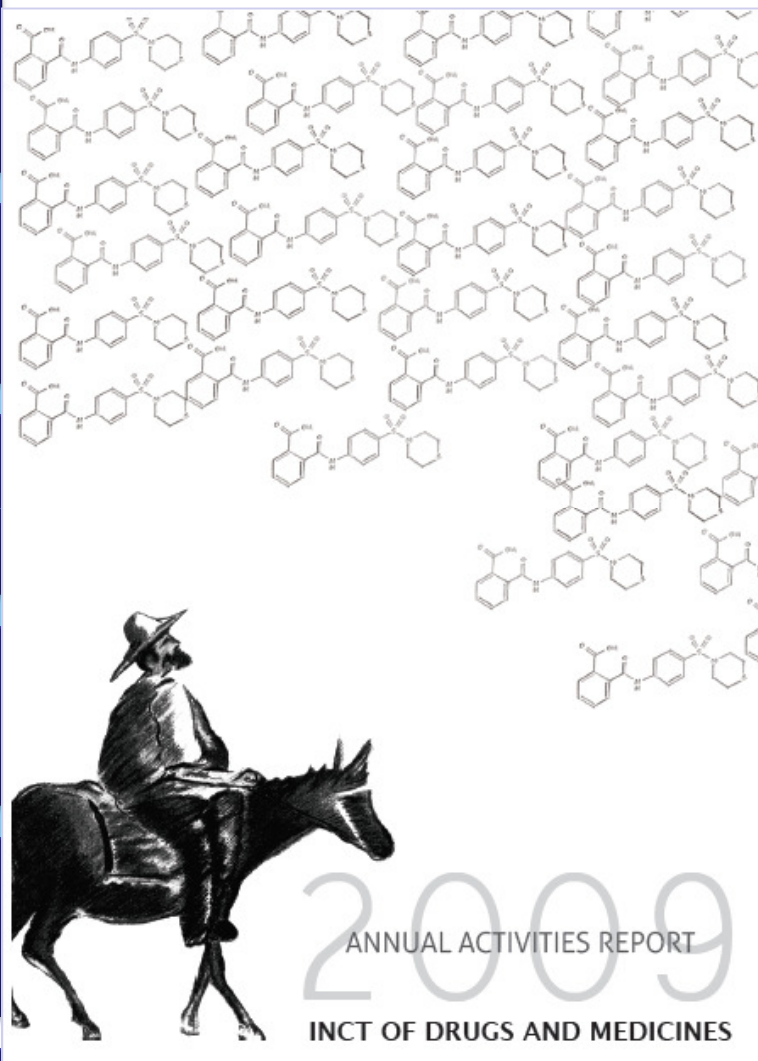
- Organizar as competências científicas nacionais em uma rede efetiva de pesquisa em fármacos;
- Apoiar projetos de pesquisa científica multi-institucionais voltados para novos fármacos;
- Contribuir para a inovação incremental e radical em novos fármacos e genéricos;
- Estudar e desenvolver a síntese total de genéricos, intermediários avançados e matérias-primas;
- Contribuir para a formação científica qualificada de pessoal em química medicinal & farmacologia;
- Promover a divulgação das ciências dos fármacos e dos medicamentos, assim como seu uso racional e seguro;



Annual Activities Report

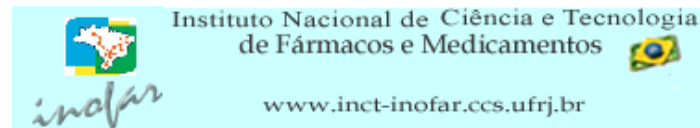
Interdisciplinary & multi-team research projects

- **Radical innovation**
pain, inflammation, asthma, CNS, neglected diseases, cardiovascular system, anticancer
- **Incremental innovation**
SUS (BR healthcare)
new generic drugs



www.inct-inofar.ccs.ufrj.br/download/aar/2009.pdf

www.inct-inofar.ccs.ufrj.br/download/aar/2010.pdf



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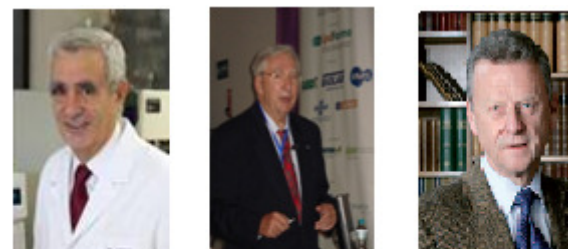
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 Dra Lídia Moreira Lima (UFRJ)

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 13 IES & 3 ICT



Foreign scientific consultants



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 Camille G. Wermuth, Prestwick Co., Ilkirch, FR
 Simon Campbell, ex-Pfizer Major Scientist UK

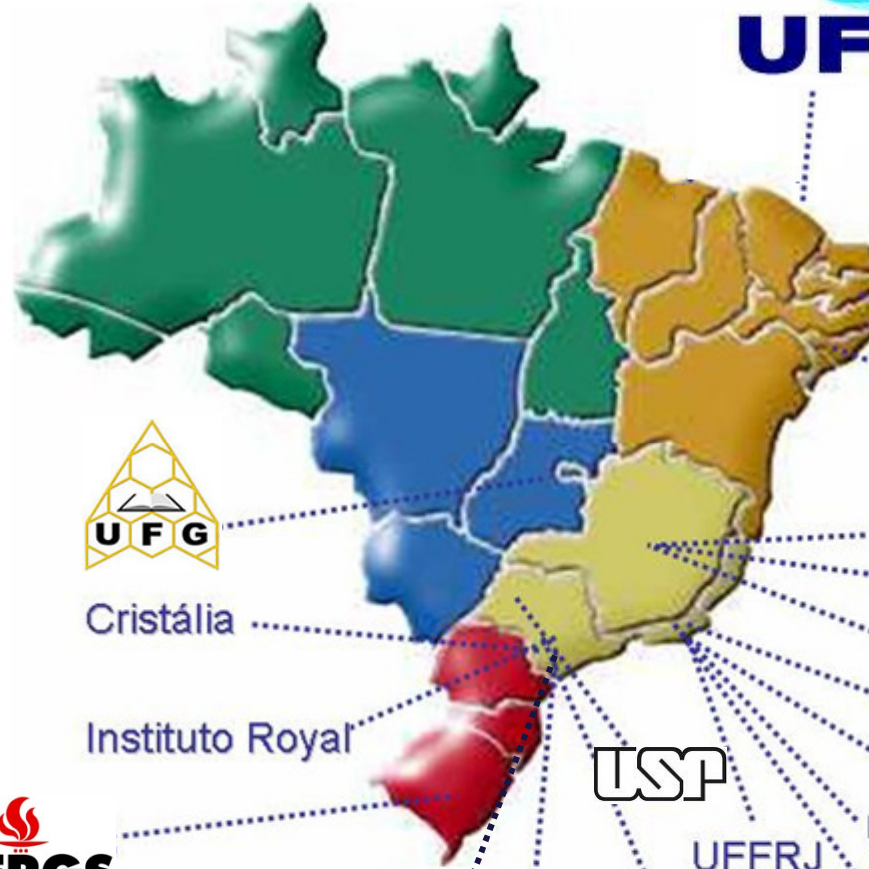
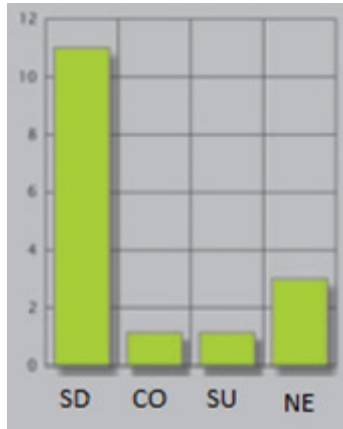




INCT-INO FAR



Research partners



Cristália

Instituto Royal

In Vitro Cells

UFMG

FIOCRUZ



UFMG

USP

UFRJ



UERJ



UFRJ

UFRJ

LNCC

unesp





Atorvastatina

Incremental *Innovation*

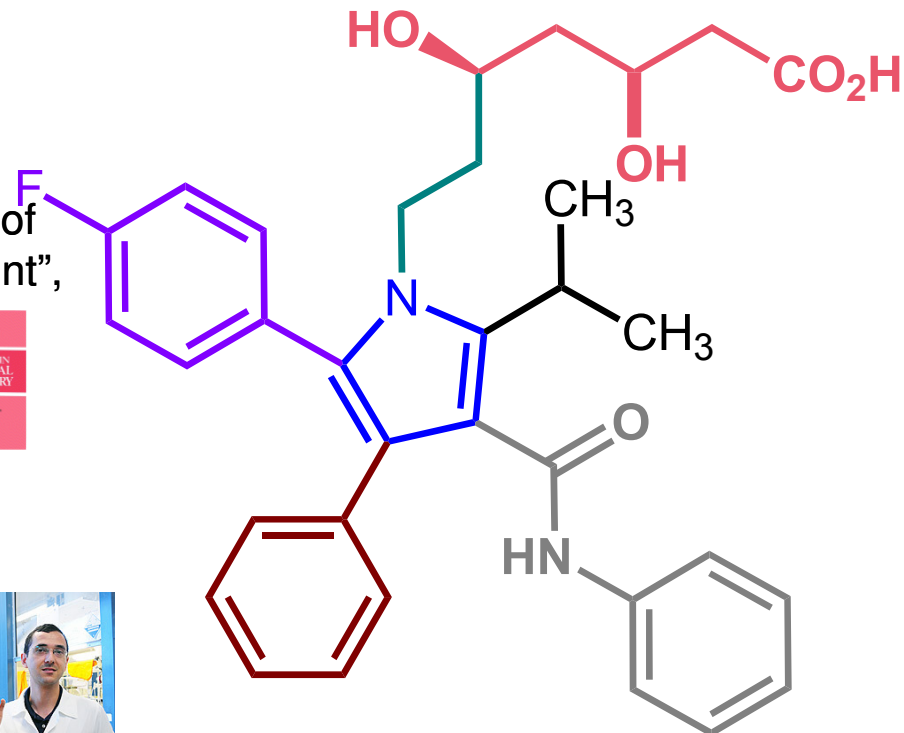


1991

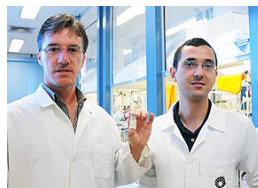
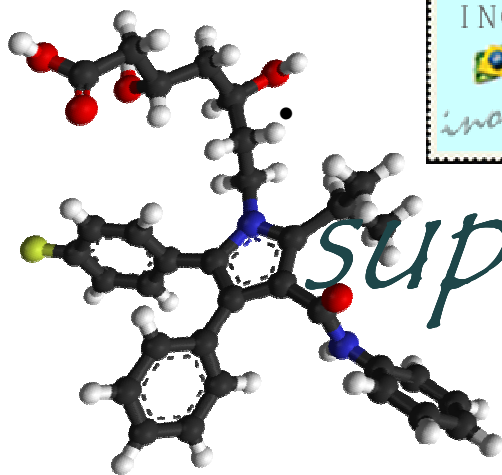
- Sintetizada, em 1985, por Bruce Roth [B. D. Roth, "The discovery and development of atorvastatin, a potent novel hypolipidemic agent", Prog. Med. Chem. **2002**, *40*, 1–22]
- Patente US 5273995 Pfizer (1991):

12 etapas = 4,2%

- Nova síntese Prof. **Luiz Carlos Dias** & Dr **Adriano S Vieira**, IQ-UNICAMP, em **2010**, pelo **INCT-INOVAR**:



11 etapas = 19,3%



O professor Luiz Carlos Dias e o pós-doutorando Adriano Siqueira Vieira: nova rota é mais barata e eficiente

super blockbuster-drug

LC Dias, A S Vieira, EJ Barreiro, Processo de obtenção de atorvastatina cálcica utilizando novos intermediários
 PI 018110015039 (protocolado no INPI, em 25/04/2011)



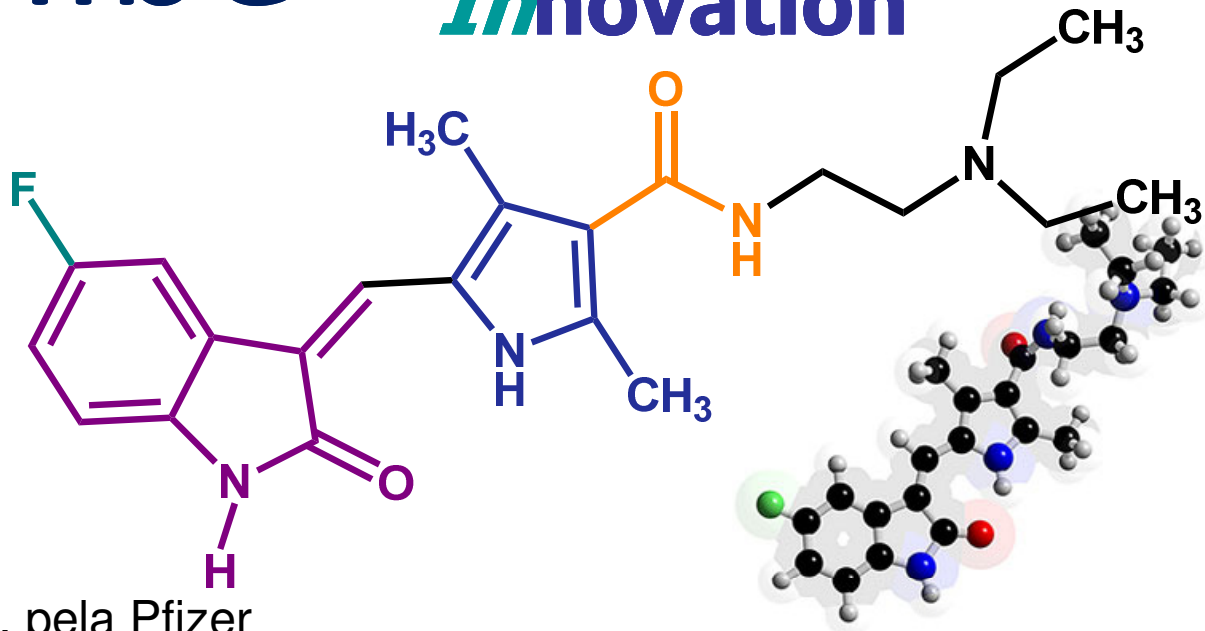
Sunitinibe

Incremental *Innovation*



2006

Sutent^R



• Sintetizado, em 1999, pela Pfizer

• Patente de 2001 (US)

• Inibidor BCR-ABL Tyr-quinase

• Indicado para Ca-estômago/rim

• Nova síntese Prof. **Angelo da Cunha Pinto** & Dr **Bárbara Vasconcellos da Silva**, IQ-UFRJ, em 2011, pelo INCT-INOFAR



50 mg / 28 caps *ca.* R\$ 20.837,90



Vendas de tinibes no mercado

norte-americano:
US\$ 18,5 bi (2009)

Importações
ca. US\$ 3 milhões/ano



O “*Caminho das Índias*” dos nossos fármacos (genéricos!)



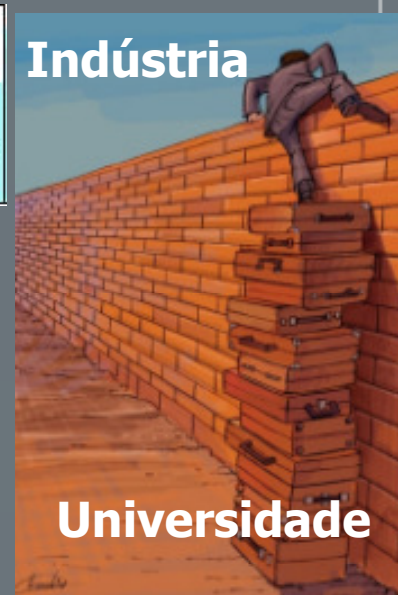
Precisamos resolver, com urgência, a grave dependência de importações de fármacos, invertendo o sentido do *atual Caminho das Índias* !

EJ Barreiro & CAM Fraga, A Questão da inovação em fármacos no Brasil: proposta de criação do Programa Nacional de Fármacos (PRONFAR) *Quim. Nova* 2005, 28, Supl. S56-S63

Biolab Sanus Farmaceutica Ltda
Cristália Produtos Químicos Farmacêuticos Ltda
EMS - Sigma Pharma
Eurofarma Laboratórios Ltda
Genom Farmacêutica Ltda
Laboratórios BIOSINTÉTICA
Laboratório Neo Química Indústria Farmacêutica Ltda
Laboratório Teuto Brasileiro
LIBBS Farmacêutica
Medley S/A Indústria Farmacêutica
Mantecorp
Zambon Laboratórios Farmacêuticos Ltda



Inovação incremental



Drug discovery: new models for industry–academic partnerships

Cathy J. Tralau-Stewart, Colin A. Wyatt, Dominique E. Kleyn and Alex Ayad

Drug Discovery Centre and Business Development, Imperial College London SW7 2AZ, UK

The re-focusing of pharmaceutical industry research away from early discovery activities is stimulating the development of novel models of drug discovery, notably involving academia as a 'front end'. In this article the authors explore the drivers of change, the role of new entrants (universities with specialised core facilities) and novel partnership models. If they are to be sustainable and deliver, these new models must be flexible and properly funded by industry or public funding, rewarding all partners for

MR Barnes *et al.*, Lowering industry firewalls: pre-competitive informatics initiatives in drug discovery, *Nature Rev. Drug Discov.* **2009**, *8*, 701; PG Wyatt, The emerging academic drug-discovery sector. *Future Med. Chem.* **2009**, *1*, 1013; R Kneller, The importance of new companies for drug discovery: origins of a decade of new drugs. *Nature Rev. Drug Discov.* **2010**, *9*, 867; AJ Stevens *et al.*, The role of public-sector research in the discovery of drugs and vaccines. *N. Engl. J. Med.* **2011**, *364*, 535.



A equipe do INCT-INO FAR



V reunião de avaliação e acompanhamento

Rio de Janeiro, 16 & 17 de novembro de 2011



THE ROLE OF THE MEDICINAL CHEMIST IN DRUG DISCOVERY — THEN AND NOW

Joseph G. Lombardino* and John A. Lowe III†



Joseph G. Lombardino



“...medicinal chemists today live in exciting times... their work can have a beneficial effect on millions of suffering patients – surely an important motivating factor for any scientist...”



The Role of the Medicinal Chemist in Drug Discovery – Then and Now,

Nature Rev. Drug Disc. **2004**, 3, 853.



Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro

